

PRESERVATION OF FOOD FISHES

TREATIES PROVIDE FOR STRINGENT LAWS

Boundary Commission to Be Appointed—Will Fix Close Seasons.

Ottawa, May 20.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier presented to the Commons yesterday the two draft treaties agreed upon on April 11th for marking the international boundaries both in the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, and also for the adoption of regulations with a view to the preservation of food fishes in waters contiguous to both countries.

The boundary commission will vary in its personnel in most cases consisting of a geographer or surveyor appointed by each country and in the event of disagreement a provision is made for the appointment of an arbitrator of another power or possibly of three powers.

The treaty with regard to fisheries is an important one, its object being to arrive at uniform and effectual measures for the protection, preservation and propagation of food fishes of the contiguous waters within three months after the adoption of the treaty. Each country is to appoint a commissioner who will hold office for four years. Within six months after being named the commissioners will proceed to determine the times, seasons and methods of fishing. The nets, engines, gear, apparatus and appliances which may be used are to be fixed and determined by uniform international regulation. The commissioners will also have power to fix the length of the close seasons, the limitations and the adoption of a uniform system of registry. A proclamation giving effect to the findings of the commission will be issued concurrently in both countries.

An important provision stipulates that jurisdiction may be exercised by either government over the citizens and subjects of the other who may be apprehended for the violation of these regulations.

RUSSELL VISITED BY DISASTROUS FIRE

Half a Block Wiped Out, While Loss in Manitoban Town Reaches \$150,000.

(Special to the Times).
Russell, Man., May 20.—The worst fire in the history of this place visited the town last night. The west side of Main street, for half a block, was wiped out. The buildings burned are: T. A. Wright's office, G. W. Glover's store, R. R. Rogers' office, Oddfellows' hall, J. W. Fraser's office, A. B. Gallin's office and F. Matheson's store. The loss is approximately one hundred and fifty thousand, not half of which is covered by insurance.

BLIZZARD RECORD. Three Runners Attempt to Lower Running Time From Hamilton to Toronto.

Toronto, Ont., May 20.—Three Toronto runners made an attempt yesterday to lower the record made in a blizzard last January by Claude Pearce, in a run from Hamilton to Toronto, a distance of slightly over 42 miles. Only one runner, Thomas McAulhey, was able to finish and he was exhausted. The record against which he started was 7 hours 29 minutes. McAulhey did the distance in 7 hours 21 minutes, but his performance was not nearly as good as that of Pearce, who ran in zero weather through a blinding blizzard which horses refused to face.

"MYSTERIOUS" JAP STEAMER. Arrival at Gaviota Said to Perplex Immigration Officials.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 20.—Immigration officials here were notified last night of the arrival of a mysterious Japanese steamer at Gaviota, Santa Barbara county. The vessel carries a large crew. When the captain attempted to land his men the authorities at the small seaport prevented it. The immigration authorities at that point telegraphed the officials at Gaviota to detain the vessel until an investigation could be made.

MALREATING MAIL CARRIER.

Berlin, May 20.—The foreign office has received a report from Dr. Rosen, the German minister to Morocco, regarding the alleged maltreatment of a man named Gaviota. The information received here the man was carrying a letter from the German consul, Herr Luederitz.

CASHIER'S SUICIDE.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 20.—Secretary of State Swanger received a telegram last night from W. J. Woods, president of the Bank of Lucerne, advising him that the cashier of the bank, E. E. Moore, had shot and instantly killed himself. A bank examiner will be sent at once to investigate the institution.

DOOMED. Victim of Rabies Put Under Influence of Opium to Ease His Last Hours.

New York, May 20.—To ease the last hours of the victim of rabies, Wm. Marshall, a wealthy inventor and manufacturer of Brooklyn, who was told yesterday at the Pasteur Institute that he had hydrophobia and would live a few days only, the physicians about his bedside put him under the influence of opium early to-day, and he will be kept in that condition until his death. Mr. Marshall was perfectly conscious and apparently did not suffer except when seized with convulsions. The attacks became more frequent last night, each being more violent than the previous one. The physicians feared that he would begin to rave and determined to relieve any suffering that might ensue.

Between the paroxysms Mr. Marshall bade farewell to his family, which had gathered at his home in Brooklyn, and arranged his business affairs.

HODGINS' CHARGES ARE DISCOUNTED BY REVELATIONS OF MAJOR HIMSELF

Over Classification Could Only Have Reached \$70,000 and Not \$4,000,000.

(Special to the Times).
Ottawa, May 20.—The result of the examination of ex-Major Hodgins, before a special committee, has for the first time brought out two significant facts, which go to practically discount the whole effect of his charges. Last night in the course of his examination, the major stated that at the most the whole stretch of 175 miles of the section from Lake Superior junction to the prairies to which his charges pointed, and practically relate, was of very rocky nature, and most of the cuttings had to be classified as rock cuttings.

He admitted that if all the loose rock cuttings were classified as loose rock cuttings, even on this extreme basis of classification the cost of the whole section would be only about \$400 per mile. In other words if the Transcontinental Commission had ever classified the cuttings as charged, the total amount of added cost would not have been over \$70,000. Major Hodgins' original charges stated that some \$4,000,000 was being added to the cost of the road by the alleged extravagant system of classification.

This morning in committee the major declared he had proposed that in cases where there was a dispute with contractors as to classification or cutting, he be empowered to allow pay to the contractors on the force account, that is, he might allow contractors the actual cost of the work plus ten per cent. for profit. This he admitted might work out so that the contractors might realize more than if they were compelled to adhere to the original classification as specified in the contract.

The latter was what the commissioner had ordered him to do.

COTTON STRIKERS WAIT ON GOVERNMENT

Commission May Be Appointed to Inquire Into Conditions of Industry.

Montreal, May 20.—A delegation of about twenty members of the Dominion Textile Workers' Union waited upon Postmaster General Lemieux and Hon. L. P. Brodeur in the former's office in the general post office yesterday.

P. R. Tremblay, legal adviser of the textile workers, and Secretary Pacquette, addressed the ministers, urging that the Dominion government should do something to bring about a settlement of the present strike.

Mr. Pacquette said there were 6,000 operatives out in Valleyfield and Montreal, a thousand workers at Hochelaga having stayed out, leaving about a hundred and sixty in the mill. He had interviewed the manager of the Dominion Textile Company and the manager of the Montreal Cotton Company, but in each case he received the reply that the workers would have to accept the ten per cent. cut, as financial conditions were such that they could not pay the scale that had been in force.

Mr. Lemieux sympathized with the workers, and promised serious consideration to their representatives. There would be a meeting of the cabinet at Ottawa to-day, and if it was found necessary a commission would be appointed to inquire into the cotton industry.

NEW QUEBEC JUDGE.

Ottawa, May 20.—Dominique Monte, a former member of parliament for Naperville, and now prothonotary of Montreal, will succeed the late Judge Paradis on the bench at St. Johns, Que.

ITALIAN MURDERER.

Hamilton, May 20.—The grand jury yesterday returned a true bill for murder against Giuseppe Greco, who is alleged to have fatally stabbed Antoni Rizzo, at Dundas, a couple of months ago.

FRANCE AND TERCENTENARY.

Paris, May 20.—The French government has decided to take part officially in the celebrations to be held in Quebec next July, commemorating the three hundredth anniversary of the founding of the city.

C. P. R. INTEREST IN LADYSMITH

MORE LAND TO BE CLEARED IN VICINITY

Railroad May Buy Electric Light Debentures—Era of Progress.

(Special Correspondence).
Ladysmith, May 19.—There is a report in town, coming from an authoritative source, that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has decided to clear another 150 acres of land around Ladysmith. The company is already engaged in clearing a similar tract of land along the Victoria road.

Some disappointment has been felt in town that the operations have given employment to no local men, or even to any white men. There are quite a number of men who have done little or no work since the logging camp shut down over six months ago. These would have been the very men for the clearing work, but the contractor, whose tender was accepted by the company, is employing only Chinamen.

However, the town will benefit ultimately, and may benefit immediately from the further operations which are to be commenced. The land to be cleared lies immediately back of the city, on a kind of level plateau. The soil, of a dark loamy nature, is extraordinarily rich and should lend itself peculiarly to orchard culture. It is understood that instructions have been issued from headquarters for the clearing, and work may be commenced immediately.

It is also probable that the company will purchase the debentures which the city is issuing for the purpose of putting in an electric light plant. Twenty-five thousand dollars is the sum to be raised and it is felt in town that if the C. P. R. takes hold of the debentures it will be a guarantee of the future stability of the city. The matter, it is understood, has been talked over, and negotiations are now in progress which, it is expected, will result in the company taking up the debentures.

There is no doubt that the C. P. R. company is giving Ladysmith particular attention. It is also noteworthy that the Canadian Bank of Commerce has purchased a lot in the centre of the city on First avenue and contemplates building premises of its own.

If the C. P. R. in addition to clearing 300 acres of land around the city, should take up the debentures, no stronger or more convincing proof could be got of the city's soundness and stability. Indeed there is a general feeling that the town is in for an era of progress such as has never been dreamed of even by the most optimistic.

GOULD STILL WINNING.

Court Tennis Champion in Finals of Olympic Preliminaries.

London, May 20.—Play in the preliminaries to the Olympic court tennis contests was resumed at the Queen's club to-day. Jay Gould, of New York, defeated V. H. Pennell, the former British champion, in the first set by 6 games to 3. Mr. Gould won the second set by the same score, and the third set by 6-2, winning the match. The American player showed better generalship and superiority over his opponent at every stage of the game. Mr. Gould will meet Mr. Page in the semi-finals.

BURNS TO FIGHT SQUIRES.

(Special to the Times).
London, May 20.—Tommy Burns and Bill Squires will fight at Paris on June 15th.

"MANSLAUGHTER" BY BICYCLE.

Quebec, May 20.—Lionel Lemieux was yesterday arrested on a charge of manslaughter. He is accused of running over and killing an old man while riding a bicycle.

FROST IN PRAIRIE PROVINCES.

(Special to the Times).
Winnipeg, May 20.—Frost visited several points in Manitoba and Saskatchewan last night.

TERRIBLE OUTCOME OF FAMILY DIFFERENCE

New York Millionaire Killed by His Son—Suicide of Murderer.

New York, May 20.—A family estrangement which had driven one of the members to insanity, culminated yesterday in the murder of George Sterry, a millionaire drug dealer, by his son, George E. Sterry, Jr., and the suicide of the latter.

The elder Sterry was shot down at the Pine street office of the Weaver & Sterry Company, where he had been closeted for a few moments with the murderer. The son immediately afterwards shot himself, and both men were dead when others of the firm hurried into the room. The determination of the father to remarry led to the tragedy. A letter left by the son made plain that his acts were deliberate and the product of a deranged mind.

The senior Sterry was 72 years old, and in addition to his drug interests was president of the Bloomfield Mills Company, and a director in the Spring Coal Company.

RUSSIAN DUEL OFF.

Influence Brought to Bear on Blood-thirsty Leanings of Douma Members.

St. Petersburg, May 20.—A duel which had been arranged to take place on Thursday morning between M. Guopkoff, the Octobrist leader, and Professor Paul Mulukoff, leader of the Constitutional Democrats, has been called off, thanks to influential members of the Douma. M. Guopkoff's challenge was the aftermath of a quarrel which took place between him and Prof. Mulukoff, the latter branding as false a statement made by the Octobrist leader.

ANOTHER GOLD STRIKE IN NORTHERN B. C.

(Special to the Times).
Vancouver, May 20.—Prospectors in the Inglenia who have just come out to Hazelton say that a new find of gold has been made in a district eighty miles northwest of Inglenia and McConnell creeks which promises better than the first find. Little work has been done on account of the prevalence of the snow and about all so far is the building of cabins. Plans go from four to five cents each, according to the prospecting done.

EXHUMED BODY LEADS TO ARREST

Ex-Resident at Fielding, Sask., is Charged With Wife Murder.

Fielding, Sask., May 20.—Henry Steinberg, a Boston scenic artist who came here with his young wife eighteen months ago, and disappeared suddenly last year, when Mrs. Steinberg died under mysterious circumstances, is under arrest at Cincinnati, Ohio, charged with murder. His arrest followed the report made to the coroner's jury by the Regina chemists who examined the stomach removed from the body, which was exhumed three weeks ago.

The mounted police began to look for Steinberg as soon as the rumors of foul play crystallized to such an extent that it was thought advisable to open the grave and hold an inquest. After enquiries had been made in Boston, whence the couple came, and other American cities, the fugitive was located in Cincinnati, where he had married a girl he knew in Boston previous to his first marriage. The police of the Ohio city were urged to keep him under watch until the organs of the dead woman could be submitted to a chemical analysis.

The coroner's jury received this report last week. It showed traces of arsenic and the authorities decided to act. The mounted police got busy and a wire announced that Steinberg was under arrest in Cincinnati.

The motive for the crime is thought to be some \$500 possessed by the wife and the desire to be free to marry the woman he is now said to be living with.

The Steinbergs came here two years ago, and he took up a homestead in the Green Bluff district. The accused seemed to be a man of education and a printer.

The police are said to have woven a strong chain of circumstantial evidence around the fugitive.

FRIENDS OF PEACE IN UNITED STATES

Tour of Battleship Fleet Has Awakened Spirit of Militarism.

Lake Mohonk, N. Y., May 20.—The friends of peace and arbitration were called upon at the opening of the Lake Mohonk conference on international arbitration to-day to oppose the clamor to place the United States on a war footing commensurate with the martial nations of Europe. John W. Foster, former secretary of state, and the presiding officer of the conference, declared in his opening address that the dispatch of the battleship fleet to the Pacific and the "senseless rumors of a coming war with Japan" have caused this awakened spirit of militarism. It should be the task of the friends of peace through the world, he asserted, when the next peace conference assembled at The Hague an obligatory arbitration will be adopted and a permanent arbitration tribunal established.

POLICE DRUNK ON DUTY.

(Special to the Times).
St. Catherine's, Ont., May 20.—During the past few months five members of the police force here have been suspended and dismissed for being drunk while on duty.

FLOOD IN OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 20.—Traffic at Hawkesbury and Rockland has been stopped by the flood, and the Hawkesbury lumber and paper mills have had to shut down. At Rockland the railway yards and sidings are under water.

DYNAMITE CAPS ALONG CAR LINE

Violent Conditions IN CLEVELAND STRIKE

Indications That Settlement is at Hand—18 Persons Injured Last Night.

Cleveland, O., May 20.—The continuation of the unsettled conditions on the local street railway strike for at least twenty-four hours is the result of an all-night meeting of the members of the state board of arbitration and the officials of the Municipal Street Railway Company, together with the leaders of the union. The conference adjourned shortly after 3 o'clock this morning without an hour for reassembling.

No announcement was made on behalf of either side of the controversy. After a night marked by the most violent conditions since the strike was inaugurated five days ago, the police and county officers began preparing to protect the non-union men on the cars and the public that had the courage to ride. What was reported as the final conference for peace began in the company's offices at 1 o'clock after the state board and labor officials had spent two hours going over the matters that developed at an earlier meeting.

It was hoped that an agreement might be reached. The points of difference, however, were too great. The discussion was extraordinarily animated, the crux of the strikers' point of view being the question of seniority of position in the event that the strikers should return to work.

Because of the riotous actions of last night wherein eighteen persons were injured, some perhaps fatally, the cars early this morning were but ill-patronized. Buses and other vehicles continued to ply on the various lines and were liberally used. Daylight brought with it, however, courage and as the police force was strengthened the people began to use the cars. The majority of the violence, so far in the strike, has been done during the night hours and consequently it is believed by the authorities that unless something is done to-day to reach a settlement of the dispute, to-night may witness a repetition of the dynamiting outrages.

A patrolman found fully a hundred big dynamite caps scattered along the car tracks between Bridge avenue and West Twenty-fourth street at 2 o'clock this morning. The caps were placed so closely together that they would have completely wrecked the first car that struck them. Fifteen minutes later he found a bottle of nitro-glycerine lying in the gutter at Bridge avenue and Forty-third street. Leaders of the street railway men's strike opened their campaign of publicity last night when they threw their meeting rooms open to the public. These meetings are to be held for several nights in all parts of the city and the public is to be told the strikers' side of the controversy.

Strike May End.

Cleveland, O., May 20.—(Later).—Prominent leaders in the street-railway war predict that the strike will come to an end before the close of the day. Mr. Bishop, of the State Board of Arbitration, met with Vice-President Heber, of the International union, and other members of the strikers executive committee to confer on the new proposition drawn up by Harry Thomas, president of the Cleveland Labor Council, and President Dupont, of the Municipal Traction Company. This meeting began at 10 o'clock this morning. Since daybreak no additional acts of violence have occurred, sympathizers remaining quiet.

NO WAGE FOR AGENT GENERAL.

(Special to the Times).
Fredericton, N. B., May 20.—In the New Brunswick legislature it was decided to cut off the allowance of \$2,000 a year made by the former government to C. A. Duff Miller as the New Brunswick agent-general in London.

BLACK HAND OUTRAGE IN N. Y. TENEMENT

Lives of One Hundred Persons Endangered by Bomb Explosion.

New York, May 20.—A wealthy Italian physician's refusal to comply with the demands of Black Hand criminals resulted in grave danger to the lives of a hundred persons to-day, when a bomb was exploded in the tenement at 815 East Fifteenth street. As it was four were injured and the other occupants of the house rushed into the street in panic while doors and beams which had been twisted out by the explosion tumbled around them. The lower part of the house was completely wrecked.

None of the victims were dangerously hurt with the exception of Tony Lamharro, who was crushed by falling timber and internally injured. The explosion occurred when most of the occupants of the house were at breakfast. Dr. Attilio Caccini, who had an office on the ground floor of the tenement told the police that he had received a number of threatening letters of the Black Hand type.

POLICE FIRE ON STRIKERS.

Riot at Windsor Prevented by Prompt Action.

(Special to the Times). Windsor, May 20.—The police had to fire on two hundred Italian strikers to prevent their fighting with others who took their places. Men had been at work in the tunnel and received \$3 for ten hours' work. Several shots were fired, but no one was hurt.

SHUSWAP BILL THROWN OUT.

(Special to the Times).
Ottawa, May 20.—In the senate railway committee this morning the Shuswap and Thompson River Lumber Company's bill was thrown out on the ground that it infringed upon provincial rights. A letter was read from the attorney-general of British Columbia, protesting against the bill.

THUNDERBOLT IN COTTON EXCHANGE

MEMBERS SUBPOENAED BEFORE FEDERAL JURY

Leaks in Government Crop Reporting System Believed to Be Cause.

New York, May 20.—Cotton trading interests here were given a severe shock yesterday when it became known that 48 members of the New York cotton exchange had been subpoenaed to appear before the federal grand jury. Among these are the members of the board of managers of 1905 and members of the trade revision commissions of the past few years.

While no official statement as to the purpose or scope of the investigation could be secured, it is stated on authority that it has to do in an immediate sense with the case of Edwin S. Holmes, who was dismissed in 1905 from the associate chairmanship of the bureau of statistics in the department of agriculture, after "leaks" in the crop reporting system of the government had been investigated by secret service agents of the government.

PROVINCIAL CONSERVATIVES.

(Special to the Times).
Vancouver, May 20.—There is a gathering of the provincial Conservative executive here this afternoon. E. S. Barnard, of Victoria, and Mayor Planeta, of Nanaimo, are amongst the visitors.

CHEATED GOVERNMENT.

(Special to the Times).
Chatham, May 20.—James S. Waugh, a former immigration agent of West Kent, pleaded guilty to cheating the government of \$250. The other charges were not pressed. Sentence was deferred.

TREATY BETWEEN U. S. A. AND GERMANY

Hitch is Said to Have Occurred in Arbitration Projects.

Berlin, Germany, May 20.—While the government officials positively deny the report emanating from Washington that the negotiations looking to the adoption of an arbitration treaty with the United States have been broken off, the incident serves to bring out again the somewhat pessimistic view of influential elements in Germany with reference to such arbitration projects under present conditions.

At the foreign office it is said that negotiations are still in progress and hope is entertained that they will lead to mutually satisfactory results. The fact that they have not proceeded rapidly is ascribed rather to the difficulty of adjusting certain details than to a lack of accord regarding essential points.

Expressions of a sincere desire that any agreement calculated to improve the relations with the United States should be brought to a successful issue can be heard on all sides. These friendly utterances, however, are coupled with expressions plainly intimating that many leaders both in and out of official life are inclined to be skeptical regarding the value of such agreements except within certain well-defined limits. These practically admit that Germany's attitude in the present case is dictated more by a desire to retain the good will of the United States than by faith in the utility of arbitration.

VICTORY FOR "BOOKIES."

(Special to the Times).
Toronto, May 19.—The Court of Appeals has quashed the conviction of book makers at Fort Erie.

SEARCH FOR MISSING MAN.

Smith's Falls, Ont., May 20.—William Corbet, one of the best known men in town, is missing since Saturday. Searching parties are scouring the town and suburbs.

DEATH OF EX-MAYOR.

St. Johns, Que., May 20.—Charles R. Cousineau, ex-mayor, leading citizen and business man, died yesterday, aged 59 years.

JUMP TO DEATH IN HOTEL FIRE

TWO GUESTS KILLED, OTHERS MISSING.

Several Seriously Injured at Tilsenburg, Ont.—Flames Spread Rapidly.

Tilsenburg, Ont., May 20.—At 5:15 this morning the Queen's hotel was discovered to be on fire and before the guests and employees of the hotel were thoroughly awakened the premises were filled with smoke and escape by the stairway cut off by the flames.

So rapidly did the fire spread that before assistance could be rendered Mrs. John Mero and Miss Mero, his wife and the daughter of the proprietor of the hotel, Miss Dunbar of Buffalo; Miss Grey and several other ladies, together with several travelers, had jumped from the second and third story windows to the pavement below. Miss Grey and a traveler named Clarence Bernard, of Toronto, were instantly killed by the fall, and several others, including Mrs. and Miss Mero and Miss Dunbar were seriously injured.

Firemen were soon on the spot and had streams pouring on the buildings. Several persons were rescued by ladders, but as yet all the guests are not accounted for and it is feared some perished in the building.

GOULD-DE SAGAN ROMANCE.

Mrs. George Arrives in Paris to Hasten Marriage Ceremony.

Paris, May 20.—Mrs. Geo. J. Gould and her children arrived here yesterday from New York. Her presence in Paris is expected to expedite a decision in the question as to whether or not any remaining opposition of the present executors to the marriage of Madame Anna Gould to Prince Helle de Sagan will be withdrawn.

RUSSIA TO DOUBLE TRACK SIBERIA ROAD

Loan of \$400,000,000 to Be Devoted to Many Necessary Reforms.

St. Petersburg, May 20.—During a speech on a bill providing for the construction of the Amur railroad yesterday, Finance Minister Kokovsov made the first announcement of a foreign and domestic loan to raise \$400,000,000, the sum required for the construction of the Siberian railroad and certain reforms in the army which are necessary for the defence of Russian interests in the Orient.

The loans will be floated partly at home and partly abroad.

IRISH UNIVERSITY BILL. Rome Is Unlikely to Use Influence Against New Measure.

Dublin, Ireland, May 20.—Representations have been made in Rome against the Irish universities bill, which was adopted the second time in the House of Commons the other night and approved by a large majority. It is true that this majority created general satisfaction in Ireland, but should Rome intervene the difficulty in the way of the bill would be considerable.

However, the best judges do not expect such intervention. The Catholics in their desire to secure a university to which they can send their sons have agreed to many compromises. The new Catholic university, while it will be governed mainly by Catholics, will not have the present Catholic Bishop nor is there any provision for religious training. Even the old Queen's university, condemned by the bishops as godless, had religious teaching in its colleges.

These facts explain the representation made in Rome, but it is thought likely that the propaganda will elect to leave the decision to the Irish bishops, the most influential of whom already have accepted the principle of the bill. Nevertheless, as the measure stands on paper, Rome cannot give it formal approval, but can only tolerate it as the best obtainable.

KING EDWARD TO MEET CZAR.

His Majesty Will Spend Week in Society of Russia's Ruler.

London, May 20.—King Edward will shortly spend a week with the Emperor and Empress of Russia. It is expected they will embark at Portsmouth on May 24th at the conclusion of President Fallero's visit to London. This will be the first time that the King has met the Emperor since his accession. The last meeting was on the occasion of the funeral of Emperor Alexander in 1894, when the King was Prince of Wales.

SUFFRAGETTES AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, May 20.—The women of Ottawa are preparing for a modern campaign for suffrage. A meeting will be held on Thursday at which the Rev. A. A. Cameron, Baptist minister, will advocate their claims. The Local Council of Women are trying to inaugurate a campaign, but are not yet unanimous.

WHEAT 22 INCHES HIGH.

Lethbridge, Alta., May 20.—Rain has been falling for the past few days. The crops are looking splendid, the experimental farm wheat standing 22 inches high and rye 20 inches. They were not special samples, and there are many acres of good all around the city.

We have all sizes of Arch Instep Probs. If you suffer from broken down insteps we can fit you. They give perfect satisfaction.

Campbell's Prescription Store
AGENTS FOR B. C.
We are prompt. We are careful. And our prices are reasonable.

SUMMER IS COMING

Don't perspire and grumble, as you did last year with that out of date coal or wood range, but make work lighter and recreation more frequent.

Cook By Gas!

It is more efficient than coal or wood, requires less fuel and less attention—no dirt or muss with gas. Call and see our unmatched values in Gas Stoves and Ranges.



VICTORIA GAS CO., LTD.
COR. FORT AND LANGLEY STS.

3 PACKETS RAISINS FOR 25c
TOMATO KETCHUP, per bottle 25c
ENGLISH MIXED PICKLES, per bottle 25c

Windsor Grocery Company,
Opposite Post Office Government Street
FRESH STRAWBERRIES AND CREAM DAILY

We Make Our Own Prices
AND MAKE A REASONABLE PROFIT ON EVERYTHING
The ONLY Grocery Store in the city that does so.

B. C. GRAN. SUGAR 20 lb. Sack, \$1.20 Combine price \$1.30	SODA BISCUITS Christie's, per Tin, 30c Combine price 35c
SHELLED ALMONDS Per lb., 40c Combine price 50c	SHELLED WALNUTS Per lb., 40c Combine price 50c
CLEANED CURRANTS Per lb., 10c Combine price 12 1/2c	SUNLIGHT SOAP 5c per Bar, or 22 Bars \$1.00 Combine price 6 1/2c
B. & K. ROLLED OATS 40c per Bag Combine price 45c	CHOICE CHEESE Per lb., 20c Combine price 25c

EVERYTHING NICE AND FRESH
COPAS & YOUNG
INDEPENDENT GROCERS
Fort Street Prompt Delivery. Phone 94

From England

The Home of the
TENNIS SHOE
FULL LINE OF LADIES' AND GENTS'
WHITE BUCKSKIN
TAN CALFSKIN
BROWN AND BLACK VICI
AND
BROWN AND WHITE CANVAS

The Baker Shoe Co., Ltd.
1109 GOVERNMENT STREET

For Two Days We Will Sell
"SWIFT'S PRIDE" SOAP, 8 cakes for 25c
And SARDINES, Tiger, per tin 10c
We close our store as usual on Thursdays at 12:30.

The Victoria Rochdale Co.-Op. Assn. Ltd.
Tel. 68. 734 YATES. ANGUS GALBRAITH, Mgr.

ADVERTISING IN THE EVENING TIMES BRINGS RESULTS.

COWA AVENUE..

Lot 62 x 102
on Corner
Splendid Building Site
and
On very easy terms
\$250

PEMBERTON & SON
625 Fort Street

**FLEET IS EXPECTED
IN STRAITS TO-MORROW**

Wireless Message From Flag-
ship Says Tatoosh Will Be
Passed at 8 o'clock.

The United States fleet, now on its way to Port Townsend from San Francisco, was caught by wireless to the south of the Columbia river this morning and the flagship Connecticut's operator stated that the war vessels would, in all probability, pass Tatoosh about 8 a. m. to-morrow. At the time the messages were exchanged the fleet was steaming along at a rate of ten knots. Last night wireless messages were sent to the various naval and other stations on Puget Sound from the Connecticut to the effect that the fleet would pass the Columbia off which a host of excursion steamers will be awaiting it without stopping. At midnight it was in latitude 46.35 north, longitude 124.35 west. No definite information has been received in the city concerning the forthcoming visit of Rear Admiral Dayton's armored cruiser squadron in June.

**GOOD ORE FIELD
IN BABINE DISTRICT**
Company Formed to Exploit
Dibble Group in Northern
B. C.

The rich, strike, showing galena, lead and silver ore, recently made in the Babine district in northern B. C., is to be exploited within a short time. This strike which was made in what is known as the Dibble group, is situated between the Bulkley valley and the Babine lake. A company has been organized, to be known as the Northern Exploration Company, whose prime movers come from Portland, while a number of local capitalists are also interested. Edgar Boling, a British Columbian, who is largely interested in the new company, is in the city to-day and states that in the new field the ore is showing in no less than nine places in the five claims which the new company will exploit. Mr. Boling will leave for the north on his way to the Babine district on the Princess May on her next sailing.

SOUND EXCURSIONS.
Arrangements for the Princess Victoria
During Week End.

Commencing Friday, May 22nd, the flyer Princess Victoria will make two trips each way between Victoria and Seattle daily, sailing from Victoria at 5.30 p. m. Friday, arriving at Seattle 8.30 p. m. Returning, she will sail at 8 a. m., arriving Victoria at 12.30. She will sail from Victoria on her second trip Saturday at 1 p. m., arriving in Seattle 5.15 p. m., returning, sail from Seattle 6 p. m., arriving at Victoria 10.15 p. m. This schedule will be maintained until Tuesday, May 26th. The fare of \$1 for the round trip will be in effect. Passengers leaving Victoria on the 1.30 a. m. boat can purchase berths at the ticket office, Fort and Government streets, during the day, and after 6 p. m. from the office on the wharf.

DEAD BEYOND DOUBT.
Author of Many Crimes Burned in Her Own Charnel House.

Laporte, Ind., May 20.—The upper and lower plates of artificial teeth from the mouth of Mrs. Guinness were found yesterday in the ashes of the Guinness home. "This proves beyond the shadow of a doubt," said Sheriff Smutze, "that Mrs. Guinness was burned to death in the fire." Dr. I. P. Norton, who made the lower plate, positively identifies it.

RESCUED THE WRONG WOMAN.
Major Boys, R. E., stated at the inquest at Durban on his wife, who was drowned in the wreck of the Newark Castle on March 12th, that he had rescued another lady in a boat, from which they were trying to land in the surf, in mistake for his wife.

Old Wellington Coal
HEISTERMAN & CO.
1207 Government St.
Phone 88.

TRIAL OPENED THIS MORNING

**CARTER-GARESCHÉ
CASE UNDER WAY**

Miss McIntosh Tells Story on
the Stand in County
Court.

The trial of Dr. Arthur J. Garesché, dentist, and of Dr. Richard H. Carter, physician, jointly charged with performing a criminal operation on Katie Glen McIntosh commenced in the County court this morning before Judge Lampman. The entire time from the opening of the court at 10:40 up to the adjournment for lunch at 12:35 o'clock was occupied with the taking of the evidence of Miss McIntosh, which will be continued this afternoon. Miss McIntosh's evidence was substantially the same as at the police court inquiry, although a number of details were added to-day.

The prosecution is being conducted by W. J. Taylor, K. C., acting for the Attorney-General's department, while Frank Higgins appeared for both Drs. Garesché and Carter.

Judge Lampman took his seat at 10:40 and immediately the charge was read by Harvey Combe, registrar of the court. Frank Higgins, who appeared for both of the accused, pleaded not guilty.

Mr. Taylor asked that in the interests of justice the public should be excluded in order that the evidence might properly be brought out as well as to a certain extent in the interests of public morals.

Mr. Taylor said he particularly desired that the public be excluded during the taking of the testimony of Miss McIntosh, as she was a young girl and it would be impossible to get the exact facts out as well if there were a crowd present as if the court were cleared.

Judge Lampman agreed to this. Mr. Higgins does not include professional men such as doctors, etc. Judge Lampman—I do not see that doctors or professional men have any standing in the court. Mr. Higgins—How about reporters? Judge Lampman—They will remain, of course.

Mr. Taylor then outlined the case. He said he did not need to go into details. The facts briefly were that Miss McIntosh had been employed in Dr. Garesché's office and an intimacy had sprung up between them. Following this Dr. Garesché had advised her to consult a doctor about her condition as a result of this intimacy. He had recommended a certain doctor, but she had refused to see him, but subsequently had consulted Dr. Carter, who after an examination, had later performed an operation on her. Following this had followed the girl's illness when Dr. Frank Hall was called in. Dr. Hall had refused to treat the girl until she told him the name of the man responsible for her condition. The girl had made a statement to him and to her mother. Following this a solicitor had secured for Mrs. McIntosh a settlement from Dr. Garesché for the seduction of her daughter. While these negotiations were in progress some one had talked and the matter had become public property with the result that it had reached the ears of the police and this prosecution followed.

The first witness called was Miss Katie Glen McIntosh, on whom it is alleged, the operation was performed. Before she entered the room the court was cleared. Miss McIntosh was quite composed as she entered the witness box and her evidence throughout was given with less hesitancy than in the police court.

Mr. Taylor's first question, however, even though it was only as to her full name, brought a flood of tears which lasted some time.

During it Mr. Taylor asked Dr. Carter to move to the other side of the room so that he would not be facing the witness at the time. This Dr. Carter agreed to, but Mr. Higgins insisted on Dr. Carter remaining beside him.

Miss McIntosh finally became composed enough to tell her story, which was practically identical with that given by her in the police court. She told of her intimacy with Dr. Garesché and of his having counselled her to see a doctor to undergo an examination, and, if necessary, an operation. When she had refused to see a local doctor she had been advised by Dr. Garesché to go to Vancouver. Dr. Garesché had promised to pay all expenses. She had seen Dr. Carter in Dr. Garesché's office, where he was having some work done. In response to a note, written by her, Dr. Carter had met her at the New England restaurant, when she had confided in him. Dr. Carter had accepted her as a patient. Certain proposals had been made to her by Dr. Carter, and she had on the occasion of her second visit to him consented as necessary to secure his assistance. She had not mentioned Dr. Carter's name to Dr. Garesché, as she had promised Dr. Carter not to do so to any one, but had told Dr. Garesché of her intention to have the operation performed, and he had approved. On one occasion she had got \$2 from Dr. Garesché for supplies, and on another occasion he had given her \$5 for necessary supplies. Dr. Carter had suggested using Dr. Garesché's office, saying he could fix the matter all right with Dr. Garesché. Witness then described all the conferences with Dr. Carter and the events which form the basis of the charge. Dr. Carter had suggested the names of two medical men who might be consulted, if necessary, and had stated his bill would be \$50. Witness was afraid Dr. Garesché would not pay this amount, and Dr. Carter had given her a receipt for that sum, which he signed "Smith, M. D."

She had acquainted Dr. Garesché with what had taken place. The remainder of the evidence was practically the same as that given in the police court.

At this stage Mr. Taylor asked an adjournment until 2 o'clock, when Miss McIntosh would complete her evidence. This was agreed to.

G. T. P. BOND BILL COMES BEFORE HOUSE

Measure Definitely Establishes
Relations of Government
and Railway.

(Special to the Times).
Ottawa, May 20.—In the Commons this afternoon, Hon. W. S. Fielding introduced the bill respecting the government guaranteed bonds of the G. T. P. The bill provides for the removal of some legal doubts raised in English courts respecting the right of the company to hypothecate bonds guaranteed by the government. The bill also provides that the government may issue letters of credit to the G. T. P. for construction purposes in the same way as the government now issues letters of credit to the various departments of state. Letters must not exceed one million dollars and payments made thereon must be applied only on the construction of roads. The Grand Trunk railway must itself guarantee to make good to the crown any amounts expended other than for the purposes specified by parliament.

Stansted Election Papers.
On a motion to go into supply Mr. Borden brought in the question of the disappearance of the Stansted by-election papers. He attached no blame to the late crown chamberlain, Lamothe, but thought the matter called for a parliamentary investigation. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he had investigated the matter and could come to no further conclusion, but that the ballots and papers had been inadvertently destroyed by the late clerk. He was quite willing to have the fullest investigation by a special committee and steps were being taken to prevent any chance for mistakes in the future.

REPORTED COMPROMISE IN OTTAWA DEADLOCK

(Special to the Times).
Ottawa, May 20.—It is reported this afternoon that a compromise has been arranged on the election bill whereby the government will not press the provision for a second revision of the Manitoba lists, and the opposition will agree to allow the judges to allocate the lists to Dominion constituencies, thus remedying the confusion arising from overlapping.

WHY FOREIGNERS ARE PREFERRED

Crown Attorney Says They
Pay Foremen to Obtain
Work.

Toronto, May 20.—One reason why foreigners are preferred on public and other works to English, Scotch and Irish was given by Crown Attorney Corley in the police court yesterday. William Plawes, foreman for Kelly & Co., contractors, was charged with fraud in having accepted from a number of Italians a dollar each to give them work, and then having discharged them, after they had worked for a short time. Crown Attorney Corley said all foreigners were in the habit of paying foremen to obtain their jobs. British subjects would not do this, so British subjects secured the preference. The case was remanded to secure further evidence.

Magistrate Kingsford remarked that it looked very crooked.

THE BENDER FAMILY OUTDORE.

If Mrs. Guinness was or is a reincarnation of Kate Bender she has outdone the ghastly achievements of her former life. Of the Bender family's known victims there was only seven. The tally of the Guinness woman's crimes may never be made up, but it already has surpassed that of the Benders' butcheries.

The parallelism of the two affairs is otherwise remarkable. The circumstances of the earlier were as follows: In 1871 a family of four came over from Germany and opened a small store on the country road which runs from Independence, Kas., to the Osage mission. The members of the family were the father, called both William and John; his wife, their son, John; and their daughter, Kate, a girl of 25, who was claimed to be a spirit medium. It was through the machinery of spiritualistic seances that the crimes were committed. The victim was seated in the usual dark room with his head against a curtain. One of the Benders, standing behind the curtain, then struck him over the head with a hammer. Afterwards, to make certain, the victim's throat was cut, he was stripped of his valuables, and was buried at night.

Discovery came May 4, 1875, through the disappearance of Dr. William H. York, whose brother traced him as far as the Benders' store. Unable to follow the trail beyond, the brother returned to the Benders' place and there caught sight of something that had belonged to Dr. York. As a result of these suspicious circumstances an investigation began, but measures were not taken, so far as is known, to detain the Benders, who disappeared and never were heard of again. There was a rumor that the Kansas farmers of Labette county lynched them, but it is wholly unsupported by evidence and therefore is almost certainly untrue.

The crimes of the Benders were the wonder of a generation, and the name of Kate Bender especially occupies a terrible eminence in the history of crime. Yet it is the evidence in the Laporte affair is not modified in part by the case of Mrs. Guinness is more singular and horrible. The Benders had the moral (or immoral) support of one another—the terrible relief which comes to those who share a fatal secret. Mrs. Guinness may have had an accomplice.

FIFTY YEARS

HAVE YOU TASTED

Swiss Creams

? THE DAINY CRACKER FOR DAINY FOLK
FIRST IN 1858. FOREMOST IN 1908.

Victoria Theatre
MONDAY, MAY 26th
CHARLES FRÖHMANN PRESENTS
FRANCIS WILSON
IN HIS GREATEST LAUGHING SUCCESS,
CHARLES MARLOWE'S COMEDY,
"WHEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD"
"FUNNIER THAN CHARLEY'S AUNT."
As seen for five months at the Garrick Theatre, New York.
Prices: 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00. Box office opens 10 a. m. Friday, May 22nd. Mail orders, accompanied by cheque, will receive their usual attention.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply for a renewal of the retail liquor license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the Goldstream Hotel, Goldstream, B. C., Esquimalt District.
Dated the 20th day of May, 1908.
JOHN IRVING.

Department of Public Works, Canada
TENDERS FOR COAL.
Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Coal," will be received at the Resident Engineer's Office, New Westminster, B. C., up to noon of Tuesday, 2nd June next, for the supply of coal required for the Esquimalt Graving Dock and in connection with Victoria Harbor Works, up to the end of the current fiscal year on 31st March, 1909.
The coal must be a British Columbia product of approved quality. Lump, and be delivered in such quantities as may be required—that for the Esquimalt Graving Dock to be delivered and stored in bunkers in Dock-yard, and that for the Dredge "Mud Lark" to be delivered in lots of 150 to 200 tons at the Government Wharf, Victoria Harbor, on scows furnished by the Department of Public Works, the towing to be done by the Contractor.
The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.
G. A. KEEFER, Resident Engineer.
Resident Engineer's Office, New Westminster, B. C., 18th May, 1908.

BEST BUY BLOUSES NOW
You'll never get a better chance at a bright new stock, you'll never get easier prices. Lovely lines to choose from.

WHITE LAWN WAISTS
New and exclusive designs from New York and elsewhere; half-length or long sleeve; fasten before, at side or behind; in latest style tucked effects, all-over embroidery or lace trimmed, etc.

PRICES, 85c TO \$3.50

Wescott Bros.
QUALITY HOUSE
YATES STREET

LASH'S
SANITARY CLEANING AND TAILORING WORKS.
Ladies' and Children's Garments cleaned, pressed and repaired. Good work. Lowest prices. No injurious chemicals used.
548 VIEW ST. Phone A127.

Replies to Advertisements
Letters in reply to advertisements in the classified columns of the Times await claimants as follows:
NUMBERS—297, 297, 320, 321, 325, 361, 325, 325, 327, 327, 327, 327, 327, 327, 327, 327.

Granite and Marble Works
Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices, consistent with first-class stock and workmanship.
A. STEWART,
COR. YATES AND BLANCHARD STREETS.

"VOONIA TEA"IS RECOGNIZED
AS THE
STANDARD OF PURITY AND EXCELLENCENO PRIZES OR PREMIUMS OF
ANY KIND.—THE FULL VALUE
IS IN THE TEA

50c the Pound of Your Dealer

The QualityOF ENGLISH STERLING SILVERWARE AND OAK-
WARE IS TOO WELL KNOWN TO NEED DESCRIB-
ING.Come and see what we are offering in Hallmarked Silver Tea
Sets, Trays, Tableware, Egg Stands, Pepper Grinders, etc., Eng-
lish Oak Salads and Servers, Cruet Sets, Waiters, Biscuit Jars,
Butter Tubs, etc.A wedding present of one of the above is always well
received.**REDFERNS,** Government St.**White's Portland Cement**

IN BARRELS

MANUFACTURED IN ENGLAND
THE BEST IN THE MARKET

SOLE AGENT FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA

Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.

TEMPLE BUILDING, VICTORIA

Flags

The 24th of May will soon be here, and if you want to fly a flag

Remember We Have Them!British and Canadian Ensigns, Union Jacks, Blue Canadian
Ensigns, Merchant Jacks, etc.**LAUNCH FLAG POLES**

Just What is needed for the Motor Boat man.

E. B. MARVIN & CO.

THE SHIP CHANDLERS 1206 WHARF ST.

To look smart, and to feel smart,
"IS TO BE SMART."**You Will Want a New Turnout**DESIGNS
NEWESTLATEST
STYLES**See Our New Stock—Just Arrived**Phaetons
Buggies
Buckboards
Express Wagons
CarriagesMineola Carts
Spiral Spring Road
Carts
Democrat Wagons
Etc., Etc.CALL AND INSPECT
Catalogues free on application**E. G. PRIOR & CO.,**

Limited Liability

"The Pioneers"

Victoria, B. C.

WOMEN DISARM SENTRY.

The story how Frau von Rosthorn, the wife of the Austro-Hungarian minister at Teheran, and Mme. de Hartwig, the wife of the Russian minister, recently seized the rifle of a sentry, who fired at a carriage in which they were driving, is told by a Teheran correspondent. The women were returning home at midnight when a sentry challenged them, but the coachman, not hearing him, drove on. The sentry immediately fired, and the women hearing

the shot and the whizzing of the bullet over their heads, stopped the carriage and called on the sentry to approach. The man refused to move, whereupon the women alighted, and after a struggle, took the man's rifle. Apologies were afterward tendered by the Persian authorities for what had happened.

MARCHIONESS AS CHURCH WARDEN

Isabella, Marchioness of Exeter, has been elected parish warden at Deeping Saint James, Lincolnshire.

**QUESTION OF
TUBERCULOSIS****HOSPITAL BOARD HAS
PROTEST FROM DOCTORS****Committee Will Go Into the
Government's New Order
on Subject.**

At the monthly meeting of the Provincial Royal Jubilee hospital last night the question of transferring a husband's privileges to his wife's account in payment for treatment was considered, and disallowed, as it was thought such a move would establish an undesirable precedent. The matter came before the board on the application of Sergt. Carson, of the local police force, whose wife has been under treatment at the hospital. Certain members of the police force subscribed the sum of \$200 towards the hospital funds and it was then agreed that the contributing members of the force should be entitled during their periods of active service to six weeks free treatment.

The transfer of accounts asked for by the sergeant was that his contribution should go towards the payment of his wife's account. Sergt. Carson has recently been obliged to incur considerable expenditure owing to family bereavement and this circumstance was advanced last night to the committee in support of the application. The case will, however, be given all possible consideration.

A patient of the hospital is reported to have developed a perfectly harmless form of insanity and his removal from the institution is therefore necessary under the rules. He will be detained there until the arrival of a friend who will take care of him and conduct him to his home in Nova Scotia. The friend who has arranged to remove the patient is expected from Prince Rupert on Saturday.

Mrs. C. Rhodes submitted a number of letters received from city physicians who were opposed to the treatment of advanced cases of tuberculosis at the hospital. The names of the writers were not made public until the views of other medical men are received by the board. Mr. Wilson suggested that the city place the isolation hospital at the use of the hospital for this purpose and further increase their grant.

A communication from the Mayor of New Westminster read that it was proposed to erect three buildings for the accommodation of diphtheria, scarlet fever and tuberculosis in advanced stages. The advisability of erecting a small building on the hospital grounds for such cases was suggested to the board by R. S. Day.

A member of the board remarked that supported by the testimony of the principal medical men in protest against the government's request the board should lay the facts before the premier and urge that the administration is being ill advised by Dr. Fagan in regard to the matter. The house committee was finally instructed to take the matter of the government's request into consideration and to report.

A tender for \$50 for cleaning the walls and ceilings and necessary paint work was accepted from A. Littlewood sub-

ject to the approval of the house physician.

The architect recommended the board's accepting the estimate for \$2,000 for roofing the hospital with P. and B., which he preferred to galvanized iron at a figure of \$3,500. He certain changes in the way of raising the roof were in contemplation. It was further represented that the use of P. and B. would result in a reduction of the insurance. The matter was left in the hands of a special committee and the architect will call for tenders.

Dr. Leeder reported as follows for the month of April: Patients treated, 154; admitted, 88; number of free patients, 59; number of days which patients remained, 2,669; with a daily average of 767.

The matron thanked the following for donations: Mrs. H. D. Helmcken, papers and magazines; Mrs. Macrae, books and magazines; Mrs. J. Fletcher, Mrs. Prentiss, Mrs. F. B. Pemberton, and Mr. White, magazines, and Mr. Allan Sturdy.

A contract for the supply of twelve lockers for the basement at \$6.75 each was awarded to Steers and Wills. The repainting of the children's ward was left in the hands of Dr. Leeder for arrangement and the disposal of certain things which have been fed on the ground was left with the secretary and Dr. Leeder.

The board then proceeded with a discussion of the by-laws.

STATISTICS SHOW**MARRIAGES THAT FAIL****Curiosities in English Figures
Dealing With Divorce—
More Debtors in Jail.**

Sir John Macdonald, in his review of the civil judicial statistics for England and Wales in 1906, published a few days ago, sums up the chief results of the returns, compared with 1905, as follows:

A decline in the total proceedings begun in all courts; an increase in the cases begun before the judicial committee and a decrease in those begun in the House of Lords; a slight decline in appeals, particularly interlocutory, set down in the court of appeal; a decline in proceedings begun in the chancery and king's bench divisions; a slight increase in the cases in the commercial court and a decline in the trials on circuit; an increase in petitions for dissolution of marriage and decrees; a decline in plaints in the county courts; a decline in receiving orders and deeds filed under the deeds and arrangement act.

Speaking generally, he concludes, in 1906 the business of the various courts decreased or was almost stationary. Petitions for divorce and judicial separation numbered 76 and 75, as against 752 and 92 in 1905. The maximum of the former was reached in 1902, when 889 petitions were filed, and of the latter in 1888, when 133 petitions were filed. The number of decrees for divorce and judicial separation was the largest yet recorded, being 656 and 20, as against 623 and 25 in 1905. The petitions for dissolution of marriage by wives were 25. The largest number filed was in 1905, 237. The proportion was 41 per cent. of the whole number of such petitions.

More than 30 per cent. of the marriages dissolved in the last ten years had lasted five to ten years, and more than forty per cent. 10 to 20 years. Over 93 per cent. of the husbands were more than 21, but of the wives, 28.05 per cent. were below that age. The petitioners for the most part belonged to the middle classes. A very small number of persons come under the head of agriculture, mining, and domestic service, and Sir John points out that the expenses, about \$20 in an undefended case make it impossible for the very poor to use the divorce court. In 38.44 per cent. of the cases there were no children. A large number of the marriages which end in divorce are celebrated in registers.

The total number of civil proceedings begun in all courts of first instance was 1,541,529, against 1,472,633. This total reached its maximum in 1904, with 1,518,527, and Sir John points out that criminal proceedings, which reached the maximum in 1906, also declined in 1906, another instance, he says, of civil and criminal proceedings moving simultaneously in the same manner. In the last ten years the civil proceedings begun, per 100,000 of the population, ranged from 4.98 in 1904 to 3.98 in 1897; in 1906 the proportion was 4.205. There has been a gradual decrease in chancery business since 1887, and as for actions heard in this division the figure for 1897, when 430 cases were heard. In the king's bench the writs of summons were 65,699, the smallest figure in recent years. On circuit \$36 actions were entered and 620 heard, against 975 and 751 respectively in 1905. This amount recovered on circuit, however, is about the same as it was ten years ago, but the number of persons tried has fallen by about one-fourth.

As to bankruptcies, there were 4,413 receiving orders, against 4,738 in 1905; but the estimated liabilities were in excess of those of the previous year. The county court statistics show a further increase in the number of imprisoned debtors, 12,014 in 1906, compared with

**A Boon
to the Bilious**

Are you compelled to deny yourself many wholesome foods because you think they make you bilious? Do you know that your condition is more to blame than the foods? Your liver and stomach need attention more than the diet. When you find yourself suffering with a bilious attack, take

**BEECHAM'S
PILLS**

and all annoying symptoms will soon disappear. They settle the stomach, regulate the liver and exercise the bowels. Their good effects are felt immediately.

Beecham's Pills mingle with the contents of the stomach and make easy work of digestion. The nourishing properties of the food are then readily assimilated and the residue carried off without irritating the intestines or clogging the bowels.

Beecham's Pills should be taken whenever there is sick headache, furred tongue, constipation, sallow skin or any symptoms that indicate an inactive liver.

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 25 cents.

**NEW
35c Grass Butter 35c****RICHEST OF THE SEASON**COMOX CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb 35c
CHILLIWACK CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb 35c
COWICHAN CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb 35c**H. P. BISCUIT VALUES.**HUNTLEY & PALMER'S MIXED BISCUITS, 14 kinds, per lb... 15c
HUNTLEY & PALMER'S READING CRACKERS, per tin 25c**W. O. WALLACE**

Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

Phone 312

The Family Cash Grocery

Phone

Everything
Ready-to-Wear
for Ladies**Campbell's**The Home of
the Dress
Beautiful**Frocks of Linen and Lingerie
for Empire Day****LINEN SUITS**—All new models, not ordinary linen frocks, but recherche hand-tailored creations, in new and exclusive styles, beautiful color tones, handsomely trimmed. Yet we charge you no higher price. Just see our values and compare.

The section of our costume department allotted to Lingerie Suits is filled with an exquisite assortment of this season's most dainty creations in Mull and Muslin Dresses—over 500 to select from—exclusive designs, and trimmed in the most attractive and knowing styles at

\$4.25, \$4.90,
\$5.75, \$6.50,
\$9.75

SUNSHADES TO MATCH

\$4.75, \$5.00,
\$6.25, \$7.50,
\$9.75

SUNSHADES TO MATCH

The
Ladies'
Store**Angus Campbell & Co.**

LIMITED.

1010
Gov't
St.

7,729 in 1897, the intervening period having shown a steady rise.

The circuits on which were the largest number of debtors imprisoned were: East Riding (Yorkshire), 1,002, about one-twelfth of the whole; Birmingham, 786; Nottinghamshire, 713; Derbyshire, 675; and Leeds, etc., 568. The circuits on which were the smallest number of debtors imprisoned were: Cornwall, 16; Cumberland, etc., 14; Monmouthshire, 14; North Devon, etc., 14; and Durham, 19.

It is pointed out that the number of debtors imprisoned in 1868 (before the abolition of imprisonment for debt) was 9,825.

MARVELS OF WIRELESS.**Will Ocean Cables Be Permitted to
Rust Out in the End?**

It is not likely that any one will be astonished at the announcement that a direct Marconi line is to be established across the ocean from New York to England. The announcement is made by John W. Griggs, former attorney-general of the United States, who is president of the American Marconi Company. In view of the success of the Canadian company with the line between Nova Scotia and Ireland, there is no reason to doubt that the line from New York to England will be a physical success. Surely the few extra miles ought to make no difference.

The Canadian line is a success in every way. The assertion is made that it is working to its full capacity every day, a capacity of 10,000 words. Much of this business is for the press, which has the preference. The remainder is Canadian commercial business. Little or no American commercial business is accepted because it can not be handled. Therefore, it is up to an American company to install stations which will handle business originating in the United States.

How near is the time when ocean cables will be permitted to rust away?—Philadelphia Record.

LEGACY FOR CATS.

Frau Barbara Wenzl, who died recently at Klosterneuburg, has bequeathed \$2,500 to the Cats' Home at Vienna, so that her ten cats may be kept in luxury. She also left \$500 to a little girl who played with the cats.

LIGHTNING DIVORCE.

Two hundred divorce cases have been granted in twelve days by the Serbian Synod of Carlovats.

The average age at death of people who die by accident is 35 1/2 years.

PROMPT
PRESCRIPTION
SERVICE.
PUREST
DRUGS.
LOWEST
PRICES.
TOILET
SOAPS.
PERFUMES
AT THE
CENTRAL
DRUG
STORE.
PHONE
201.THE
STORE
THAT
SAVES
YOU
MONEY
ON
EVERY
PURCHASE.
HALL'S
CENTRAL
DRUG
STORE
N. E.
CORNER
YATES
AND
DOUGLAS
STREET,
VICTORIA,
B. C.**2 Piece Outing Suits****THE** perfection of Fit-Reform is clearly demonstrated in the masterly workmanship of these 2 piece Outing Suits.Blue and Gray English Flannels, Plain and Striped.
The new English Worsteds.
Exclusive novelties in Homespuns.
Striking effects in Saxons.The coolest and most comfortable garments for summer wear. Ideal for summer sports and summer holidays.
\$12, \$15, \$18, \$20 up.**Allen & Co.**

1201 Government St. - Victoria, B. C.

Subscribe for The Times

The Daily Times

Published daily (excepting Sunday) by
THE TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED.
JOHN NELSON,
Managing Director.
Office 1124 Broad Street
Special English representative, T. R. Clougher, 20 Outer Temple, Strand, London, W. C.
Special Eastern Canadian representative, E. J. Guy, 61 Canada Life Building, Toronto.

ELECTORAL LISTS.

The Toronto News is in the abstract a very high-minded and conscientious newspaper. On general political principles it is usually sound in its views. But when our contemporary is called upon to deal with concrete instances affecting the attitude of the party it supports it usually falls very far short of its high ideals. For example, the News deprecates the disposition of politicians to juggle with the franchise and to tamper with the voters' lists. It says the right to vote should be secured to every citizen, and it is peculiarly objectionable that this right should in any degree depend upon the favor or the activity of partisan politicians. This deliverance is of value as an abstract expression of pious opinion. But that is the very principle the Liberal party is contending for to-day in the Canadian House of Commons. It is the principle the Conservative party is opposing, at the instance of Tories in this province and in Manitoba who are unquestionably partisan politicians and have manipulated the voters' lists for their own party purposes. We gave the other day an instance of the manner in which the lists were manipulated upon Vancouver Island and for the purposes of disfranchising Liberal voters. That was an example of the trickery and the crookedness to which the Premier and the Attorney-General of this province will descend for the purpose of defeating the will of the majority of persons who are entitled to vote. The News says the preparation and handling of the lists should be taken out of the hands of partisans and vested in the municipalities and the judiciary. That is exactly the purport of the Elections Bill the opposition in the House of Commons is opposing, and is supported in opposing, we presume, by the high-minded Toronto News. The voters' lists in the eastern provinces are prepared by the municipalities. It is proposed to take the lists in Manitoba and British Columbia out of the hands of provincial politicians and turn them over to the judiciary. The Conservative party will not consider such a proposal. Why? Manifestly because it believes that with the lists in the hands of the agents of Toryism in British Columbia and Manitoba it has an advantage, and this advantage it will not forego without a fight. That is the situation exactly. It is a situation which is in line with the conduct of the Conservative party for twenty years. When that party was in power it prepared its own federal voters' lists, covering the entire Dominion from the Atlantic to the Pacific. These partisan lists were abolished in 1898 against the will of the leaders and rank and file of the Conservative party. The system which was adopted in 1898 proved satisfactory all over the country until the governments of Manitoba and British Columbia began to exercise the power which has recently been put to such reprehensible and indefensible use. Numerous examples have been given of the manner in which the lists have been manipulated for ulterior purposes. The fact has been established that it is impossible to obtain a fair expression of the popular will under present conditions. This state of affairs the House of Commons has decided to remedy. And the remedy will be applied.

"A CHRONIC STATE OF FURY."

Yesterday we commented upon the peculiar mental attitude of the Conservative party of Canada as an opposition to the Liberal party as a government. We called attention to the fact that the members of the Conservative party, although they have been out of power for a dozen years, have never been able to reconcile themselves to their position as an opposition. They have, as we pointed out, behaved in a manner calculated to create an impression that they have a legitimate grievance against the people of Canada for their policy and their administrative ability. This peculiar mental condition has attracted the attention of the Toronto Star also. The Star does not profess any special virtue of independence, yet it is actually one of the most independent of all the newspapers published in the East. Speaking of the political campaign now proceeding in Ontario and the conduct of Mr. Borden and his following in the House of Commons our contemporary says:

"Mr. MacKay (leader of the Ontario opposition) and his friends evidently regard the rise and fall of governments as the natural incidents of party warfare, but on the other side of politics this view has never been cheerfully accepted. The defeat of a Conservative government is always regarded as a form of rebellion, and a Liberal ministry is treated as a band of usurpers. The fury and bitterness with which the Mackenzie government was assailed was certainly not justified by the character of Mr. Mackenzie and his colleagues, who are now admitted to have been honest, upright and thrifty. Similar treatment was accorded to Sir Oliver Mowat, whom his political opponents are now disposed to canonize."

"All through the political history of Canada one finds traces of this peculiar delusion that a Conservative Administration is part of the divine order, and that the existence of a Liberal government is of itself an outrage. The attacks on the Laurier government today are not more furious than the attacks made on it on the very day on which it assumed office. The defeat of the hosts of Tupper was the original sin from which all others flowed as a natural consequence. The treatment of the Whitney government by its political opponents showed a truer appreciation of the working of the party system, and a determination to accept its consequences in a philosophic spirit. Criticism proceeding from an opposition of this kind must always be more effective than criticism proceeding from an opposition whose chronic state is one of fury."

CANADA'S DRAIN UPON THE UNITED STATES.

From Washington, D. C., we learn something which throws light upon the scarcity of money and the business depression in the United States. The authorities in the American federal capital have been investigating and reporting upon the exodus of so many desirable citizens to Canada. The result of the inquiry is an announcement that during a given period—and a comparatively short period—about forty thousand able-bodied citizens have crossed the border in the hope of improving their condition in life. The loss of this amount of bone and sinew is regarded as sufficiently serious in itself. But the immigration of so much human material does not represent the actual loss in values the United States has sustained in the period mentioned. A great many of the immigrants brought across the line with them the accumulated savings of a considerable number of years. The value of this actually "earned increment" is set down at more than forty millions of dollars. This is not the fantastic creation of a Canadian land settlement company. It is nothing more than an estimate of course, but it is based upon official data, and is more likely to be under than over the mark. Perhaps it explains why Canada, and especially Western Canada, has felt the financial and industrial depression in a less degree than any other part of the world, and why the feeling of business uneasiness is more acute in the United States than it is elsewhere. That forty millions of dollars represents so much capital invested in business pursuits, agricultural pursuits principally, in Northwestern Canada this year. Taken in conjunction with the amounts already invested there and brought in from other places during the present year, and also in connection with the promise of an abundant reward from the soil, it will be understood how bright the prospects are, for one of the most successful years Canada has ever experienced.

A duel was to have been fought today between the leader of the Octoberists and the leader of the Constitutional Democrats in the Russian Duma. But the fight did not come off. The honor of the aggrieved parties was satisfied through the intervention of a third party. All's well that ends well. Duels are serious affairs in Russia, because the people of that unprogressive country have not been raised to the level in civilization from which such encounters can be regarded from a purely humorous point of view, as in France. One of the leaders of the political parties might have been seriously injured, or actually killed. And Russia can ill afford to lose any of her political leaders at the present time. If the encounter were between military or naval men the case might be different.

It is but a few weeks since the people of Cleveland, Ohio, celebrated an agreement in connection with their street railway system which appeared to be agreeable to all parties. The celebration was capped by every citizen having the free use of the street cars for one day. Before the agreement with the company was a month old a strike was declared by the employees of the road, and riots and bloodshed have followed. Perhaps there is a moral attached to this story of facts. If there is, it is not apparent at this distance from the scene of hostilities.

The Montreal Witness thinks young Canada is devoting too much attention to athletic sports. We are not so sure about that. Outdoor sports are good for the body. A healthy body is generally governed by a sound mind. A sound mind will prevent a healthy body from indulgence in vicious practices. The athleticism of the present day, while in isolated cases it may run to extremes, is not altogether an evil.

The Colonist, without even winking an eye, speaks of the leader of the government being in a tight place. Just imagine Sir Wilfrid Laurier being cornered by that astute tactician, R. L. Borden, Esq.

The Dominion Parliament has been in session for more than one hundred days and ten thousand columns of speeches have been printed in Hansard. Nine-tenths of this matter is of little value to the country. Most of it proceeded from the mouths of Conservative speakers. It cost about five dollars a column. The party is getting

even with the country for keeping it in opposition.

The programme for Victoria's annual celebration, although little fuss has been made about it, is most comprehensive, complete and attractive. Notwithstanding the attractions elsewhere, we shall have one of the most successful and enjoyable of the many successful and enjoyable 24th of May celebrations held in the city which bears the name of Great Britain's most popular and most beloved of sovereigns.

Old Country newspapers are devoting a great deal of attention at present to matters Canadian. We reserve for further consideration the following from the London correspondent of the *Oban Weekly News*: "The dull again 'gum bheli moran de na gilleen a dol gu Canada anna an Earrach so. Tha lad de'n bharall gum bheli ad air an ceart dolgh. Ach chan 'eil sin ceart idir."

Canada has, according to a statement issued from Washington, drawn a working capital in excess of forty millions of dollars from the United States during a period of a few months. We hope our neighbors will not become as jealous of this country as they are of the European noblemen who are exploiting the matrimonial market of the republic.

There has been a slight frost in the wheat regions of the Northwest. It is a good time for the frost to fall. The crops are now in the stage at which they are more or less immune from such visitations. A great deal depends upon a bountiful harvest this year.

A Scottish critic of British Columbia gravely assures the *Aberdeen Evening Express* that this province possesses but three varieties of fish—cod all the year round, halibut from spring to the fall of the year, herrings during the winter months. Sandy should overhaul his Shorter Catechism.

Another great social and speculative event has been settled. A match has been arranged and will soon take place in Paris between Tommy Burns of Canada and Bill Squires of Australia. Parisian society is said to be all agog over the meeting.

Toronto Star: Colonel Prior, of Victoria, B. C., was presented to the King at St. James's Palace yesterday. Those who know Colonel Prior will be glad to learn that he has met with a blessing which he can tell in the club for the rest of his life.

Canada, a Canadian journal published in London, undoubtedly speaks by the book when it says, "The children of British immigrants will be one of Canada's greatest national assets. The fathers may fail; the children will succeed."

ALL A MISTAKE.

Farical Comedy To-Night Promises to Be a Great Success.

A full dress rehearsal of the farical comedy "All a Mistake" was held last evening in the Institute hall, View street. The players acquitted themselves in even more than their usual clever manner, and the play, which will be given to-night in Institute hall, promises to be a huge success.

The following is the cast of characters: Capt. Obadiah Skinner, a retired sea captain and a zealous but mistaken matchmaker Mr. Jepson Lieut. George Richmond, his nephew (who mixes things up generally) Mr. Cecil Berkeley Richard Hamilton, a country gentleman of an enquiring mind Mr. George McDurdy Ferdinand Lightstead, an ex-quite, with a weakness for matrimony, "don't-ye-know?" Mr. J. Heyland Nellie Richmond, George's wife (under difficulties) Miss Vyvyan Bolton Melville Huntington, a too obliging friend who thereby causes many amusing difficulties Miss Nellie Heyland Cornelia (Nellie) Skinner, Obadiah's sister, a sweet young thing of forty-six Miss Susette Blackwood Nellie McIntyre, the chambermaid, who has a taste for burnt cork Patsy—'Me Steady' Miss Ethel Browne The play is given in aid of the Seamen's Institute.

The funeral of the late Daryl McDonald took place yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the family residence, Hulton street, to St. Columba church. There was a large attendance of friends and many beautiful floral offerings were sent. Rev. Joseph McCoy officiated. The following acted as pallbearers, B. Coulson, C. Hopper, A. McWair and C. Twoby.

FINANCIAL SUICIDE.

New York, May 20.—A man who registered at the Hotel Manhattan as Wm. Marling, 55 years old, of Montreal, He had been at the hotel since Sunday last. It is believed that financial troubles caused him to end his life.

JUDGMENT RESERVED
IN CHURCH'S CASEThe Evidence Was Taken in
Move to Get Mission
Property.

The case of the Methodist church vs. Roach came up for trial before Judge Lampman in the county court yesterday. The case was outlined in these columns some time ago on a preliminary hearing. It showed that the Methodist church had purchased the property known as "Corona," situated on Pandora avenue, on the understanding that they could obtain possession at the end of one month. Their object in purchasing it was to use it for a Japanese mission to take the place of the property which they had sold on Broughton street.

C. F. Beavan, from whom the house was originally rented, told of the transaction by which Mrs. Roach took the house for \$25 a month for the first three months, \$30 for the next three, and \$35 thereafter. At the end of the year he raised the rent to \$50 a month and that amount had been paid ever since.

G. W. Dean told of meeting Mrs. Roach, who never suggested contesting the right of the church to take over the premises until she had seen her lawyer.

Mrs. Roach and her daughter both gave evidence of their misunderstanding of the yearly tenancy and after a long summing up by counsel the court reserved judgment. A. E. McPhillips, K. C., appeared on behalf of the Methodist church, and R. T. Elliott, K. C., for Mrs. Roach.

NEGROES HOLD UP
MEXICAN TRAIN

Passengers, One by One, Relieved of Money at Point of Revolver.

Mexico City, May 20.—News just received here states that the occupants of two sleeping cars attached to a train which left this city on Saturday for Vera Cruz were held up by two negroes and at the point of a pistol relieved of their money and valuables, amounting to about \$1,000.

The robbers entered the train at midnight while it was detained at Apisaco in the state of Tlaxcala by heavy washouts. When the robbers entered every one aboard had returned. One of the doors of the coaches was locked while at the other stood an armed guard covering the aisle with two revolvers. Another negro made the rounds of the various berths and held up the individual passengers at the point of a pistol. When the negroes had completed their work they locked the messengers in and escaped. One of the porters of the train was arrested at Apisaco for alleged complicity.

EVELYN MAY WITHDRAW.

Proceedings For Annulment of Marriage With Harry W. Thaw May Be Dropped.

New York, May 20.—There is a possibility that Evelyn Thaw may abandon the proceedings for the annulment of her marriage to Harry K. Thaw, according to a statement made today by her counsel, Daniel O'Reilly. "We have not decided yet just what we will do," said O'Reilly, "but as we told Referee Deyo yesterday, in asking for a further postponement in the case, if we are not ready to go on Tuesday next we will not go on at all."

ACTIVITY AT WHITE HORSE.

White Horse, May 19.—Small crews of men are working on the Arctic Chief, Pueblo and Copper King mines doing development work and getting ready to ship ore on the completion of the railway spur in August. Three miles of track are laid and two more will be laid this month. Two hundred men are working. A number of outside mining men are here looking over property. A concentrator will be installed on the Venus mine at Conrad as soon as the lake opens. The ore bunkers at Skagway are half completed.

NEW BRITISH AMBASSADOR.

London, May 19.—Gerald A. Lowther, the British minister at Tangier, has been appointed to succeed Sir N. R. O'Connor, who died at Constantinople in March, as the British ambassador to Turkey.

FAMILY OF CRIMINALS.

A grim epitaph, perhaps unexampled, is to be found in the cemetery of Debreczin, Eastern Hungary. It reads as follows: "Here rest in the Lord Joseph Moritz senior, who died in his sixty-second year. He was shot by his son. Frau Joseph Moritz, who died in her forty-seventh year. She was shot by her daughter, Elizabeth Moritz, who died by her own hand in her seventeenth year, after shooting her mother. Joseph Moritz, who died in prison, age 27. He had shot his father. May eternal mercy have pity on their poor sinful souls." The last of this unfortunate family left a sum of \$7,500 for the purpose of settling up this memorial.—London Globe.

GILLETTE
Safety Razors

ALSO
EXTRA BLADES
AT
J. Barnsley & Co.
GOVERNMENT STREET
SPORTING GOODS

Career of Raisuli

Notable Captures That Won Him Fame.

Whatever may be said of Raisuli's personal character, his exploits in brigandage have made him of recent years one of the most prominent and picturesque figures in Morocco. The success of his daring coups, his elusiveness, the atmosphere of mystery surrounding his personality and his movements, as well as his transiencies from the position of a freebooter to that of the representative of law and order and back again, have all combined to cast a halo of romance about him. Whether he was really to be considered only as a paltry brigand and a cattle thief, as Mr. Cunningham-Graham described him, or whether he was entitled to be regarded as a high and important personage, a very learned, very religious man, passing his time in pious exercises and devotions and study—and on that account unsuited for the purpose of a London music hall world-wide reputation—he at least achieved a world-wide reputation.

An Ideal Bandit.

His European fame may be said to have been established with his capture of Mr. Harris, the correspondent of the *Times*, at Tangier in 1903. Mr. Harris found him a fascinating personality. "Tall, remarkably handsome," he wrote, "with the whitest of skins, a short, dark beard and moustache and black eyes, with profile Greek rather than Semitic, and eyebrows that formed a straight line across his forehead, Mulai Ahmed Raisuli was a typical and ideal bandit. His manner was quiet, his voice soft and low, and his expression particularly sad. He seldom smiled, and even though I knew him much better later on, I never heard him laugh. With his followers he was cold and haughty." In illustration of Raisuli's cruelty, Mr. Harris mentioned that only a few months before his capture the brigand had sold one of his prisoners to an enemy for \$1,500, and stood by to see the purchaser cut his victim's throat. Mr. Harris himself was liberated in exchange for sixteen rebel prisoners, whom the Sultan was obliged to release for that purpose.

In the next year came the sensational capture of Mr. Peddars, an American citizen and a wealthy resident of Tangier, who was carried off from Mr. Peddars' villa about three miles outside the city. Raisuli demanded \$50,000 as ransom, the dismissal of the governor of Tangier and his own appointment, and the release of his own prisoners. Then in prison. These demands were complied with, and Raisuli figured for a while as the Sultan's representative in the governorship of an important district. He began well, by restoring order in the country round Tangier, but he gradually degenerated into a despot, and finally the European representatives sent to the Maghzen what was virtually an ultimatum for his removal. Raisuli was deposed, and fled to the hills to become the brigand once more.

The last coupe of Raisuli was also his greatest. This, of course, was the capture of Kaid Maclean. The latter was captured in July of last year while on a mission on behalf of the Sultan to negotiate a pardon for the rebel. He remained in Raisuli's custody until February last, having unsuccessfully attempted to escape. Raisuli's terms for the release were a ransom of \$100,000, \$25,000 payable at once, interest on the balance to be paid to Raisuli monthly for five years, when he was to receive the capital, provided his behavior had been satisfactory; Raisuli and his family were to receive British protection, and certain prisoners were to be released by the Sultan. Since the Kaid's release Raisuli has not loomed largely in the European eye, though reports of his whereabouts and his intentions have from time to time kept him still in evidence.

DIED FOR A STAMP.

Collector Unable to Purchase It Committed Suicide.

A circus rider named Alexander Raab who committed suicide at Budapest, was, according to a letter he left behind, a victim of stamp-collecting mania.

He required a rare Swiss stamp, whose catalogue value was given last year at \$125, to complete his collection of stamps of that country. By months of self-denial he managed to save this sum, and sent it to the other day to Messrs. Seuf, the stamp dealers in Leipzig with an order for the coveted specimen.

He received a reply that the stamp had since gone up in value and now cost \$175. Raab's disappointment was overwhelming, and as he saw no prospect of raising the necessary money he took his life.

DREAM WHICH CAME TRUE.

It was stated at an inquest on a Dean Forest collier, who had been entangled in the machinery, that on the previous night he woke up his wife and told her he had dreamed that while working with the machine in the colliery an accident occurred, and he had fallen into it.



NEW ARRIVALS in CARPETS

During the last few days we have opened a range of new carpets, representing the very latest carpet ideas. These carpets are the productions of the best British makers, and are shown in a good assortment of well selected designs and colorings. Many patterns and color effects are shown for the first time. You will find this stock well worthy of a careful inspection.

IN WILTON AND AXMINSTER CARPETS we have

an extensive assortment with borders to match in two-toned greens, two-toned blues, fawns and reds, in exclusive designs, for parlor, dining room, library, hall and stairs. Prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$1.75

BRUSSELS CARPETS, a

very nicely assorted stock of body Brussels in all the newest and best patterns, including novel designs in the floral, conventional and Oriental types of patterns, extra good values shown, at prices ranging from \$1.90 to \$1.00

SEE BROAD ST. WINDOW DISPLAY

FLAGS FOR THE HOLIDAY

Of course you will need some flags for decorating and keeping in the spirit of the holiday, and then they will be useful when the American Fleet visits here shortly and the city will, of course, be looking at its best. We have all sizes and qualities.

SILK FLAGS, at 5c each. Smaller sizes, at, per doz. 5c
SILK FLAGS, larger, at 25c each. A smaller size at, per dozen 25c
COTTON FLAGS, all sizes, at, each, 50c, 25c, 10c and 5c
COTTON FLAGS, at, per dozen, prices ranging from 50c to 10c

Men's Summer Underwear

A splendid assortment of Men's High Grade Underwear for Summer is here mentioned. Many will no doubt find items here that will interest them.

MEN'S PINK SILK SHIRTS

and DRAWERS, all pure silk. Per garment \$4.50

MEN'S PINK AND BLUE SILK SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,

pure silk. Per garment \$3.50

MEN'S FINE FRENCH BALBRIGGAN SHIRTS AND

DRAWERS. Per garment 75c and 50c

MEN'S SILK Lisle SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, in pink

stripes, blue stripes, gray stripes. Per garment \$1.75

MEN'S FINE COLORED BALBRIGGAN SHIRTS, in pink,

blue, grey, gold. Per garment \$1.25

MEN'S ATHLETIC UNDERWEAR, in white dimity, coat

style undershirt, short sleeves, short drawers. Per garment 65c

MEN'S Lisle THREAD LACE WORK SHIRTS AND

DRAWERS, in pink and white, blue and white, and plain white. Per garment \$2.15 and \$1.50

MEN'S FINE BALBRIGGAN SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, in cream and white. Per garment \$1.00

MEN'S WHITE MESH SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, short sleeves, short drawers. Per garment 75c

MEN'S EXTRA FINE CASHMERE SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, in cream and natural, per garment, \$3.50 to \$3.00

MEN'S FINE CASHMERE SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, in cream and natural, short or long sleeve shirts, short or long drawers. Per garment \$1.25

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

GARDEN TOOLS

BEFORE BUYING

See Our Large Stock of

Lawn Mowers, Hose, Garden Sprinklers, SPRAYERS, ETC., ETC.

Walter S. Fraser & Co.

WHARF STREET

Limited
Phone 3.

VICTORIA

KILLED BY DANCING.

A passion for dancing has led to the death of a girl named Valentine Taravel, belonging to a wealthy family in the south of France. She began to dance at the age of four. All through dancing was her chief interest in life, and she grew to translate her every sentiment by rhythmical movements of the body.

For years her parents attached no particular importance to her passion, but at length it became such an obsession that a doctor was consulted. He prescribed a rest from dancing and a long holiday in a quiet country place. The girl was

taken away for two months and came back no better. She was found waiting one night in her bedroom and was taken to a specialist, who gave her sedatives, but could not effect a cure.

The other night the girl rose, and, going to an attic, began waltzing, and continued to dance for hours. Towards two o'clock in the morning the servants were aroused by a loud noise in the attic. The girl was found dead on the floor, having literally danced herself to death, syncope following her tremendous exertions.

The average age at death of people who die by accident is 34 years.

THORPE'S Pale Dry GINGER ALE
Medal and Diploma, World's Fair



A good tonic, taken in time, will often save a doctor's bill. If you feel run down or nervous, why not tone up the system and improve the appetite with

COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES

Nothing like it to keep the brain clear and active, the nerves strong and steady. \$1.00 bottle contains enough for one month.

CYRUS H. BOWES
CHEMIST
GOVERNMENT ST.
Near Yates.

FOR SALE
2 Acres Elk Lake
SUMMERY AND COOL
100 Fruit Trees
COTTAGE OF 6 ROOMS
Beautiful View
ONLY \$1,800
P. R. BROWN, LTD.
30 BROAD STREET.
Money to Loan. Fire Insurance
Written. Stores and Dwell-
ings to Let.
P. O. Box 428 Phone 1076

When is a clock on the stairs dangerous? When it runs down. When a man's constitution gets run down what is the best remedy? Carnegie's Swedish Porter. It is prescribed by leading physicians because it is the purest and most nourishing malt beverage of the age. Brewed and bottled at the famous Carnegie Brewery, Gothenburg, Sweden. If your dealer offers you "porter just as good," don't believe him, but send direct to the Wholesale Agents.

PITHER & LEISER
Cor. Fort and Wharf Sts., Victoria
Water St., Vancouver.

Purest of All SOAP

Is Castile. It should be used by every person who desires a good, clear complexion. Just now we are offering an excellent line of

Castile Soap
Per Bar 25c

Only the chance of the season in good soap for the skin or delicate laundry work.

Royal Cream Chocolate

Is one of the prime favorites of our Soda Fountain. "Maple Nut Sundae" is another new and popular concoction found on our menu.

Terry's Drug Store
Corner Fort and Douglas Sts.
Victoria, B. C.

—Hosiery for the Holiday.—Ladies'—Lisle, cotton, silk and cashmere hose in tan, black, white and newest colorings. Prices 12½c, 20c, 25c. up to \$2.25 a pair.—Robinson's Cash Store, 642 Yates street.

Liberal Rooms, Phone 1704.

A Few Choice Building Sites.

JAMES BAY

LOT close to Dallas road and Beach, all in garden and fruit. Only \$1,000.
North Hampshire road near Oak Bay. BEAUTIFUL LOT, size 50x125. Only \$825.
Easy Terms Can Be Arranged.

L. U. CONYERS & CO.

18 VIEW STREET.
Fire Insurance Written.
Money to Loan.

Local News

—Pattern hats below cost at the Elite.

—Tires for go-carts of all sizes.—Waites Bros., 641, Fort street.

—C. H. Tite & Co., painters, paper hangers, sign work, etc. Prices cheaper than ever.

—Call on Phillips Bros. and get their prices for monuments and granite coping. New stock to select from. Works 326 View street. Phone B1207.

—A Delayed Shipment From England.—Just to hand of ladies' plain and ribbed cashmere hose. Regular price 30c. pair; to be sold out at special price, 25c. pair.—Robinson's Cash Store, 642 Yates street.

—It costs so little for insurance you cannot afford to be without it. The Pacific Coast Insurance Co. Reid & Maysmith, agents. Phone 1494.

—For a delightful outing take the trip around the Gulf Islands by steamer Iroquois, Sunday, May 24th. For information telephone 511.

—Reid & Maysmith are agents for the Pacific Coast Fire Insurance Co. Promis block. Phone 1494.

—Two prisoners convicted at the last assizes held here were taken over to New Westminster yesterday. They were Luigi Dondero and Charles Ottendorf.

—The local bank clearings for the week ending yesterday were \$1,232,763, quite a decided increase over last week's record.

—FIRE! Insure your piano and household furniture in the Pacific Coast Fire Insurance Co. Reid & Maysmith, agents. Promis block. Phone 1494.

—The laundry owners of the city are being notified by Sanitary Inspector Lancaster to get their properties in shape to comply with the new regulations which come into effect June 1st.

—This morning's business at the police court consisted of three drunks, who all pleaded guilty before Magistrate Jay. They were fined the usual amounts.

—The British Canadian Wood Pulp & Paper Co., Ltd., have installed a demonstration plant at 622 Trowace avenue (the new offices of Messrs. Harman & Punnett), and the public are invited to visit and view the manufacture of wood pulp and paper.

—The city band will give a concert on Johnson street next Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. They will play one of their characteristic programmes, which will include some of the latest popular song hits.

—At the recent examinations at Trinity College, Toronto, a former Victorian won excellent standing in the Divinity class. This was Jerrold C. Potts, a young son of Dr. George Potts, formerly of Victoria. The following prizes were won by Mr. Potts: The general proficiency prize, Osler reading prize, Biblical knowledge, Old Testament history, Apologetics, and Liturgies. The last was divided with M. C. Andrew. He has accepted the position of curate in the cathedral, Hamilton, and was ordained recently by the Bishop of Niagara.

—ANNOUNCEMENT! J. Ringshaw desires to inform the public that he has opened a New Business at 622 Yates street, corner of Broad street, and is prepared to furnish Farm Produce, Delicatessen, Fruit and Confectionery of first quality at reasonable prices. An Ice Cream Parlor and Tea Room in connection.

—Alfred Huggett, late of this city, is again passing through a season of deep anxiety. Some few weeks since his little son, George Ernest, was the subject of a very bad cold, which, though it showed no symptoms of a serious nature, yet developed into a painful trouble in the head, which necessitated a very critical operation. The operation was conducted by Drs. Farish and Bolton, and the thought the danger point has not yet been passed, the little patient is slowly recovering from one of the most serious operations of the kind the doctors have known.

TYPEWRITERS

SOLD, RENTED AND REPAIRED

AGENCY "UNDERWOOD" VISIBLE

Stenographers Supplied.

Carbons and Ribbons for all machines

BAXTER & JOHNSON

811 GOVERNMENT ST.

527 LANGLEY ST.

Phones 730, 1662.

Keep the Ball Rolling

And join the great army of customers coming our way.
WE OFFER TO-DAY
TARTAN BRAND ONTARIO PEACHES, per tin 25c
TARTAN BRAND ONTARIO PEARS, per tin 25c
TARTAN BRAND ONTARIO STRAWBERRIES, per tin 25c
RASPBERRY AND STRAWBERRY JAM, 5-lb pails (absolutely pure) 75c

Carne's Up-to-date Grocery

Next to C. P. E. Office, Cor. Govt. and Fort Sts.

A Superb Display of SPRING APPAREL

Never has our splendid spring assortment been nearer to the ideal in all that pertains to a perfect stock in exclusive

Wearing Apparel
Than now. All the latest concepts are here in varieties that cannot be equalled. Every Tie, Shirt, Hosiery and Hat from our most expensive creations to the cheapest article has a style and individuality that is characteristic only of the Finch & Finch models.

FINCH & FINCH

THE EXCLUSIVE STYLE STORE

1107 GOVERNMENT STREET

—Member of Columbia Lodge, No. 2, I. O. O. F., are specially invited to attend the meeting to-night when degree work will be taken up.

—Battleship Excursion.—Chippewa leaves 8.30 a.m. Saturday, 23rd, taking part in the procession to Seattle. Arrives back 9.30 p.m., \$1 round trip.

—The Royal Templars of Temperance will hold their regular meeting to-night in K. of P. hall, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets. Every member is requested to be present.

—The remains of the late Mrs. M. A. Williams, who died in Vancouver, on Friday, arrived here last evening and were sent on by W. B. Smith this morning to the family residence, Salt Spring Island. Rev. Father Van Neval and the family of the deceased accompanied the remains.

—A large audience will to-morrow night witness the production of "Champagne and Oysters," which is being given at Institute hall, View street, under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus. The performance will be under the direction of Frank J. Schell, and the cast, which has already been published, includes some of Victoria's cleverest amateurs. The sale of seats up to date has been very large, and the house will undoubtedly be sold out before to-morrow afternoon.

SUCCESSFUL CLOSING.

The Arion Concert Last Evening Was Well Attended.

The last concert for the season was given at the Victoria theatre last evening before a full house. The organization fully sustained its reputation, the concert being as usual of a high order. The soloists on this occasion were Mrs. Du Mond, of Seattle, and Signor Cecchetti, the local tenor.

The members of the Arion club will visit Tacoma shortly and take part in a concert given in that city.

LAUDER WINS.

Match at North Vancouver Goes Against Bob Ritchie on Points.

Billy Lauder last night met Bob Ritchie at North Vancouver and boxed fifteen rounds with him. He won in the last round on points. According to the account received he had the best of the mulling all way through, but was unable to land a knockout. His opponent, Ritchie, is said to be a clever boxer, so that Lauder's form last night augurs well for the match which is to take place here on Saturday night, when the same man will box Kid Howell of this city.

PERSONAL.

W. T. Miller, W. J. McMillan, H. T. Lockyer, W. H. Walker, E. W. Leeson, T. J. Menzies, Captain "Key," T. H. Cooper and A. A. Richardson were passengers this morning on the S. S. Charming from Vancouver, and are registered at the Empress.

C. A. Harrison, formerly manager of the Driford, who is now a resident of Seattle, is in the city to-day. He has come over in connection with a law suit respecting timber won before the court. Mr. Harrison at present is not in the hotel business.

H. E. Beasley, assistant to Mr. Marpole, whose place he will take during Mr. Marpole's absence in England, arrived here this morning on the S. S. Charming and is registered at the Empress hotel.

H. W. and Mrs. Lewis, H. L. Barr, of Pasadena, and Mrs. C. W. Roby, of Los Angeles, are registered at the Dominion, where they are making a short stay.

Mrs. (Capt.) Jackman returned on the Tees to-day from Port San Juan where she has been visiting Mrs. Joseph Williams, the telegraph operator.

Mr. Fred Palmer, foreman of the B. W. L. Co., is on a vacation to the Sound cities, in company with his wife and family.

John and Mrs. Powell, G. E. Powell and A. C. Robinson are a party staying at the Dominion from Chicago.

D. W. Stoddard, of Portland, Ore., is in the city for a few days and is at the Driford.

F. M. Gribble, a well known business man of Seattle, is a guest at the Empress.

R. L. Towler and H. J. Murphy, of Edmonton, are at the Driford.

A. M. Constandine, of Tacoma, is registered at the Dominion.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

New and Second-hand BICYCLES THIS WEEK

Now is your chance to buy a good wheel at rock bottom price, as we want to make room for other shipments of new CENTURAR and IVER JOHNSON WHEELS. We offer the public some good bargains.

Second-hand wheels from \$10.00 up. New wheels from \$40.00 up. Buy now and save money.

Harris & Smith

1220 BROAD STREET

Phone A1831.

VICTORIA DAY CELEBRATION

SOME FEATURES OF THE DEMONSTRATION

Trap Shooting Added to Attractions—Arrangements for Water Carnival.

The committee in charge of the Victoria Day celebration request that all the merchants in town who possibly can shall decorate their premises and thus give the town a holiday appearance. They also request that the stores keep their lights going on Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

Arrangements are being made by a number of merchants to string bunting across the streets and decorate in many other ways. It is hoped that all will do what they can in this matter. This being Victoria's great annual gala day it behoves the citizens to make it worth while for visitors to come to the city.

Water Carnival.
The water carnival committee of the celebration calls attention to the prizes offered by the B. C. Electric Railway Company for the best decorated boats. The carnival takes place at the Gorge on Tuesday evening. Judging will take place at 9 p. m. On application to Chief Watson, of the fire department, lanterns will be loaned for decoration of boats whether for competition or otherwise, and to those citizens possessing boats or hiring for the occasion an appeal is made by the committee to such to decorate their boats and help make the carnival a thing to be remembered for years to come. Entries for the competition should be handed or forwarded to J. G. Brown, chairman of the committee, whose address is: Dominion Public Works Department, Post Office Building, City, by 12 noon Saturday, the 23rd inst. There will be four prizes, \$20, \$15, \$10 and \$5, provided there are not less than seven entries.

Regatta.
There are a number of entries in the four-oared service cutters, the names and colors of which are given below:

Four-oared service cutters—open to army and navy forces—D. G. S. Quarra, Maple Leaf; Garrison crew 1, blue; Garrison crew 2, blue and white; Naval barracks crew 1, red; Naval barracks crew 2, white.

Four-oared service cutters open to amateurs—Fifth Regiment crew 1, white with blue cross; Fifth Regiment crew 2, pink; Y. M. C. A., red; Lifeguard crew, navy blue; H. M. C. S. Restorer, white; Royal Engineers, light blue.

School boys—Collegiate, light and dark blue; High school, yellow and black.

Four-oared Lapstreak—Junior and senior J. B. A. A. vs. Vancouver.

Four Indian races, one of which is between crews of Klutchemen.

Gun Club.

The committee having reconsidered their decision in regard to the grant to the Gun Club a good programme of events has been drawn up by a joint committee of the two local clubs and doubtless there will be a large number of visitors from all parts of the west.

The shooting takes place on Monday morning at the Willows traps commencing at 9.30. The following is the programme:

Event 1, 10 targets—Entrance, \$1; money divided 40, 30, 20, 10 per cent. \$10 added.

Event 2, 15 targets—Entrance, \$1.50; money divided 40, 30, 20, 10 per cent. \$15 added.

Event 3, 15 targets—Entrance, \$1.50; money divided 40, 30, 20, 10 per cent. \$15 added.

Event 4—Team shoot, 3 men from any one place, 25 targets—Entrance, \$2 per man; money divided 50, 30, 20 per cent. \$25 added.

Event 5, 15 targets—Entrance, \$1.50; money divided 40, 30, 20, 10 per cent. \$15 added.

Event 6, 10 targets—Entrance, \$1.50; \$10 added; purse divided into four equal monies. High guns.

Event 7, consolation—Open to those who have shot at least three events and have not won or divided first or second money; 10 targets—Entrance, \$1; money divided 40, 30, 20, 10 per cent. \$10 added.

The following rules will be observed:

Birds deducted at 3c. each.
Northwest Association rule to govern.
Shooters are requested to pay at beginning for the whole shoot. Money refunded for events not shot.
Sweepstakes will be shot at the close of the tournament if time will permit.
Expert traps used in all events.
Cartridges may be had on the grounds.
Manufacturers' agents will be allowed to shoot for birds only.

ACCIDENT MAY HAVE BEFALLEN BROTHERS

Horace and Harvey Waters Took Dynamite With Them Into Woods.

Superintendent Hussey of the provincial police received word by wire last night from the provincial constable stationed at Clayoquot in connection with the report that the brothers, Horace and Harvey Waters, are thought to have met with an accident.

The constable reports that the two young men left their camp with dynamite in their possession, and are supposed to have gone into the woods. It is thought that an accident may have happened to them through an explosion of the dynamite, and a constable will be ordered from either Clayoquot or Alberni to proceed on the steamer Tees, which leaves here tonight, to Nootka sound and thence to Friendly Cove, where the brothers were last heard of. The constable will make enquiries there and take up the search from where the men were last seen. A report is expected by the time the Tees returns from her trip up the coast.

The French Alliance will meet this evening at the Alexandra club at 8.30 for the regular weekly reading and discussion. L'Abbe Constant will be the book that will be studied.

The offices of the provincial police on Bastion square are about to be repainted. Estimates are being obtained for two coats to the outer room and for one coat to be applied to the private offices of the superintendent. The outside porch also is to be redecorated. The work will be put in hand at once.

WHY NOT BUY THAT Phonograph NOW?

IT WILL AMUSE YOU AND ENTERTAIN YOU IN CAMP OR AT HOME AS NOTHING ELSE CAN.

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK AT

FLETCHER BROS.

1231 GOVT. ST.

VICTORIA BUSINESS COLLEGE

WILL SHORTLY OPEN

in central premises on

GOVERNMENT ST.

Shorthand—Isaac Pitman's System, Typewriting—Touch System only. Book-keeping and Card Systems, etc. Business Training. Commercial Arithmetic. Penmanship, etc.

For particulars of courses, terms, prospectus, write or call on

MR. W. W. SUTTIE

1045 YATES STREET.

Special—Individual Instruction. Male Teachers.

Ice Cream Candy

The latest creation of our Candy Expert is now on sale here—a delectable dainty that cannot fail to please the most critical palate; we supply it in four of the most popular flavors. Another specimen of our new Arctic deliciousness, never before offered to Victorians, is

Frozen Pudding

Which we shall place on sale in our Parlor next Saturday for the first time. When down town shopping, ladies should not fail to call here and try this charming confection or a dish of our celebrated

Naples Ice Cream

This may be eaten here or taken home by the pint or quart in a pall. Remember that cleanliness is our strong point. Everything manufactured by us is both pure and wholesome.

EMPRESS CONFECTIONERY

1235 GOVERNMENT ST.

Next—Goodacre's

QUAKER BRAND

CANNED VEGETABLES

WHOLESALE BY

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

For All Leaf-Eating Insects

CODLING MOTH, GYPSY, CATERPILLARS, CANKER WORM, SLUGS, POTATO BUG, CURRANT WORM, Etc., Etc.

SWIFT'S ARSENATE OF LEAD IS THE PERFECT INSECTICIDE

Cannot burn or scorch the most delicate foliage; rain cannot wash it off; it gives absolute and constant protection without the necessity of respraying. Highly endorsed by Government Agricultural Stations.

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co. Ltd.

SOLE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.

W. & J. WILSON

New Hats for Empire Day



Christy's nobby Stiff Hats in all the newest and most becoming blocks, \$3.00 and \$3.50.

The "swell" Scott Hat, \$5.00.

Christy's Soft Felts, 2 ounce hat, in Fedora and Alpine styles, \$2.50.

Telescope, the young man's favorite Hat, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.50.

Stetson's Headwear in all the popular new shapes, \$4.50 and \$5.00.

Christie's Rustic Straw Boaters at \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

Sennet Straws, all the latest New York shapes, from \$2.00 to \$4.00.

Panama Hats, our own direct importation, a very stylish collection, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00 to \$20.00.



Washable Hats for men and boys—White linen, latest models, at 50c and 75c.

Tennis Hats, white and pearl, at 50c.

Yachting Caps, white with leather peak, just the correct cap for smart dressers.

WILSONS

63 GOVT ST VICTORIA, B.C.

—Sunday, May 24th, the steamer Iroquois makes the trip round the islands of the Gulf, returning by the Pender Island Canal. For information telephone 511.

Liberal Rooms, Phone 1704.

Y. M. C. A.

MEN INTERESTED IN

Lawn Tennis

Consult with Physical Director Findlay.

Club being formed now for summer.

Membership limited.

Phone 999.

THE HEINTZMAN & CO. PIANO

Made by Ye Olde Firm of Heintzman & Co., Limited

A different Piano to any other. A more costly Piano, but values are not measured by dollars and cents when buying a Piano—not if you're wise. A better Piano than any other made in Canada—not excelled by another anywhere.

M. W. Waitt & Co.,

LIMITED

1004 GOVT. ST.

SOLE AGENTS

Building Lots

FOR SALE

Houses Built

ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

D. H. Bale

A Reduction of \$3,500

The owner has instructed us to reduce, from \$10,500 to \$7,000 a 3-acre corner block on the Esquimalt car line, together with furnished house, stable, chicken house, garden and fruit trees. 2.15 acres on the Mount Tolmie Road, close to Cedar Hill Road and about 1/4 mile from terminus of new car line; fine fruit soil. \$2,500

BRITISH AMERICAN TRUST CO., Ltd

CORNER BROAD AND VIEW STREETS, VICTORIA, B. C.

LACROSSE MATCH

TO-NIGHT AT OAK BAY

Rival Teams Have Been Chosen to Meet for First Time.

The teams that will meet to-night representing the J. B. A. A. and the Centrals have been definitely picked and both look like strong aggregations on paper. How they will show up in service is another matter, but it is safe to say that they will put up a splendid match.

For the last match the experiment was tried of charging only fifteen cents admission to the grounds, but the result was not satisfactory. It was found that those who wished to see the games attended anyway and many expressed themselves as quite willing to pay the quarter. The result is that in the future 25 cents will be the admission fee to any and all of the league matches. There are a good many expenses in running a team and these have to be met from the gate money.

The news that there is good lacrosse to be seen at the league games will have the effect of drawing out a good crowd to witness the game. The opening match was somewhat of a damper, but the exciting and fast play last week shows that in future games there will be plenty doing when the rival teams meet. The following will be the lineup:

James Bay.	Central.
Edward.	Goal.
Lorimer.	Point.
McConnell.	Cover Point.
Pike.	First Defence.
Lang.	Second Defence.
Bridgman.	Third Defence.
Taylor.	Centre.
Sargison (A).	Third Home.
Sargison (B).	Second Home.
McLaughlin.	First Home.
Hamcock.	Outside Home.
Proctor.	Inside Home.

JUNIOR PRACTICE.

To-morrow evening at Oak Bay the Central Lacrosse Club juniors will hold a big practice in preparation for the coming match with the Vancouver Athletic Club on May 25th. Those specially requested to turn out are: McInnes, Brennan, Crocker, O. Nason, J. Johnson, F. Knox, Dinsdale, B. Johnson, J. Nason, and any others who wish to catch a place on the team. A large turnout is requested, as the time is getting very short in which to get in condition. The new Central sweaters have been kindly loaned for the occasion, so when the team takes the field it will present a very neat appearance.

PREPARING FOR FAIRVEWS.

On Saturday afternoon the Victoria Intermediates will play the Fairviews of Vancouver. The local team will be chosen to-night after the match between the Centrals and the Bays, and that team will hold a practice game to-morrow evening to get used to one another, and also for the purpose of keeping in training.

The Fairviews will have a strong team over here to meet the locals, and it is confidently expected that the game will be of senior grade. The match will be played on the new Royal Athletic Park grounds, which will be in first rate shape for the occasion.

TROUBLE IN VANCOUVER.

Trouble is brewing in senior lacrosse circles in Vancouver, and it looks as if there will be some sensational developments within the next few days. The trouble arose over Dave Winkler, the Manitoba player, who signed a Vancouver club certificate last week. The Maple Leafs had received assurances from Winkler that he would play with them, and they forwarded his transportation. He accepted his expenses from the Leafs and arrived last week. Soon after his arrival he informed officials of the Maple Leafs that he had changed his mind and intended playing with the Vancouver. He later returned the expense money to the Maple Leafs. The latter club immediately notified the association, and a meeting of the association has been called for to-morrow afternoon to settle the matter. The Vancouver has nothing to say regarding the matter, but assert that no special inducements were held out to Winkler to play with them.

In order that the matter may be settled at once, Winkler will be called before the association and asked to explain his reasons for consenting to play with the Leafs and coming to the coast at their expense and then joining the Vancouver. It is not improbable that drastic steps will be taken in Winkler's case, as the officials of the association are determined in view of the steps taken to suppress any suggestion of professionalism, to sift the matter to the bottom, and do away with any possibility of similar cases arising.

ATHLETICS

OLYMPIC TRIALS.

The Montreal committee in charge of the provincial trial meets of the Olympic games has announced its programmes. The meeting will be held at the M. A. A. grounds on May 30th with the following events:

100, 200, 400, 800, 1,500 metres flat, 110 and 400 metres hurdle, standing and running broad jump, hop, step and jump, pole vault, throwing the hammer, discus, weight, tug of war, three mile team race, 3,500 metres, walk, relay race, 1,600 metres.

The winners in the trials will compete in the finals to be held at the M.

A. A. A. grounds on June 6th, and for which the programmes of events is as follows:

100, 200, 400, 800 and 1,500 metres flat, 110 and 400 metres hurdle, standing and running broad jump, hop, step and jump, pole vault, throwing the hammer and discus, weight, tug of war, three mile team race, 3,500 metres, walk, relay race, 1,600 metres.

DISAPPOINTMENT IN U. S. A.

Melvin Sheppard, America's greatest mid-distance runner and the man Uncle Sam has been counting on to carry old Glory to the front in the 300-metre event at the Olympic games in England, may not be among those to compete this year. Owing to his business Sheppard has been unable to put on a training shoe since the close of the indoor season and, in fact, he was able to do little training during the board floor campaign, running all his races with scarcely any preparation.

If Sheppard is unable to prepare for the trip, there is still a possibility that things will be so arranged that he can get time to train—it will mean that the metre event, Sheppard is the only man in the country who classes with the mid-distance cracks England has developed in the last year. In the recent Oxford-Cambridge games, T. B. Just, the Cantab, broke the tape in the half mile in the great time of 1:55.4, and he had no one to push him, winning by 28 yards. England is justly proud over the performance, and considers the 300-metre contest already won. Sheppard has covered the half in 1:53.4-5 and has twice won A. A. U. championships in 1906 in 1:55.2-5, and faster time. He is the only man in the States who classes with Just.

GOLF

CHAMPIONSHIP OF B. C.

Next week there will be a contest on the local golf links for the championship of British Columbia. For the competitions the trophies are cups presented respectively by Messrs. Bostock and Flumerfelt. It has been finally decided that the competition shall be held on the Oak Bay links commencing on Wednesday of next week at 2 o'clock. The final will be played on June 5th. In addition to the cups which are perpetual trophies the local club will give trophies to the champions, of the value of about \$20 each, so that there will be something well worth playing for.

In the preliminary rounds in each contest eighteen holes will be played, but in the final thirty-six holes will be required of the men. There will be an entry fee of one dollar for each event, and application may be made up to 4 o'clock on May 26th, to the secretary, Harvey Combe, at his office in the court house.

THE RING.

BURNS WILLING—FOR \$30,000.

London, May 20.—"Tommy" Burns, the heavyweight champion pugilist, yesterday sent a cablegram to Jack Hurley at Chicago accepting an offer to fight "Jack" Johnson, the colored heavyweight, on Labor day for a purse of \$35,000. Burns will have \$20,000 win or lose, or draw. Burns' acceptance is as follows: "I will accept \$35,000 for Labor day, you know my terms. Knell will post the forfeit and sign for me."

Burns is surprised at the strictures in American papers because he did not reply earlier to this offer. He says he never heard of it until he received Hurley's letter yesterday. Samuel Fitzpatrick, manager for Jack Johnson, said that Johnson had not heard anything direct from Hurley and as soon as he does he is ready to consider the offer.

THE OAR.

CREWS PICKED.

The crews of both Vancouver and Victoria seniors and juniors have been picked in readiness for the races at the Gorge during the regatta on Monday next. The home seniors look like winners, as they are all tried men and will doubtless show that the old club is just as virile as ever. The following are the crews:

J. B. A. A. (seniors)—Lain, stroke; Baylis, No. 3; Monteith, No. 2; Hughes, bow.
Vancouver (seniors)—Hammer, stroke; Moore, No. 3; Dillabough, No. 2; Savers, bow.
J. B. A. B. (juniors)—Hiscock, stroke; Thompson, No. 3; Strachan, No. 2; Bendroff, bow.
Vancouver (juniors)—Sweeney, stroke; Erskine, No. 3; MacGachen, No. 2; Godfrey, bow.

THE MAT.

DR. ROLLER AGAIN.

Dr. Roller the noted wrestler of Seattle is a busy man. No sooner does he throw one man than he is booked for another. Seattle people are proud of their wrestling doctor and he has not disappointed them. On Friday next he is booked to wrestle a return match with Fred Beell. Speaking of this match the Seattle Times says: "Roller will go into this match far more confident than when he met Beell the first time. Beell had been touted so highly to Roller that he was regarded as a sort of bugaboo by the local man. He had been told often about Beell's wonderful speed, his tremendous strength, his undoubted gameness and his fondness for slamming big fellows around like a sack of wheat that he rather dreaded the time he had to meet him. "But now that he has tested Beell's caliber and has come out on top, he will have more confidence in himself, Roller

picked up a number of good things in the Beell match and he says he has a few tricks about flying falls that will surprise Beell. The latter says he will adopt an entirely different style in this match and he confidently expects to win.

Roller says he will win over Beell by pin falls if he can, for he would rather win that way than get a decision on a flying fall. But if a flying fall comes his way he will not pass it up, for he wants to dispose of Beell as quickly as possible.

Those who know Beell say he will wrestle next Friday night in the style that has made him the terror of the East, and his friends confidently expect to see him pick Roller up bodily and slam him up against the posts of the ring like he has many another big man.

THE TURF.

CRANBROOK MEET.

Cranbrook, B. C., May 19.—The Western Canada Turf Association race circuit opened here yesterday, two thousand people being present. The racing was of the highest order. At Moodie or Calgary was all that could be desired as starter. Dr. Tohline, of Victoria, was presiding judge, and all decisions were approved of by the large crowd that was in attendance. The track was in very good condition and the weather was ideal. All events were very closely contested. In the last race, an upset occurred in which Jockey T. Sullivan fractured his skull and Jockey Lee Jackson broke a rib. The summary: 2:17 pace—First, Don McKinney; second, Don M.; third, Symble. Best time, 2:29 1/4.

One mile—First, Dave Webber; second, Jack Full; third, Ban Lord. Time, 1:48 1/2.

Three-quarter mile—First, Col. Bronston; second, L. A. Taranta; third, The Missourian. Time, 1:20 1/4.

Five-eighth mile—First, Sam McGibben; second, Ban Ellen; third, Otto. Time, 1:06.

Extra—First, Lucree; second, Pury; third, Time, 1:00.

The Indian pony race was won by Joe Hickey.

GENERAL NOTES.

Harry Wille's nine were out last night and delighted the few fans who were present with the showing they made. It is said by those who ought to know that the home team will win at least some of the matches during the holiday.

Play will commence promptly at 6:30 in the lacrosse game between Centrals and J. B. A. A. at Oak Bay to-night.

Golf players are wondering whether Harvey Combe will recover his old form for the golf championship contest next week. Mr. Combe has been provincial champion a number of times, and he has not yet stepped aside.

Dr. Tohline is acting as starter in the Cranbrook races. The Doc is a pretty good man at that difficult work.

Cah Kid Howell knock out Billy Lauder is a question which cannot be answered until the evening of the 23rd. Several people think he can.

It seems to be the general opinion that George Paris will be against some thing altogether different from Watt Adams when he meets Young McLaughlin in the theatre next week. McLaughlin is said to be no quitter and he hits hard and fast. He certainly looks all right.

The People's Shield committee have issued a statement of their receipts and expenditures showing deficit of ten dollars. The total gate receipts for the four games was \$1,872.60 and the expenditures \$1,882.60.

Billy West, who played here two years ago, has just arrived in Toronto to hold a position on the home end of the Toronto lacrosse team in the National League.

LACROSSE MEETING

HELD LAST NIGHT

A. McDonald Appointed Club Captain Pro Tem to Choose Team.

There was a meeting last night of the three local lacrosse clubs in the Y. M. C. A. rooms for the purpose of making arrangements for the selection of the senior team to represent the city on Monday next, and also to discuss the general business of the club. The method adopted will be that the president and captain will select three players. The five will then select three more, those eight will select three more, and the then eleven will select the last three, the president and captain not being players.

Stanley Peele left last night for Vancouver, and in his absence A. McDonald has been chosen to act as club captain. He and President McGurn will be out to the game this afternoon, and there will be many other critical eyes watching the form of the players. The greatest harmony prevailed at the gathering, and it was decided that everything should be done to help put a winning senior team in the field next Monday. It will no longer be a question as to what team a man belongs, but the crucial question will be what form does he show? In good enough? While each team will be anxious to have representatives on the senior team, the best man only will be chosen, regardless of his local affiliations.

The senior team will not be chosen until after the intermediate match on Saturday.

CANCER OF THE BREAST.

Our patients' method of treating this disease has been very successful in a large number of cases. Send six cents in stamps for our booklet. We will give seven weeks' treatment free to one person in each locality. Send full particulars of your trouble. Correspondence strictly confidential. L. Vitalita Remedies Co., Toronto.

VICTORIA TENNIS CLUB

ARRANGING GAMES

Team Match: to Be Played Against Vancouver and Seattle.

The Victoria Tennis club is making arrangements for playing team matches with Vancouver and Seattle clubs. An executive meeting will be held some day this week when definite plans will be made. The courts on Belcher street have been open for some little time but the cool weather has not been conducive to good tennis. Now however the play will begin in earnest.

The team games will be played by three men and three ladies. Return games will be arranged with Vancouver and Seattle and these will begin almost at once. Probably the end of this month will see the first game played.

The Victoria club is the only one in town of any size. It is not large for there are but four courts on the Belcher street grounds. It is thought however that next year some courts will be laid out at the Royal Athletic Park and probably a new club formed to play there.

END OF A GALLANT OLD FIGHTING SHIP

No more will hurrying feet rush along the decks or climb the rigging of that old daughter of the sea, the St. Mary's, which for thirty-four years has been used by the New York city department of education as a schoolship, where the youth of the city have been trained to the merchant marine service.

Could the old ship talk there is many an interesting tale she could tell since the first slipped into the sea from her berth at the Washington navy yard, where she was built for the navy in 1844.

She took active part in the Mexican and civil wars and did blockade service in the Pacific during the troublesome days of 1849, and it was during this period in her career that two men of her crew were at different times hung from her fore starboard yardarm. An act of congress passed in 1874 establishing training schools for the merchant marine, whereby the St. Mary's was turned over to the State of New York and in turn to the city of New York for use as a schoolship. She has been employed in this capacity from 1874 to 1908, a period of thirty-four years.

During this time she has made a cruise almost every year to foreign ports, giving her crew of cadets practical experience in seamanship.

In her career of sixty-four years she has been around the world fifteen times. More than a thousand boys have been graduated after a two years' course on her, and it was an interesting point that at the annual meeting held on her for the last time the other night there were present a graduate from the first year's class and his son, who was a graduate of the last year's class. Seventy-five per cent. of the boys who have been graduated from the St. Mary's have followed the sea, either in the navy or the merchant marine. Soon after she was built the St. Mary's was sent to the Pacific. It was in 1849 at Honolulu that the well-known incident involving the St. Mary's and a French warship took place. The Frenchman and the Yankee were on the point of having trouble, but the Yankee was in a bad way; a great many of her men were ill of "China fever" and on shore. There were not enough in the crew to man the guns.

At an opportune moment two American whale ships entered the harbor, and the St. Mary's complement was made up from the men of the two whaling vessels. So for a while a crew did they make that the Frenchman "cooled off" and there was no fight. In the civil war the St. Mary's was on the Pacific station and did not see active fighting. She is a vessel of 985 tons displacement, and originally her armament consisted of twenty-three guns, long nine and smaller pieces. She was called the St. Mary's from the county of that name in Maryland. Although taken out of the roster of navy ships temporarily, practically the same discipline and routine of work has been maintained on board the St. Mary's as exists in all American war vessels. The cadets were drilled constantly by graduates of the naval academy, cruising in the summer and in the winter quarters during the cold months. The daily routine at sea began at 3.45 a. m., when the watch was called. Inspection and prayers were at 9.30 and instruction in seamanship and navigation after that. At 11.30 o'clock all in the first class took an observation of the sun, and then the day was over.

Leaving the cadet ranks did not mean that the graduate lost touch with friends and associations of the ship. The nautical school has an alumni association of several hundred members which has its social reunions each year. Through the efforts of this organization recently the uniform of the department was changed from the regulation "blue" to the naval academy pattern. At the reunions anecdotes and remembrances are brought up, and none is more interesting perhaps than the race between the St. Mary's and the old Saratoga, which is comparatively of recent date.

This was in 1902, and the course was across the Atlantic from Puncna, Madeira. It came at the end of the summer cruise with each ship in fine fettle. They had been together at Southampton and Havre, where boat races had been held, and rivalry was keen between them. The Saratoga, which was longed to the Pennsylvania Naval School, was bound to Philadelphia from Puncna and the St. Mary's homeward bound to New York.

They sailed the same day, although officially no race was recognized, and for a week were practically on even terms, first one then the other taking the lead. Then they lost sight of each other, only to come back again ten days later. When they raised the Atlantic coast the St. Mary's held the most northerly position, and this, her men declared, gave her the race. In

Business and Society Suits



Art expresses that which is normal. Applied art hides that which is not. You are welcome always to come "just to see" the difference and distinctiveness of Semi-ready Tailoring. Semi-ready Clothes are tailored to physique types of perfect proportions, and can be fitted and finished to certain effects. Skilled tailors in every Semi-ready store do the finishing and subtly convey the sense of perfect proportion and suitability.

A Business Suit in "Blumoz" Serge at \$22 will last you as long as you care to wear it. Showing the three-button single-breasted Sack, the two-button Sack, and the two-button double-breasted Sack.

Semi-Ready Tailoring

B. WILLIAMS & CO.

68-70 YATES STRDET.

heavy weather the St. Mary's always showed her worth, and during the last days of the contest a gale raged.

And now the St. Mary's as a schoolship has like all things of this earth, outlived her usefulness and has been returned to the American navy department. And what will be her end? Nothing better probably than to be broken up and sold as junk, while her successor, the Newport, will be in her old berth at the foot of East Twenty-fourth street, New York.

The estimated cost of a bridge over the Straits of Dover is \$3,000,000.

SMOKE MY CHOICE CIGARS

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Homestead Regulations.

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the Northwest Provinces, excepting 1 and 2, not reserved for the use of the Government, may be sold to a family, or male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section of 160 acres, more or less.

Application for homestead entry must be made in person by the applicant at the office of the local agent or Sub-Agent. Entry by proxy may, however, be made on certain conditions by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader.

An application for entry of inspection made personally at any Sub-Agent's office may be wired to the local agent by the Sub-Agent, at the expense of the applicant, and if the land applied for is vacant on receipt of the telegram such application is to have priority and the land will be held until the necessary papers to complete the transaction are received by mail. In case of "personation" the entry will be summarily cancelled and the applicant will forfeit all priority of claim.

An application for inspection must be made in person. The applicant must be eligible for homestead entry, and only one application for inspection will be received from an individual until that application has been disposed of.

A homesteader whose entry is, in good standing, and not liable to cancellation, may, subject to approval of Department, relinquish it in favor of father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister, if eligible, but to no one else, on filing a declaration of abandonment.

Where an entry is summarily cancelled, or voluntarily abandoned, subsequent to the institution of cancellation proceedings, the applicant for inspection will be entitled to priority of entry.

Applicants for inspection must state in what particulars the homesteader is in default, and if subsequently the statement is found to be incorrect in material particulars, the applicant will lose any prior right of re-entry, should the land become vacant, or if entry has been granted it may be summarily cancelled.

DUTIES.—A settler is required to perform the conditions under one of the following plans:—
(1) At least six months' residence upon the land, or the equivalent in each year during the term of three years.
(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of a homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such homesteader the

requirement as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirement may be satisfied by residence upon such land.

Before making application for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.
COAL.—Coal mining rights may be leased for a period of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 per acre. Not more than 2,500 acres shall be leased to one individual or company. A royalty at the rate of five cents per ton shall be collected on the merchantable coal mined. QUARTZ.—A person making an entry of age, or over, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,600 x 1,600 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is \$5. At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon application, have the claim surveyed, complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1 per acre.

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee \$5, renewable yearly.

An applicant may obtain two leases to dig for gold on five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental \$10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

CIVIC NOTICE.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria having determined that it is desirable to construct the works hereunder mentioned on the following streets, namely:
1. Grading and macadamizing Gamma street;
2. Grading and macadamizing Delta street;
3. Permanent sidewalks on both sides of Francis avenue, also the grading and macadamizing of said avenue from Douglas street to Burnside road;
4. Permanent sidewalk on the west side of Hastings street, between Pembroke street and Darnley street;
5. Permanent sidewalks on both sides of Pembroke street, between Stanley avenue and Hastings street;
6. Permanent sidewalks, with boulevard, curbs and gutters, on both sides of Fernwood road, also the grading and macadamizing of said road from Edmondson road to Cedar Hill road;
7. Permanent sidewalk on the east side of Fern street, from Cadboro Bay road to Pandora avenue;
8. Permanent sidewalk on the east side of Waddington Alley from Johnson street to the intersection of said Alley with wooden blocks placed on a concrete foundation;
9. Permanent sidewalk on the west side of Government street, in front of Lot 534, Block H, and on the east side from Johnson street to Pandora avenue;
10. Permanent sidewalk on the east side of Cook street, between Fort street and Pandora avenue;

on both sides of Pandora avenue, with gutters, curbs and gutters, on both sides of Fernwood road and Stanley avenue, also the grading and macadamizing of said street;
11. Permanent sidewalks on both sides of Cook street, with curbs, gutters and boulevard, also the grading and mac-

adamizing of said street, between St. John street and Montreal street;

12. Permanent sidewalks on both sides of Vancouver street, with boulevard, curbs and gutters, also the grading and macadamizing of said street, between Humboldt street and Beacon Hill Park;
13. Permanent sidewalks on both sides of Trutch street, from Richardson street to Fairfield road, also the grading and macadamizing of same;
14. Permanent sidewalks on both sides of Douglas street, between Cook street and Moss street;

15. Permanent sidewalks on both sides of Douglas street, between Cook street and Douglas street, with boulevard, curbs and gutters, and the construction of a roadway, 21 feet wide, with a rock foundation and gravel surface on said street.

Also the construction of boulevard on the following streets, viz:—
1. Dundas street, both sides, between Douglas street and Gorge road;
2. Gorge road, north side, between Douglas street and Gorge road;
3. Linden avenue, both sides, between Rockland avenue and Fort street;
4. Ormond street, both sides, from Fort street to Yates street;

And that the cost of maintenance of the boulevard above mentioned, shall be borne by the property owners interested, and that each and all of said works should be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Local Improvement General By-Law, and amendment thereto. And the City Engineer and City Assessor having reported to the Council in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 of the said By-Law, upon each and every of said works of local improvement, giving statement showing the amounts estimated to be chargeable in each case against the various portions of real property to be benefited by the construction of said permanent sidewalks, the grading and macadamizing, the construction of boulevard, curbs and gutters above mentioned, and the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor aforesaid having been adopted by the Council, NOTICE is hereby given that the same shall be referred to the open for inspection at the office of the City Assessor, City Hall, Douglas street, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., 12th May: 1908.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply for a renewal of the retail liquor license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the Coach and Horses Saloon, situate on Esquimalt road, Victoria, British Columbia.

Dated the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1908. HUGH SIMPSON.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply for a renewal of the retail liquor license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the Four-Mile House, Goldstream road, Victoria, British Columbia.

Dated the 2nd day of April, A. D. 1908. MRS. M. GUDGE.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply for a renewal of the retail liquor license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the New Inn Saloon, situate on Esquimalt road, Victoria, British Columbia.

Dated the 25th day of April, A. D. 1908. GEO. STOKES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply for a renewal of the retail liquor license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the Half Way House Saloon, situate on Esquimalt road, Victoria, British Columbia.

Dated the 5th day of April, A. D. 1908. ALEXANDER SIMPSON.

Ocean and Coastwise Shipping

Movements of Local Vessels—Trade Expansion in B. C. Waters—
Gleanings of Interest From the Seven Seas.

THE STERN-WHEELER HAS CHANGED HANDS

Strathcona Will Be Operated
on Skeena by Vancouver
Syndicate.

The stern-wheeler Strathcona, formerly operated by the Hudson's Bay Company on the Skeena, and later by the Victoria Terminal Railway Company, was towed from the upper harbor to Vancouver yesterday.

A deal has been completed whereby the steamer has been sold to Vancouver, and she will be operated on the Skeena river during the present summer. The Strathcona, although out of commission for some time, is in good condition and will be overhauled at the Terminal City before being sent north. The price has not been divulged, but it is reported to be under \$50,000. Captain Alex. McLean came over yesterday and took charge of the steamer.

The Strathcona was built by the B. C. Ironworks at Vancouver. Although the opening of navigation on the Skeena came later this year than usually, there are prospects of an excellent season for the river craft. The country about Hazelton is rapidly filling up, and freight should be plentiful until the fall.

LADY SHIPOWNER

VISITS MONTREAL

Mrs. R. A. Alley Contemplates
Building Fast Ocean Steamer
for Victoria Run.

Mrs. Richard A. Alley, widow of the late owner and manager of the Alley line of steamships, which sails between New Zealand ports and Victoria, is in Montreal for the purpose of conferring with the railway companies and the Federal government at Ottawa with regard to steamship development between Canada and New Zealand.

Mrs. Alley enjoys the distinction of being the only lady in the world who is the active manager of a line of steamships, and is evidently a smart business woman—alert to fresh opportunities. She is looking into the possibilities that the Grand Trunk Pacific may offer for the development of trade with New Zealand, and is busy strengthening C. P. R. connections. The principal vessels of the lady's fleet are the *Disraeli* and the *Dean of Ruthven*, but should her present mission to Canada and the United Kingdom be successful, she will be returning to New Zealand, place an order on the Clyde for the construction of a new steamship—larger and faster than any she has at present in the fleet.

"Don't you find the problems that have to be solved by a lady shipowner rather difficult and the duties pretty exacting?" Mrs. Alley was asked in Montreal.

"I should not think they were more so than those of the lady graduate, the lady doctor, the lady lawyer, or even the lady journalist—all of whom we are familiar with in progressive New Zealand," remarked Mrs. Alley, with an engaging smile.

The lady shipowner, who is still young enough to be interesting, and interesting enough to seem young, stated that before her husband's death last year she had familiarized herself with the routine of business, and for years she had been consulted by her husband on all important questions.

On being questioned as to commercial relations, Mrs. Alley said New Zealanders were eager to trade with the Dominion.

**PUEBLA RESUMES IN
BEGINNING OF JUNE**

Governor, Due To-night, Will
Not Make Return Trip
to 'Frisco.

When she arrives at Seattle the Pacific Coast steamer *Umatilla*, which is due here from San Francisco to-night, will be made ready for service on the Nome run, and for a couple of weeks, until the steamer City of Puebla returns, the weekly schedule will be maintained on the San Francisco service by the steamships President and Governor.

The Governor is scheduled to sail from this port to-morrow evening for the Bay City, but will not be dispatched until Friday night. The President will leave San Francisco on Saturday, northbound, and will arrive here on Monday. The two "executives," as these vessels are called, will maintain the service until the end of the month. The Puebla will make her next trip north, leaving San Francisco on June 2nd, and will then run regularly with the Governor and President on a five-day schedule.

The *Umatilla* will be sent from the Sound to Nome on June 4th, and will probably be kept in this trade for the greater part of the summer.

When the five-day service is recommenced in June the special "round-the-Sound" excursion given by the fleet are expected to prove more popular than ever, and special arrangements have been made to give tourists taking in this inexpensive and delightful trip every comfort and convenience.

The ferry steamer St. George, Capt. Mooney, running on the route between Vancouver and North Vancouver, ran into her dock at the former place on Monday and sustained considerable damage besides breaking away a portion of the west wing of the dock. Fortunately the dock was almost deserted at the time and nobody was hurt by the mishap.

ST. LAWRENCE COLLISION.

Captain of Montcalm Held Responsible—
C. P. R. Steamer Freed From
Blame.

Montreal, May 19.—Commander Spain, Dominion wreck commissioner, has exonerated Capt. Griffiths and the crew of the C. P. R. liner *Montcalm* from all blame in connection with the collision between that vessel and the Canadian government steamer *Montcalm* at Quebec on May 7th. The collision was due to the carelessness of Capt. Belanger, of the *Montcalm*, whose certificate is suspended for one year. Capt. Belanger has been navigating the St. Lawrence for thirty-five years.

FREIGHT CONGESTION

BAD FOR LIQUOR MEN

Provisions Have First Call on
Skeena River Steamers
—Vadso Back.

On her last trip to northern B. C. ports, from which she arrived last night, the *Doscowitz* steamer *Vadso*, Capt. Johnson, did some smart steaming, and although she left Victoria two days late, picked up all but a few hours before returning to Vancouver.

From the northern ports the *Vadso* brought a large number of passengers. Her cargo consisted mainly of lumber and loaded 80,000 feet of lumber for Vancouver. According to advices brought by the *Vadso* there is an enormous congestion of freight awaiting transshipment from Port Essington to Hazelton. The Hudson's Bay steamers Port Simpson and Hazelton are carrying full loads up the river, but owing to the congestion of freight and the scarcity of provisions in the upper country no whiskey or other intoxicants, or, in fact, anything that can be classed as a "luxury" is being carried, preference being given to necessities. Reports have reached Port Essington to the effect that the saloons about Hazelton are, in many cases, practically out of business as a result of the freight situation.

The *Vadso* will leave again to-night on her schedule time for her usual ports of call.

WEST COAST SHIPPING REPORT

(By Dominion Radio-Telegraph)

Tatoosh, May 20, noon.—
Cloudy; wind south, 10 miles;
barometer, 30.16; temperature,
52. Passed out, barque *Adelphi*,
at 10:30 a. m.

Pachena, May 20, noon.—
Cloudy; wind southeast; sea
calm. No shipping.

Cape Lazo, May 20, noon.—
Cloudy; wind southeast. No
shipping.

Point Grey, May 20, noon.—
Cloudy; calm. No shipping.

Tatoosh, May 20, 9 a. m.—
Cloudy; wind south, 8 miles;
barometer, 30.18; temperature,
48. No shipping.

Pachena, May 20, 9 a. m.—
Cloudy; showery; wind south;
sea moderate. No shipping.

Cape Lazo, May 20, 9 a. m.—
Cloudy; wind southeast. No
shipping.

Point Grey, May 20, 9 a. m.—
Cloudy; showery; east wind. No
shipping.

(By Dominion Wire).

Carmanah, May 20, noon.—
Calm; partly clear; sea moderate.
No shipping.

Cape Beale, May 20, noon.—
East wind; clear; sea moderate.
No shipping.

Clayoquot, May 20, noon.—
Wind southeast; heavy sea;
showery. No shipping.

Carmanah, May 20, 9 a. m.—
Calm; cloudy; sea moderate;
barometer, 30.00. No shipping.

Cape Beale, May 20, 9 a. m.—
Southeast wind; moderate sea.
No shipping.

Clayoquot, May 20, 9 a. m.—
Southeast wind; heavy sea.
Steamer *Tasmania* in harbor.

BRITISH STEAMER FOUNDERS.

Latona Goes Down in Collision Off the
Lizard—Crew Rescued.

Falmouth, May 20.—The British steamer *Latona*, Captain Rolfe, 2,708 tons, from Montreal on May 8th for London, foundered west of the Lizard this morning after colliding with the British steamer *Japanese*, Capt. Thompson, 2,200 tons, from Newport for Montevideo. All the passengers and crew of the *Latona* were saved by the *Japanese* and have been landed here. The *Japanese* was badly damaged.

A WICKER LIFEBOAT.

A Dutch inventor has recently taken out a patent for a lifeboat made of wicker, which is said to possess unusual qualities for upholding weight and coping with the shock of pounding seas. The whole boat, except the ribs and seats, is made up of water-tight wicker. It is simply will not sink and stands five times as much rough usage as steel or wooden lifeboats. It cannot be said that the wicker vessel is very elegant in appearance, nor will it matter much in time of peril, as even the most fastidious will not cavil when life is at stake, but the boat will carry more passengers than other lifeboats and rides the seas with little trouble.

The tug *Chieftain*, after undergoing an extensive overhauling at the Victoria Machinery depot works, left yesterday for the Skeena river.

The Norwegian steamer *Elr* finished discharging at the outer wharf at 7 a. m. to-day and left an hour later for Tacoma.

INTERESTING DECISIONS ON MARINE MATTERS

Word Salvage is Defined—
Sufficiency of Notice of
Arrival.

The courts have recently handed down an interesting ruling in which the word "salvage" is defined as used in the maritime law, contemplates services rendered in connection with perils of the sea and to vessels or other craft and instrumentalities in use in the navigation of the sea or other waters, and there can be no lien for salvage for services rendered to a vessel while in a dry dock permanently attached to the shore for repairs in extinguishing a fire communicated to such vessel from buildings on the land; nor is a suit to enforce a claim for such services within the admiralty jurisdiction.

Another late decision is in reference to the sufficiency of notice of arrival as for a vessel to be discharged by him, but it is held liable for damage to a cargo of coffee resulting from its having been given on Sunday is also sufficient.

Liability of a vessel regarding "stowage" involves the following decision: "A vessel is held liable for damage to a cargo of coffee resulting from its having been given on Sunday is also sufficient."

The Inland Navigation Company to-day announced in Seattle that next week it will cut its rate on the steamers Chippewa and Rosalie running between here and Seattle to fifty cents for the round trip or half the present rate.

This aggressive move on the part of the American company is to be met by the C. P. R. by a similar reduction and, according to a report from Seattle, the local company will follow such action up by maintaining the rate of fifty cents return throughout the summer, using every move of the Seattle concern as a weapon of retaliation.

L. Courtney, C. P. R. agent here, did not confirm this report, however, and this afternoon said that the C. P. R. had not decided on cutting its rates to the figure stated.

The steamer *Rosalie* inaugurated her night service, leaving Seattle last night and arriving here this morning. It was far from being a success as a business venture as she brought only eight passengers while the number returning on her was eleven. This was of course the initial trip and was accordingly not as well known as future sailings will be.

The Seattle Chamber of Commerce yesterday authorized its committee on celebration to investigate the rate war between the Canadian Pacific Company and the Inland Navigation Company, and if it seems wise, to invite a conference with similar committees from the Vancouver and Victoria commercial bodies in an effort to settle the differences between the two companies. Following are the members of the committee: John H. Powell, chairman; F. B. Arthur, Frederick Baughman, F. B. Cooper and R. J. Reekie. It will hold its joint meeting this afternoon.

**STEAMER FOR G. T. P.
CONTRACTORS BEGUN**

New Stern-wheeler Skeena to
Be Completed by June
25th.

Vancouver, May 20.—A new stern-wheeler for Foley, Walsh & Stewart, G. T. P. contractors, was commenced here to-day by Dan McPhee under a contract to complete her by June 25th.

The new steamer, which will be used on the Skeena carrying construction materials, will be named the *Skeena*.

WALTER AS OPERA SINGER.

Wins First Prize in Contest Organized by Newspapers.

Two musical papers in Paris in view of the scarcity of good operatic talents, recently organized a contest for untitled singers, offering a money prize and musical training to the winner. There were 478 entries, and the "preliminary heats" having been decided in March, the finals took place at the Opera Comique, where twenty-five of the 478 came up to be judged.

The prize winner was a waiter from Montpellier, M. Charles Falandry, and the runner-up a Toulouse postman, M. Dominique. Among the unsuccessful candidates were a dentist, a cabinet maker, a stoker, a private soldier, a musician, a dog fancier and a shoe-maker.

ECHO OF NAPOLEONIC WARS.

A handsome granite monument was unveiled in Berlin recently with much ceremony, in memory of Johann Stegen, who distinguished himself by her conspicuous bravery at Lutzenburg in April, 1813, while the town was hard beset by the French under General Morand.

Johanna contrived repeatedly to convey cartridges and provisions in an apron to her countrymen. Three times she was captured, and escaped disguised as a nurse. Several times she was shot at by the enemy's lines, and it is believed that the battle was finally won owing to her valiant efforts.

FIRE DAMAGED KYUQUOT DEPOT

ST. LAWRENCE BROUGHT
NEWS TO CLAYQUOT

Oil-Bleachers and Slip Were
Partially Burned on
Monday.

Fire which broke out at the Narrows Gut Creek whaling station, Kyuquot on Monday greatly damaged the oil-bleaching sheds and the big slip up which the whales are hauled before it was extinguished. Smart work on the part of the workmen at the station alone prevented the flames from consuming the whole factory. As it is the damage will be fairly heavy.

News of the fire was brought to Clayquot on Monday night by the steam-whaler *St. Lawrence* and telegraphed to the Pacific Whaling Company. The steamship *Tees*, Capt. Townsend, which arrived from the West Coast to-day, brought only a few meagre details of the occurrence to substantiate the telegraphic advices.

Capt. Balm, of the Pacific Whaling Company, stated in the *Times* to-day that the loss would not prove a heavy one, and that the station would continue working. Materials to rebuild the burned portion of the station will be sent up to Kyuquot at once a portion of it probably going on the *Tees* to-night.

At Sechart the whaler *Orion* has added nothing to her catch for three or four days owing to heavy weather off the station.

Among the passengers who came down on the *Tees* were: D. M. McDonald, H. A. Munn, W. M. Brewer, A. M. Sutherland, W. Smith, G. V. Neill, J. B. McLaren, Miss Redfern, Miss Hodgson, P. Bucher, John Lancaster and P. Peterson, from Alberni; Mrs. Jackman, from San Juan; Mr. and Mrs. R. Joe, from Banfield; T. M. Baird, C. Warden, T. Glass and Alex. McPherson, from Sechart; J. McPherson, from Sechart whaling station, and Mr. and Mrs. Lyche and daughter, from Ucluelet.

CAMOSUN SAILS TO-NIGHT.

The Steamship Reached Port This Afternoon from the North.

The Union steamship *Camosun* arrived from B. C. northern ports via Vancouver this afternoon and will sail to-night for Port Simpson and way calls. She will take 15 tons of local freight.

Among the passengers going north on the steamship were: Mr. and Mrs. Erskine-Smith and R. J. McPherson, for Port Essington; Mrs. Porter and son, for Port Simpson; Mr. and Mrs. Enkel, the Misses Enkel, N. F. Townsend, A. L. Lewis and M. Corkish, for Prince Rupert.

MARINE NOTES

A dynamo, which was temporarily put out of running order when the R. M. S. *Empress of China* sank at Vancouver last year and has since been reworked, is being installed in the steamer *Charmar*.

The British barque *Adelphi*, Captain Berquist, completed loading lumber at Chemainus yesterday, and was taken in tow by the tug *Lorne* last evening for sea. She is bound for Sydney, N. S. W.

The tug *Stetson* arrived this morning from Ladysmith with a scow laden with coal for the C. P. R. wharf. She left again at 11 o'clock to bring down another scow-load.

TIDE TABLE.

Victoria, B. C., May, 1908.															
Date.	Time H.	Time H.	Time H.	Time H.	Time H.	Time H.	Time H.	Time H.	Time H.	Time H.	Time H.				
1	2:01.8	9:36.0	11:38.7	21:13.6	6.6	2:02.7	9:37.0	11:39.7	21:14.7	6.7	2:03.6	9:38.0	11:40.8	21:15.8	6.8
2	2:03.6	9:38.0	11:40.8	21:16.8	6.9	2:04.5	9:39.0	11:41.9	21:17.9	7.0	2:05.4	9:40.0	11:43.0	21:18.9	7.1
3	2:05.4	9:40.0	11:43.0	21:20.0	7.2	2:06.3	9:41.0	11:44.1	21:21.1	7.3	2:07.2	9:42.0	11:45.2	21:22.2	7.4
4	2:07.2	9:42.0	11:45.2	21:23.2	7.5	2:08.1	9:43.0	11:46.3	21:24.3	7.6	2:09.0	9:44.0	11:47.4	21:25.3	7.7
5	2:09.0	9:44.0	11:47.4	21:26.3	7.8	2:10.0	9:45.0	11:48.5	21:27.4	7.9	2:10.9	9:46.0	11:49.6	21:28.4	8.0
6	2:10.9	9:46.0	11:49.6	21:29.4	8.1	2:11.8	9:47.0	11:50.7	21:30.5	8.2	2:12.7	9:48.0	11:51.8	21:31.5	8.3
7	2:12.7	9:48.0	11:51.8	21:32.5	8.4	2:13.6	9:49.0	11:52.9	21:33.6	8.5	2:14.5	9:50.0	11:54.0	21:34.6	8.6
8	2:14.5	9:50.0	11:54.0	21:35.6	8.7	2:15.4	9:51.0	11:55.1	21:35.7	8.8	2:16.3	9:52.0	11:56.2	21:36.7	8.9
9	2:16.3	9:52.0	11:56.2	21:36.7	9.0	2:17.2	9:53.0	11:57.3	21:37.8	9.1	2:18.1	9:54.0	11:58.4	21:38.8	9.2
10	2:18.1	9:54.0	11:58.4	21:39.8	9.3	2:19.0	9:55.0	11:59.5	21:40.9	9.4	2:20.0	9:56.0	12:00.6	21:41.9	9.5
11	2:20.0	9:56.0	12:00.6	21:42.9	9.6	2:20.9	9:57.0	12:01.7	21:43.0	9.7	2:21.8	9:58.0	12:02.8	21:44.0	9.8
12	2:21.8	9:58.0	12:02.8	21:45.0	9.9	2:22.7	9:59.0	12:03.9	21:46.1	10.0	2:23.6	10:00.0	12:05.0	21:47.1	10.1
13	2:23.6	10:00.0	12:05.0	21:48.1	10.2	2:24.5	10:01.0	12:06.1	21:49.2	10.3	2:25.4	10:02.0	12:07.2	21:50.2	10.4
14	2:25.4	10:02.0	12:07.2	21:51.2	10.5	2:26.3	10:03.0	12:08.3	21:52.3	10.6	2:27.2	10:04.0	12:09.4	21:53.3	10.7
15	2:27.2	10:04.0	12:09.4	21:54.3	10.8	2:28.1	10:05.0	12:10.5	21:55.4	10.9	2:29.0	10:06.0	12:11.6	21:56.4	11.0
16	2:29.0	10:06.0	12:11.6	21:57.4	11.1	2:30.0	10:07.0	12:12.7	21:58.5	11.2	2:30.9	10:08.0	12:13.8	21:59.5	11.3
17	2:30.9	10:08.0	12:13.8	22:00.5	11.4	2:31.8	10:09.0	12:14.9	22:01.6	11.5	2:32.7	10:10.0	12:16.0	22:02.6	11.6
18	2:32.7	10:10.0	12:16.0	22:03.6	11.7	2:33.6	10:11.0	12:17.1	22:03.7	11.8	2:34.5	10:12.0	12:18.2	22:04.7	11.9
19	2:34.5	10:12.0	12:18.2	22:06.7	12.0	2:35.4	10:13.0	12:19.3	22:05.8	12.1	2:36.3	10:14.0	12:20.4	22:06.8	12.2
20	2:36.3	10:14.0	12:20.4	22:09.8	12.3	2:37.2	10:15.0	12:21.5	22:07.9	12.4	2:38.1	10:16.0	12:22.6	22:08.9	12.5
21	2:38.1	10:16.0	12:22.6	22:11.9	12.6	2:39.0	10:17.0	12:22.7	22:10.0	12.7	2:40.0	10:18.0	12:23.8	22:11.0	12.8
22	2:40.0	10:18.0	12:23.8	22:14.0	12.9	2:40.9	10:19.0	12:24.9	22:13.1	13.0	2:41.8	10:20.0	12:26.0	22:14.1	13.1
23	2:41.8	10:20.0	12:26.0	22:17.1	13.2	2:42.7	10:21.0	12:27.1	22:16.2	13.3	2:43.6	10:22.0	12:28.2	22:17.2	13.4
24	2:43.6	10:22.0	12:28.2	22:20.2	13.5	2:44.5	10:23.0	12:29.3	22:20.3	13.6	2:45.4	10:24.0	12:30.4	22:21.3	13.7
25	2:45.4	10:24.0	12:30.4	22:23.3	13.8	2:46.3	10:25.0	12:31.5	22:23.4	13.9	2:47.2	10:26.0	12:32.6	22:24.4	14.0
26	2:47.2	10:26.0													

BEFORE!
BUYING-SELLING
IN B.C.
CALL & SEE MY
LIST
OVER 100
PROPERTIES
AGGREGATING
25
BILLION
FEET
25,000,000,000
A.T. FRAMPTON
MAHON BUILDING
GOVERNMENT ST.
VICTORIA
PHONE
1658

STOCKS BONDS
F. W. Stevenson
BROKER
1203 BROAD ST.
RAILROAD AND INDUSTRIAL
HAND BOOKS ON
REQUEST.
GRAIN COTTON

NOTICE.

In the Matter of the "Quieting Titles Act," and in the Matter of the Title to the Western 42 Feet of Lot 876, in Block J, Victoria City, British Columbia.

Pursuant to the order of the Honorable the Chief Justice, dated the 8th day of May, A.D. 1908, notice is hereby given that any person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the western forty-two feet of lot number eight hundred and seventy-six (876), in Block "J," in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, which may be more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the southeastern corner of that portion of said Lot 876, which appears registered in the name of George Steitz, thence running 42 feet westerly along Discovery street, thence northerly 120 feet to the full depth of the said Lot, thence easterly 42 feet along the northern boundary of said Lot 876, and thence southerly 120 feet to the point of commencement, or any part thereof, is required, within eight (8) weeks from the date of said order, to file a statement of his or her claim with the Deputy Registrar of the Supreme Court of British Columbia at Victoria, pursuant to the Quieting Titles Act.

Dated the 9th day of May, A.D. 1908.
J. P. WALLIS,
Solicitor for Petitioners,
516 Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C.

HIGHER RAILWAY RATES.

A matter which has been attracting not a little attention is the proposition that the railroads of the country shall advance freight rates as a remedy for the general and really alarming decrease in their earnings, says Bradstreet. The difficulty of effecting any such change, as well as its possible impolicy, when the companies are already subjected to attacks and interference on the part of the national and state governments, are so apparent that it may well be believed that the managements of the systems which would necessarily take the lead in such a movement will hesitate in the attempt. From an economic standpoint an increase in the cost of transportation, one of the most important factors in the business of the United States at a period of contraction in trade and lower commodity values would, in fact, appear to be impracticable. That the subject has received serious consideration is shown by the meeting held in New York this week of presidents and other executive officials of the eastern and New England roads, at which the advance was the topic discussed. The statement issued after the meeting adjourned was to the effect that the traffic officials of the different roads had for some time been making a study of freight rates, and had reported to their executives in favor of increases in tariffs varying with the different classes of commodities. While it is believed that the general sentiment of those attending the meeting was that existing conditions require that an increase be made, the meeting adjourned in order that each company represented might give further consideration to the subject. It was also understood that the increases recommended were to the extent of 10 cents per 100 pounds for rate on first-class freight between New York and Chicago, with lesser advances in those on the other classes down to 2 cents per 100 pounds on the sixth class of such traffic. In behalf of the proposition it has been urged that it is justified by the increased cost of operation and by the fact that the only alternative would be a reduction in the wages of railway labor. Furthermore, the argument is put forth that the assurance of increased profit to the railroads is necessary to enable them to proceed with development work with which to meet the demand for increased facilities, and that it would arrest the curtailment of expenditures for such purposes as well as in the general conduct of their affairs, which some authorities assert, is responsible for as much as 50 per cent. of the falling off in general business. The adjournment of the meeting without action and the fact that no time has been fixed for its resumption would tend to show, however, that the managements are approaching the subject in a cautious manner in keeping with the difficulties it involves from whatever point it is viewed.

Although the New York Central system as a whole reported a decrease of 16 per cent. in the gross earnings for March, the cost of operation diminished to such an extent that the system was enabled to report an increase of 2.4 per cent. in net receipts. In other words, gross earnings for the eleven roads comprising the system amounted in March to \$17,181,577, which sum represents a decrease of \$1,941,047 from March, 1907; net earnings in March the current year aggregated \$2,808,270, the current year aggregated \$2,808,270, the current year aggregated \$2,808,270, the current year aggregated \$2,808,270.

In the World of Finance and Trade

Local Markets—Stock Quotations From New York, Chicago and London—Doings in Mining Centres

The Local Markets

Apples, new, per bushel	17 1/2
Rhubarb, 4 lbs. for	25
Cauliflower, each	4
Cabbage, per lb.	1 1/2
Potatoes (Island), 100 lbs.	1.50
New Potatoes, per lb.	1 1/2
Lettuce, each	4
Onions, per bunch	4
Hams (Caled.), per lb.	6 1/2
Spinach, per lb.	1 1/2
Brussels Sprouts, per lb.	12 1/2
Artichokes, per lb.	6
Celery, per lb.	1 1/2
Mats	
Hams (B.C.), per lb.	22
Bacon (B.C.), per lb.	25
Hams (American), per lb.	25
Bacon (American), per lb.	25
Bacon (rolled), per lb.	19 1/2
Shoulders, per lb.	15
Bacon (long clear), per lb.	15
Beef, per lb.	10 1/2
Pork, per lb.	11 1/2
Mutton, per lb.	12 1/2
Lamb, per lb.	12 1/2
Lamb, hindquarter, per lb.	12 1/2
Veal, per lb.	12 1/2
Pork, per lb.	12 1/2
Fresh Island Eggs	30
Best Dairy Butter	30 1/2
Butter (Creamery)	30
Lard	40

Hubbard's Flour	
Ogilvie's Royal Household, per sack	2.00
Ogilvie's Royal Household, per bbl.	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75
Nov. 1st, per sack	7.75
Dec. 1st, per sack	7.75
Jan. 1st, per sack	7.75
Feb. 1st, per sack	7.75
Mar. 1st, per sack	7.75
Apr. 1st, per sack	7.75
May 1st, per sack	7.75
June 1st, per sack	7.75
July 1st, per sack	7.75
Aug. 1st, per sack	7.75
Sept. 1st, per sack	7.75
Oct. 1st, per sack	7.75

TORIA, ORIENTAL BAZAR.

News From Four Corners of B. C.

Interesting Happenings Gleaned From All Sources in the Province.

ALBERNI NOW HAS

FIRE WARDENS

Comic Drama Presented by Amateurs Proves Success—Tasmanian Chartered.

(Special Correspondence)

Alberni, May 19.—At a public meeting called for the purpose by Government Agent H. C. Rayson on the 14th inst., the following gentlemen were elected by acclamation as fire wardens for the town of Alberni for the ensuing year: Chief Constable C. A. Cox, Dr. A. D. Morgan and Henry Hills. They will take active steps at once looking to the protection of the village against fire.

The Old Maid's Convention was the title of a comic drama played on the evening of the 15th inst. before a large audience in Brand's hall. The entertainment was given by the Ladies' Basketball Club of Alberni, and the performers, some 20 young ladies and one lone man, were all amateurs and in many cases had never taken part in any dramatic representation before.

Considering this, the performance was highly creditable to those engaged in it, and received the enthusiastic approval of the public present. Miss J. Clarke, Miss Robertson and Miss G. Cox deserved especial mention. The door receipts netted the sum of \$31 which was paid into the fund for the promotion of a local hospital. The young ladies deserve the thanks of the community for their public spirited action.

Tasmanian Under Charter.
Captain G. A. Huff returned from Victoria on the 18th inst. and left the same evening in his steamer the Tasmanian for Nootka Sound, where his boat will be under charter for ten days to a party desiring to be looking into a timber proposition.

Sells Gasoline Launch.
James Beck, of Clayoquot, has sold his gasoline launch to A. Watson, of New Alberni. The launch has new engines and a cabin and will prove a convenience if brought to the canal.

John Williams, a Chilean, was convicted on the 15th inst. of having, the previous evening, been found in an Indian house on a reserve with intoxicants in his possession, he having been caught red handed in the act of administering whiskey to an Indian. He paid a fine of \$50 and costs.

FRUIT INDUSTRY AT NEW DENVER

Advantages of District to Be Bruited Abroad by Inhabitants.

New Denver, May 18.—A party of Americans from Ohio started out from here on Saturday with pack horses and guides for Wilson creek, where they will engage in a month's bear hunting. This is a likely field for bear, and the party is in good hands.

The fruit industry is taking a strong hold here. Much land is being cleared and laid out in orchards. Vegetation is well advanced, more so, in fact, say recent visitors, than in any section of the interior. New Denverites intend making known to the outside world more thoroughly than in the past the attractions of this locality for the fruit grower, and there is under consideration a scheme to send to England a lecturer to spread the good news of New Denver's potentialities as a fruit growing district.

In view of the prospective large increase in the tourist traffic this season, the Newmarket hotel, New Denver's leading hostelry, is being enlarged and refurbished, so that this town will soon boast of one of the most commodious and convenient stopping places in southern British Columbia.

BUILDINGS FOR PRINCE RUPERT.
Princo Rupert, May 16.—J. P. Piercy & Co., of Victoria, have secured a building site from the G. T. P. on Centre street, and have contracted for the erection of a two-story building, 30 by 40 feet.

Thomas Dunn, for the Princo Rupert Hardware & Supply Company, has ordered material for a warehouse 24 by 40 feet, to be built alongside the company's store on Centre street.

J. A. Kirkpatrick has the lumber on the ground for a one-story building to be 24 by 40 feet. It will be used for a general store. Mr. Kirkpatrick is in Vancouver and Victoria purchasing his stock, which he intends to get here on the Amur.

OVERLAND TO GOLDFIELDS.
Ashcroft, May 19.—Mr. Arthur Hoops, son of Dr. Hoops, of Soda Creek, and three companions have left via the overland route for the Ingens River placers. They expect to make the journey in three weeks.

Excellent bituminous coal has been discovered and located in the vicinity of Fraser lake in Northern Cariboo.

VERNON'S NEW SCHOOL.
Vernon, May 19.—A splendid four-roomed school building, with all modern improvements, is now in course of erection at the north end of the town. There is a prospect of having a high school established after the summer vacation. The new building would give ample accommodation for both departments, as the public school requires but two rooms.

Next to lot of roses, the most valuable perfume is oil of jasmine, which is raised at \$250 per pound.

VANCOUVER SINKING FUND.

Vancouver, May 19.—The work of the Vancouver sinking fund, the committee having charge of the matters relating to the sinking fund investments made years ago in farm properties, is always done in camera. News sometimes does leak out, however, about its doings. And persons who took in the recent trip to Middleboro had pointed out to them properties in which the city has been interested. One farm at Nicomen was pointed out, which has recently been sold for far more than the city recently invested in it. Attention was called to another on which the sinking fund recently paid up \$300 in back interest, rather than lose it. Altogether the sinking fund investments are turning out much better than the most sanguine would have hoped for a few years ago.

PREPARING TO BUILD ESTEVAN LIGHTHOUSE

Tramway for Transshipping Material Laid Down—Permanent Houses Built.

(Special Correspondence)

Alberni, May 19.—A. W. Neill returned on Thursday from Hesquiat and intermediate points. Active preparations are being made to push the work of erecting the light house tower at Estevan point some eight miles beyond Hesquiat. A temporary light is now being operated. Permanent houses for the staff of both the light house, fog alarm, and wireless station have already been completed and a tramway of over two miles in length has been laid down to enable the material for the houses to be landed as the immediate neighborhood of the proposed site is inaccessible for steamers.

CLOVERDALE CAR LINE.

New Westminster, May 19.—Six tenders for the grading, clearing, etc., of the first portion of the Westminster-Chilliwack branch of the B. C. E. R. roads were received yesterday morning by Charles Gardner, C. E., at the Vancouver office of the company, each envelope containing a marked cheque for five per cent. of the amount of the tender, according to the terms of contract.

The names of the tenderers have not been made public. The successful contractor will be known until about the end of the week, when an official announcement will be made by the general manager of the company. The awarding of the contract will be immediately followed by active operations between this city and Cloverdale, twelve miles distant, it being the intention of the B. C. E. R. Company to complete this portion of the line before taking up active work on the sections beyond Cloverdale.

HOSPITALS ON G. T. P. LINE.

Vancouver, May 19.—Dr. F. J. Ewing left for the North last night on the steamer Princess Beatrice to take charge of the hospital service in connection with the Grand Trunk Pacific construction work. Several weeks will be devoted to an inspection of sites for hospitals. A base hospital will probably be established at Princo Rupert, with smaller ones at different points along the Skeena river. Dr. Ewing, who has had charge of the medical work on the contracts of Messrs. Foley Bros. and Larson for the past ten years, will have a large medical staff at his disposal. He will be accompanied on the trip to the North by Mrs. Ewing.

METHODISTS TO HAVE THEOLOGICAL COLLEGE

Vancouver Convention Unanimously Decides to Raise Fund of \$60,000.

Vancouver, May 19.—"Practically all the denominations will have theological colleges in affiliation with the University of British Columbia. Now, are Methodists to be behind?"

Thereupon British Columbia Methodism, lay and clergy, by its official voice, the conference, yesterday afternoon, unanimously pronounced in favor of raising a fund of \$60,000 for such a college.

Then from the hopeful future it turned to the pioneer past, and in gratitude for the noble work accomplished by the Columbia College favored, with equal unanimity, the raising of a fund of \$40,000 to set it free of debt, thus enabling it to carry on its future work independent of the conference, not only as a self-sustaining, but in all probability, a paying college.

TOOK ENOUGH TO POISON 100.

Vancouver Woman Comes to Her Death by Bichloride of Mercury.

Vancouver, May 19.—Mrs. Josephine Marstrand, wife of J. L. Marstrand, of the wealthy brewer of Vancouver, died early on Sunday. Yesterday Dr. Langis reported the facts to the coroner, and to-day an inquest was held. It was found that the woman had taken enough dissolved bichloride of mercury to kill a hundred and fifty people. The jury decided that the case was probably one of accidental death, but the facts are to be forwarded to the attorney-general. The woman was 37 years old.

TO LIVE IN VANCOUVER.

Vancouver, May 19.—It is expected that J. W. Stewart, of Foley, Welch & Stewart, will take up his residence in Vancouver, moving here from Kenora, so as to be near his work of construction on the G. T. P.

PRIZEWINNERS IN GRAND FORKS BAZAAR

Many Useful and Valuable Articles Won by Residents.

(Special Correspondence)

Grand Forks, B. C., May 17.—At the bazaar held here a couple of days ago under the auspices of the Roman Catholic church many valuable articles were won by residents of Grand Forks and the Kettle valley, a list of which in part is as follows: A valuable clock, donated by D. R. McDougall, was won by P. Burns & Co. of Greenwood; a handsome mission chair, donated by James McArdle, was won by Mrs. Lewis of Ehol; a mission arm chair, donated by Mrs. Sincere, was won by Mrs. A. Stewart of Grand Forks; a bicycle donated by the Catholic young men, was won by P. Leyden; a beautiful down quilt, donated by Mrs. L. Quimpe, was won by Mrs. B. O. Donald; a case cosy, donated by Mrs. H. W. Warrington, was won by Mr. Goodyen of Bridesville; Mexican tea cloth, donated by Mrs. Bentley, was won by Miss R. Gilpin of Grand Forks; a Virginia tea cloth, donated by the Ladies' Altar society, was won by Mrs. W. A. Williams; a beautiful doll, donated by Mrs. Ryan, was won by John Donaldson; a Scotch doll, donated by Mrs. A. D. McPherson, was won by Joe Crosby; a shaving set, donated by the ladies of the Altar society, was won by D. J. McDougall; a lace handkerchief, donated by Mrs. Warrington, was won by Mrs. Kytogen; a Virginia centerpiece, donated by Mrs. D. A. McKinnon, was won by Mrs. Chalmers; pane velvet center piece, donated by Mrs. McMillott, was won by Fred Clark; a beautiful cushion, donated by the Ladies' Altar society, was won by Mrs. Bone of Spokane.

JAPS' MONEY REFUSED.

Vancouver, May 19.—The money contributed last January by the Vancouver Japanese as balm to the firemen who were injured in the fight on New Year's morning, was again offered to the men, but again it has been refused. The Japanese have donated it to the general hospital.

STRICT WATCH ON NORTHERN FISHERIES

Inspector Williams, at Princo Rupert in Connection With Regulations.

Princo Rupert, May 16.—John T. Williams, inspector of fisheries, was in Princo Rupert during the week. It is understood vigilant watch will be maintained in his district this year, to the end that the salmon fishing industry of the Skeena and the Nass and Rivers Inlet will not become one of Fraser; river, through violating the fisheries regulations and neglecting to do work that tends to make it easier for the salmon to reach spawning grounds.

Mr. Williams has been given three new launches of a speed of 8 1/2 miles. They are 20 feet long, 8 feet beam, and 10 feet deep. One will be on the Skeena, one on the Nass, and one on the Rivers Inlet. Work was commenced last year in removing obstructions in Copper river that made it difficult for the salmon to get up that stream to spawning grounds. This season it is contemplated to do like work on Copper river, and possibly also on the headwaters of the Skeena. The season is reported late and the fish running in deep water. Mr. Williams will make his headquarters at Port Essington, where his family will reside during the season.

NEW ROUTE TO INGENICA.

Opening of Upper Fraser Will Facilitate Travelling to the North.

Vancouver, May 19.—A message has been received from J. A. Fraser, of Quenel, manager of the Reid Syndicate, to say that the steamer Charlotte had successfully made the trip on the Fraser river between Cottonwood Canyon and Fort George. This route has heretofore been considered impracticable for steam navigation, but during the past winter, the Dominion government blasted a great deal of rock out of the bed of the river in order to enable the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway to get in its supplies for construction work. The result appears to be that this portion of the Fraser is now navigable.

It is considered that it will open up a new and better route to the Ingenica gold fields, as the stage journey from Ashcroft to Soda Creek can be made in two days, and steamer can then be taken to Fort George, making, it is thought, a shorter and easier route than by way of Hazelton.

COLUMBIA RIVER RISING.

Revelstoke, May 19.—The Columbia river is rising rapidly and the prospects are for high water this season. Already the water is over the dam, and drift wood is floating over the piles.

KELOWNA BOY DROWNED.

Kelowna, May 19.—A lamentable drowning accident occurred on Saturday morning by which Neil Malcolm Smith, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, lost his life in Mill creek.

At the present rate of excavation Pompeii will not be entirely uncovered before the year 1970.

A TOWN GARDEN

By E. G. in the London Mail.

My wife calls it the jungle, not because of its luxuriance, but because of its lack of order; and, maybe, because of the mystery attached to the appearance of things there. It is not the kind of garden described in journals and gardening manuals. It has no wonderful corners adapted for rockeries, or trellis-work, or rustic bowers. There are houses all around. They stand four-square about, keeping off maybe rough winds and sending out over the dirty smoke of the domestic fire. The smuts are keener than bees in settling on our timid flowers. But no horticultural garden takes keener pleasure in his garden, nor have the readers of horticultural magazines more delight than is mine when on the morning survey another bed is found and some new shoot is seen or when, in a gardening magazine, that has been tried—and has failed, in my garden. The garden is an illustration of the constant pleasure of intention. Each new plan for securing success in it must be tried.

But discovery and intention are not the only joys. Curiosity, acquisition of knowledge, hope in experiment, cheerfulness in success, chagrin at failure, pleasure in giving, satisfaction in obtaining a new specimen, maybe to die—these are just the same thrills that inventors, travellers, warriors feel.

Relatives and Friends. No one photographs my garden but myself; no one writes urging other enthusiasts to call and see some rare plant. But, though a modest, my garden completes a bond of sympathy. The pots of sickly ferns and nasturtiums on the yard walls of the houses in the cities, the well-ordered beds of the nurseryman, the conservatories of wealthy city magistrates, the lush lawns of the field and cottage, the rows and forest, afford the greater joy beyond intimacy, for they are but the poorer and richer cousins of my own back garden.

To what a host of friends in book-land my jungle introduces me. These are friends of the open air—healthy, bronzed, generous must their writers be. Streams, hills, roadides, woods are made gay by flowers similar to those I grow; and many a picture lives because I see there the little faces I know so well. Newman loves the snappers on the walls of Trinity college; that brings him nearer than the rest of the "Apologia." Snell tells of the messengers in a North Devon garden; at once I take his arm and am quite ready to tramp through glorious Devon with him. Tim Linkinwater watches the cripple's hyacinth across the court. Does not Dickens open up the secret joy of us all in the beauty of flowers? Miss Mitford wishes her garden were his. From her garden; it would mean him from the grosser joys of town. My flowers revive memories of places, too. A moated Sussex castle has a more permanent interest because on its towers I found such small forget-me-nots that my own tiny ones seem gigantic beside them. Winchester church known through Denis Druce, is a fonder memory because a gillyflower which nestles on the ruined walls of its transepts is own cousin to these long-legged wallflowers with blackened leaves in my garden.

Hopes and Fears. Look with me through the window at the garden in front of the house. The crocuses have had no chance to make their own way to the golden bowls to streaming sunshine. The snowdrops which raised our hopes are gone; and the hopes, too, with them. "The glory of the snow" is a little plot of grass nodded bravely to the squills to come along—no easy matter, as the acorn had got so near as to cause a struggle with the hardy curbs and bushes. A hardy curbs and bushes; and we must crouch by the wall to see if the little fever spots of life are on the amplexus. Around it some fleure-de-lis stand. What a day of exultation when their royal blooms bedeck the front. And there, in a distress and to my neighbor, a boon, is a cutting of box from a garden where our gladdest days were spent.

Let us look at the back garden. Only upwards can you see for more than forty yards; and in that house made of stone, yards and gardens beside my own, separated only by paths and privet hedges. We have among us six big trees, sycamore and beech. One grows in my lot; and the next, which we call a rookery, is in the next tree but one. When the rooks are nesting, my neighbors walk forth like armed proprietors. Those lantern lights are glassy broken by the boys in the laboratory. They are tempting two hybrid aquilegas, raised from seed, to grow a little faster. The Madonna lily, now the boldest of all the plants in the garden but the rhubarb, will flower when we are away on our holidays. The neighbors say it is then a picture. I should like to see it.

That empty bed is the field of Waterloo to thirteen hardy roses selected as suitable for a town garden. They fought and lost. Only brown little sticks were left after three months' fight. But there is a rose, John Hopwood, for ten years he has hoped for it. It cannot run. There are three or four blossoms each year. They are not for exhibition, but they are roses.

The Joy of Possession. Away in a garden that I loved grew a tree, willow in structure. It was festooned over outhouses, and was called a tea tree. I have two cuttings, and when they bloom and fruit, the neighbor of New Gardens will be invited to name them. Local botanists have failed; and so have the joys of possessing an unknown, a unique plant. Near by is a Virginia creeper—it would not cover a single stone; but the few leaves it has got through the walls of Oxford, making it a city of fairy and fantastic dream. There is the domestic rhubarb. It is no ornament; but with a little lot of

thyme, rue, and mint it gives me the joy of possessing a kitchen garden. We once grew cabbage—for the snails! I speculate on the way in which a garden could be arranged, if architects, landlords and tenants knew their business.

The lance-points of the English and Spanish iris spring and the Parrot tulips. Cannot the iris be made to last a little longer? Its frail magnificence is almost a moral. But here are my two rows of sweet peas. There is one coming through. Last year, alas! not one of our two hundred seeds germinated. The damp and cold murdered them. Nothing in the garden, made into a posy for the button-hole, gives such a warranty to the grower who wears them. Forgive his show of sufficiency and pride; especially if the blossoms have been reared in a back garden of a town where cold, damp and dirt do corrupt, and where worms, earwigs and snails do wage unequal war with man in his efforts to beautify his home.

A heavy snow has fallen. My garden is useless; but let the snow cease for ten minutes and the little specks that I shall see peeping through nature's warm mantle will remind me of the ever-present joys of anticipation, preparation and realization.

9 YEARS B D LEG HIALED BY Z' M-BUK

Mr. C. Johnson, of Poplar Hill Creek, Athabasca Landing, Alta., says: "About nine years ago a running sore commenced on my right leg caused by a ruptured blood vessel. As time went on it got worse and my sufferings were intense. I had a very sore leg indeed, and had very small hopes of ever seeing it healed, in fact I was told by several who had known such sores that I would suffer with it for life. When I was almost in despair I heard of Zam-Buk and commenced using it. Other sores I had used caused me much suffering, but Zam-Buk soothed the pain, and although it appeared for some time to be doing no good yet I persevered and as soon as the wound became clean, it was only a matter of three or four days before it was healed."

Zam-Buk cures cuts, burns, pimples, ulcers, ringworm, itch, piles, running sores, blood poisoning, and all skin diseases. All stores and druggists. 60c. box, or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

IN DEATH VALLEY.

The Worst Place in the Whole Wide World. Only thirty-five miles long, and about eight miles wide; yet nobody can pass through it and retain both life and reason. Such is Death Valley, on the borders of California and Nevada. It is undoubtedly the deadliest place in the whole wide world.

I have looked down upon this valley several times from the mountain heights which enclose it—the Telescope range on the west and the Funeral range on the east. But I never foolish enough to court certain death, as too many others have done, by searching the valley for the rich deposits of gold and silver it is reputed to contain.

I visited the works of a borax company on the California edge of the valley—not actually in the desert itself—and even there the heat was unendurable.

"A man cannot go for an hour without water here," one of the officials told me, "or he becomes a raving maniac. One of our men died from the heat while lying down inside his adobe hut on the company's property. Another was actually riding, with a canteen of water in his hand, on top of a load of borax, when he fell over and expired."

For Greed of Gold. Death Valley itself is the bed of a vanished lake, now a desert of sand, salt, and alkali. There are several streams and pools of water in it, but they are all impregnated with alkali, and therefore poisonous. Glittering fields of salt alternate with miles of white sand, which is drawn in places into high mounds by the whirling hot winds that sweep through the gorge. The surface of the salt earth in places is very brittle, and a few inches beneath it there is a slimy, salt mud, of unmeasured depth, from which rescue is impossible.

There were forty emigrants in the first wagon train that tried to pass through Death Valley in 1826. Two men got through, and both were insane. Many other bands of emigrants going to California perished, and the place was avoided, until gold was found there, and then party after party of reckless men were lured to death. Over fifty Mexicans succumbed in one batch.

Death Valley has been the scene of some of the worst tragedies of torture in human history. A lieutenant of the United States army, on an exploring trip with two soldiers, forced his guide at the point of the rifle to take him into the valley on foot. Within two hours one of the soldiers staggered back into the camp of the main body, demented, and hardly able to walk. The others had become insane and wandered away to die.

Searching for Water.

A few years ago a Frenchman named Idore Daunet, reached a ranch where I had been staying. He had come through the valley with a party of six. The rest had perished. Wild with thirst, they had cut the throats of their pack animals and drunk the spouting blood. Daunet had suffered terribly and was quite insane. Two days after reaching the ranch he put a bullet through his brain.

The body of a prospector named O'Brien was found near the end of the valley with the fingers of both hands actually worn down to the bone by ineffectual efforts to dig for pure water in the salt earth.

If a man is not quickly killed by heat and thirst, or by falling into the quicksands, he goes mad and raves in green fields and bubbling streams. In parts of the valley there are innumerable pinacles of salt earth, as sharp as a needle, and as dangerous as bayonet-points. Many a man has been lamed by them, and fallen down to die in delirium. Even the gloomy imagination of Dante could not have



Will build the above California Bungalow, containing 9 large rooms, 5 closets, pantry and bath, for \$2,000. Plans and specifications and many smaller ones, ranging in price from \$400 up on application to

R. H. GREEN, Mount Tolmie P. O. B. C.

Grant Street Home

CLOSE TO STANLEY AVE. AND PRETTILY DESIGNED

3 bedrooms, bathroom, library, parlor, living room; kitchen, pantry, woodshed, stable, electric light, all in magnificent repair. Large lot, fruit trees, hedges, cement walks, lawn, flowers.

We consider this one of the best buys in the city, and the price is

ONLY \$3,000

With terms of one-half cash and balance on mortgage.

McConnell & Taylor

COR. FORT AND GOVT STS. Upstairs.

conjured up one-half of the horrors of this real Valley of Death—London Exchange.

PRISON FOR WATERING MILK.

Dairymen Must Spend Two Years in Prison and Pay \$100.

Two policemen one morning recently caught a dairyman named Favrier, at the central market in Paris, while he was engaged in the highly lucrative enterprise of watering his milk.

Favrier resisted arrest, and struck the policemen with his whip. For the combined offense he has now been sentenced to two years' imprisonment and ordered to pay a fine of \$100.

Moreover, he is to bear the cost of inserting the judgment in four newspapers, as well as having it printed and posted up at the various entrances to the market.

Paris has a church made out of paper treated so as to resist the action of the weather.

VICTORIA WATER WORKS

TENDERS FOR STEEL PIPE AND PUMPING PLANT

Tenders, sealed, endorsed and addressed to the undersigned, from whom specifications may be obtained, will be received up to 4 p. m. on Monday the 15th June, 1908, for supplying and laying certain steel riveted pipe, also the supplying and installing in the Yates Street Pumping Station of

2 ELECTRIC-DRIVEN POWER PUMPS

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. W. NORTHCOTT, Purchasing Agent for the City of Victoria.

City Hall, 5th May, 1908.

TENDERS

Separate tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 4 p. m. on Tuesday, the 26th day of May, for the following articles:

First—One large scow 70 x 20, fitted up and made complete for carrying garbage out to sea.

Second—For alterations and extension of wharf at the foot of Telegraph and Herald streets, the above to be built as per specifications.

Third—To furnish a tug with all appliances for the work at so much per trip or month. Tug to be of sufficient strength to tow the above scow to sea in all ordinary weather, and as often as required and deposit the garbage out at sea sufficient distance from shore to insure the material not coming back on the beach.

The parties tendering for any of the above will be required to enter into a contract with the city and give bonds for security for the performance of the above work.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. W. NORTHCOTT, Purchasing Agent.

City Hall, May 16, 1908.

SLATE ROOF

MATCHES ANY COLOR ON THE HOUSE.

N. A. G. SLATING COMPOSITION

MAKES SHINGLES LOOK LIKE SLATES.

WILL STOP LEAKS.

Waterproof, fireproof, moss-proof. The best known preservative for shingles, iron or composition roofs.

Manufactured by

Newton & Greer

Paint Co.

OFFICE: 568 YATES STREET, PHONE 887.

Estimates given for all roofing repairs and painting, also for

House Painting

PAPERHANGING, ETC.

—by—

VICTORIA PAINTING CO.

Best Workmanship and Materials—Guaranteed.

SALE OF

Thorough Bred Poultry

On now at the

CEDAR HILL POULTRY YARDS, MT. TOLMIE P. O.

500 baby chicks and 400 laying hens. Now is your chance to improve your stock with a good laying strain. Bred from prize winners. The entire stock must go as the proprietor is leaving soon for Toronto.

TWO 6 ROOMED HOUSES TO RENT

With 2 1/2 acres land with each home, rich garden soil, with large and small fruit, poultry houses and yards. GOOD WATER IN KITCHENS AND IN P

Try Before You Buy

You eat a single grape. If it's sweet you buy the basket, half the grapes in the basket may be sour, you bought the grapes on their appearance and the taste of one grape.

You buy a nickel cake of soap on sight or smell; its cleansing quality may be wretchedly poor, but your investment of 5 cents was small and you could afford to lose. But you can't afford to buy a typewriter that way. We have never sold the

EMPIRE TYPEWRITER
on appearance alone; with every machine goes out the absolute guarantee to give satisfaction or money refunded.

We want to sell every EMPIRE that was ever made. It is the only machine that will sell the EMPIRE every time, but we want you to buy it strictly

ON MERIT

Try it for ten days—if you can get any other machine to do equally good work, return it.

VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY CO., VICTORIA, AND

THOMSON STATIONERY CO.
325 HASTINGS ST. PHONE 3520
VANCOUVER, B. C.

USE ONLY THE BEST



Is the STANDARD article
READY FOR USE
IN ANY QUANTITY.

For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 pounds SAL SODA.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

DREAMS AND NIGHTMARES.

Sometimes the mind's inventions during sleep are almost beyond the same mind's explanatory powers when awake. Frederick Greenwood, the journalist, once dreamed that he found Queen Victoria and John Morley on a staircase in Buckingham Palace, discussing Home Rule, and that her Majesty invited him to stay and listen. During their talk he could hear a curious clicking noise that puzzled him. In the same dream, time seemed to progress a day, when he read a full report of the three-sided interview printed in the Times. Then it occurred to him what that mysterious clicking noise had meant. It was a telegrapher wiring a report to the paper.

Quite probably the clicking noise was real; the mere ticking of a watch or a clock would have accounted for a good deal.

Many of our commonest dreams are occasioned by bodily conditions or surroundings. Loosened sheets at the foot of the bed on a cold night soon deposit a sleeper's feet in rivers or snowbanks, just as a second helping at dinner or a tendency to lie on one's back in bed readily conjures up whole legions of spooks. Certain evidence on this point was collected in Dr. G. Stanley Hall's psychological laboratory at Clark University, from personal testimony. From this it would appear that children prefer animals for their nightmares, whereas adults incline to towards burglars, jailers, and the like. From "While We Sleep," in the Lady's Realm for May.

IMPORTANT!

The attention of Consumers is called to the printed inside wrapper of

SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES

Which will be redeemed, as stated thereon, at the Company's offices at corner Princess St. and McDermott Ave., Winnipeg, or 141 Water St., Vancouver.

SWEET CAPORAL



CIGARETTES
STANDARD
OF THE
WORLD

PUBLIC OPINION DEMANDS NEW ELECTION LAW

(Continued from page 11.)

But even though this is the case, Mr. Leach is daily assailed and even in this House every day his name is held up to obliquity. And when, some time ago, he was appointed by this government to superintend the distribution of grain, my hon. friend from North Toronto (Mr. Foster) said that if he had known that Mr. Leach was to be appointed to such a duty, he would have hesitated before voting the money for the seed grain.

Mr. Foster: Does my right hon. friend approve of what Mr. Leach did? Sir Wilfrid Laurier: When I am shown that Mr. Leach did anything wrong, I shall not approve it; but up to this time this has not been shown. Hon. gentlemen opposite cannot escape by this tangent. Assertions have been made against Mr. Leach; but when Mr. Leach asked for the proof and when the opportunity was given to make the proof, neither my hon. friend nor any of his friends brought proof against him. The condition which prevails in Manitoba with regard to the adjustment of the lists in the constituencies is very serious. We thought the work could be done by the returning officers but, as my hon. friend the minister of justice said the other day, no one will undertake to-day the duties of returning officer. The task is such that the returning officer would have to submit to the same risks which he took in 1904. Unless we have a change in the law, the returning officer will be in the same peril in which he was in 1904. Suppose we should have an election tomorrow, the lists go to the returning officers as they are, without having been adjusted to the federal constituencies, and the returning officer would have the work thrust upon him of doing this, and he would have the same peril.

Mr. Foster: Would my right hon. friend make it clear what his conception of the duties of a returning officer is? Sir Wilfrid Laurier: I shall try to make it clear to my hon. friends. The constituencies are forty-two in number and there are forty-two lists. When a returning officer receives the lists, say of Lisgar or Selkirk, he will receive the lists, not of the constituency of Lisgar or Selkirk, but of all the parts of the local constituencies which are included in Lisgar and Selkirk for the Dominion elections. The boundaries of these constituencies are what?

Mr. Foster: Dominion constituencies? Sir Wilfrid Laurier: Yes, the boundaries of the Dominion constituencies will include parts of local constituencies. One part of a local constituency will go into one Dominion constituency and another part into another. Therefore, the lists must be adjusted. There must be a red or a black line passed through the names which are not in the constituency for Dominion purposes. Somebody must do that work of adjusting the local lists to the Dominion constituencies by erasing the names which are not in the federal constituency and adding those which ought to be in the lists. This was the duty entrusted to the returning officers by the act of 1904 and which they must perform again when we have another Dominion election.

Mr. Foster: That is, so far as I follow my right hon. friend, this rearrangement has to be done in the case of polling divisions which are divided by the boundaries of Dominion constituencies. Sir Wilfrid Laurier: Exactly. We are agreed upon that. Who then shall do this duty? We did entrust it to the returning officer but we would not do so now. On this point, for my part, after having conferred with my hon. friend the minister of justice and my colleagues, we are ready to accept the suggestion made by my hon. friend from Marquette (Mr. Roche) in his speech the other day. My hon. friend quoted the law passed by the legislature of Manitoba subsequently to the last election and then went on in this way:

"I tell the prime minister that there would not have been the slightest objection to the manner in which the last elections in Manitoba were conducted had the law been observed. I tell the prime minister candidly that if he wants to prevent the disfranchisement of electors by means of transferring where there is overlapping, the only thing he has to do is to adopt the provision of the provincial act and employ a county court judge to do that dividing. That will get over every complaint that has been made and it will obviate the necessity of the thin red line. Let the county court judge do the transferring where there is overlapping, let him appoint each one of these separated places as a separate polling division as the provincial act enacts, let him do the dividing of the lists and there will not be a single complaint from Grit or Tory in the province of Manitoba."

The act to which the hon. gentleman refers says:

"In the event of territory comprised within or partly comprised within an electoral division being changed and included in another electoral division, or other electoral divisions, whether newly created or not, a judge of one of the county courts, divisions of the province to be nominated and appointed by the lieutenant-governor-in-council, shall subdivide the names appearing on the list of electors, as so finally revised, according to the altered boundaries or limits, and make a complete list of electors for the electoral divisions affected, as aforesaid, and appropriately divide the names of electors and allot the territory between suitable polling subdivisions as shall, in the opinion of such judge, be just and equitable."

I must say that the provision of this act of the legislature of Manitoba seems to be fair. We are disposed to accept it. But we cannot do this except by legislation, and legislation of this parliament. And I say to my hon. friend (Mr. W. J. Roche) that if my hon. friend is quite willing to take this means of giving satisfaction to friend and Tory alike, but my hon. friend should have had some consistency in his speech. After making this offer, he has moved an amendment

which practically defeats the object he has in mind.

Now, sir, my hon. friends will tell me that they do not want this legislation. They are absolutely opposed to it because the legislation which we bring forward would place the preparation of the lists, in so far as the province of Manitoba is concerned, in the hands of officers appointed by this government. That is their objection. Let us be frank with one another upon this question. Let us meet upon ground which we can all appeal to and which we can all accept. My hon. friend from Marquette and other hon. members on the other side of the house do not want this law to be passed, because, if it were to be passed, it would give the preparation of the lists, not to their own friends, but to our own friends. Now, sir, will it surprise them very much, if they have no confidence in us, that we should not be burdened by much confidence in them? If they think it is unfair that the lists upon which they want to go to such an election should be prepared by our opponents? Can we not agree therefore to devise a law which will remove the control of the elections both from the Grits and the Tories so as to give satisfaction to both Grits and Tories? That is the proposition which I have to make to my hon. friend from Marquette and to all the other hon. gentlemen sitting on the other side of the house.

I come now to the other provisions of the bill. The bill was prepared with an object and upon a general principle and that principle was that wherever there is no municipal registration or municipal preparation of the lists we shall entrust the preparation of the lists to the authority provided for by this bill. I listened the other day to the speech of the hon. member for Jacques Cartier (Mr. Monk) in so far as this provision related to Quebec. I must say that I listened to my hon. friend from Jacques Cartier with a mingled feeling of curiosity and pain. My hon. friend was at once alarmed and alarmed. He was alarmed because he saw in the unorganized districts of Quebec visions of Syrians, Italians, and other foreigners being put on the lists along the line of the Transcontinental railway. I think my hon. friend need not be alarmed upon this question. It is said that beauty is in the eye of the beholder. It looks very much as if scandal existed in the imagination of my hon. friend and he believes that we have a sinister motive in view. If this bill were passed and if authority were given in the unorganized portions of Quebec to have the lists prepared how could the Grand Trunk Pacific come into play?

Where would it be? Would it be the country of Montcalm, or of Joliette or of any of these countries which extend to the Hudson bay, or would it be beyond the mountains? How could the registration officer or the revising officer go to the line of the Transcontinental Railway in order to make a list? I do not think that argument of my hon. friend (Mr. Monk) is very serious, but he made a plea to maintain our system and with that idea I am very much in accord, when the system is right. The hon. gentleman (Mr. Monk) argued that in the province of Quebec, because if a territory is unorganized it is placed under the jurisdiction of a county council. Let me explain to the hon. gentlemen from other parts of Canada that our municipal system in Quebec is the same as in Ontario; we have local councils in every municipality, our municipalities are the townships, villages and parishes, and the mayors of all the municipalities are the members of the county council. But there is a provision in our municipal code, peculiar to that code so far as I am aware, which says that if there is in any county a territory which is unorganized, it is placed under the supervision of the county council. That is a very wise provision, but I do not think it can be construed to the length my hon. friend (Mr. Monk) would construe it. I understand that the county council has jurisdiction over all municipal matters which are to be found within the code—for instance, if the unorganized territory in any of these counties needs roads, the county council would deal with that, or if there is a by-law to be passed in favor of the prohibition of the liquor trade, the powers of the municipal council would apply to that. But I fail to see within the four corners of the municipal code any provision which gives to the secretary-treasurer of the municipal council the duty of making electoral lists in those territories, and in our province these lists are prepared by the secretary-treasurer under the supervision of the council. This power is not given to them under the municipal code but by the Election Act, which says:

"The secretary-treasurer of each municipality shall, between the 1st and 15th day of the month of March, annually make in duplicate sub-divided for each polling sub-division a list in alphabetical order of all persons who according to the valuation roll then in force in the municipality for municipal purposes appear to be electors by reason of the real estate possessed or occupied by them in any manner within the municipality or by reason of being otherwise qualified as set forth in article 2."

Does my hon. friend (Mr. Monk) believe that this article which places on the secretary-treasurers of local councils the duty of preparing these lists, can be applied to the secretary-treasurer of the county councils. I have very serious doubts as to that. I have not had an opportunity yet of conferring with the Minister of Justice on that question but by my hon. friend's view I correct I will be more than pleased. If his view is correct the province of Quebec would be beyond the jurisdiction of this Act and that should be satisfactory to him as it is to me.

With regard to the other provinces I do not think I should say much more. Now, revising the whole question it is beyond doubt that we should have an election law; that we should improve the election act; that we should give satisfaction to public opinion which has imperatively demanded a new election law. Viewing the debate as it has proceeded up to the present, I think I can say that no system of preparing the lists will be satisfactory to this side or to the other side if it is to be made for party purposes either by the Dominion government or by any provincial government.

NEWS OF THE



MOTHERLAND

Value of London.

W. Wagstaffe, who has been a member of the London city guardians for forty-three years, was entertained to dinner a few days ago at the Waldorf Hotel and presented with an address and a piece of plate as chairman of the assessment committee.

Speaking his thanks, he said the wealth of the city was something passing almost all imagination. Though the East London and West London Union was incorporated with the city guardians in 1869, and though they had only jurisdiction over an area covered by one square mile, the annual rateable value had risen from £2,120,400 until it stood to-day at £6,736,995—than increase of £4,616,595, or a capitalized value of 140 millions. As a matter of fact the capitalized value of property in the city to-day was 250 millions sterling, and he ventured to say that no other area in the world could claim such a record.

Mock Marriage.

A man reputed to have been twice a millionaire figured in a strange romantic story told at Brentford (England) police court a few days since. His name was given as Daniel Rylands, aged 59, and he was described as a colliery proprietor, living at Avenue road, Southall. The charge against him was of bigamy.

Rylands, immediately after the previous hearing was taken to the Isleworth infirmary, and had to be placed in a padded cell.

The evidence against him was that on Good Friday evening he went up to a constable in Southall and asked to be arrested for "marrying another woman." The case was placed in the hands of Detective Inspector Pollard, to whom prisoner related a remarkable story.

He said he married one woman in Yorkshire in 1873, and another in 1897 at Torquay. The latter ceremony was added consisted of Rylands himself reading over the marriage service of the Church of England to a woman in a room.

The result of the inspector's investigations was sensational. Rylands, he said, was a married man with a grown-up family and extremely well off. He had been a glass merchant and the proprietor of extensive collieries in the north of England.

"On two occasions," said witness, I find that Rylands has been a millionaire, but of late he has had enormous losses, and I am informed that he lost no less than \$400,000 over one deal."

It appeared, proceeded witness, that in his earlier days Rylands had in his employ a housemaid by whom he had two children. A number of letters from this woman demanding money had been received, and the inspector thought that this fact, coupled with his heavy losses, had driven him off his mental balance. There was no evidence of bigamy.

Evidence having been given by Dr. Norton that Rylands was insane and unfit to plead, a remand of a week was ordered for the man's friends to be communicated with. His sister was said to be present in court.

Oldest Peer.

Lord Gwydr, the High Stewart of the borough of Ipswich, celebrated the ninety-ninth anniversary of his birthday recently. He is the oldest living peer.

His lordship lives at Stoke Park, on the outskirts of Ipswich, and on his natal day he had his usual drive preparatory to receiving a large party of guests.

He still possesses the handsome carriage in which he travelled to London over thirty years ago. His lordship enjoys wonderful health, and can read without glasses, while his hearing is unimpaired.

Wireless Wonders.

At the Hotel Cecil, London, Hans Knudsen, a Dane, famous in connection with his inventions for making a liquid air, gave a public demonstration of wireless distance photography.

In one room was a transmitter with a needle point, which passed over a picture prepared on a glass plate from a photograph. The point of contact continually vibrated over this place, according to the roughness or smoothness of the surface, and a succession of electric waves, caught by a receiving plate on the wall, was the result.

These waves were in turn caught on a receiving plate in an adjoining room—through a wall, or with the door opened—and communicated to a receiving instrument, which traced out the picture on a smoked glass plate. From this plate pictures were printed on sensitized paper. Among the photographs sent were those of the King and Queen and the Kaiser.

Interviewed after the demonstration Mr. Knudsen said: "This instrument has never been publicly demonstrated before. I claim that wherever Marconi can send messages I can send pictures. I can send pictures by any wireless system now in use. I do not claim perfection for the machine at present; but, in my opinion, it is sufficiently advanced to show that it is quite practical to send pictures by wireless waves."

"It is only a question of time when the police will be able to flash pictures of criminals and finger prints all over the kingdom, and even to the continent and to America."

Uniting Lonely Souls.

Four happy and romantic marriages have been brought about through the agency of the Society Circle established by Rev. W. J. Gomersall, of Hampstead, to promote friendship between lonely Londoners.

epitomized by the founder of the Circle: A lonely manufacturer, a widower, met a friendless lady teacher. They were mutually attracted, and married within a few months. A builder, alone in London, and also a widower, met at a Circle outing a lonely business woman. They are happily married as a result.

A missioner who works among the fishing folk was brought into touch with a governess who had no friends in London. It was a case of "love at first sight," and marriage speedily followed. A well-to-do man in the shipping world was introduced to an attractive girl who was a "home bird," prevented by circumstances from social enjoyments. Here again it was a case of "mutual attraction," and another marriage ensued.

In June another Social Circle wedding is to come off, and another love match is in process of evolution. "The latter," Mr. Gomersall explains, "has been achieved by the 'correspondence circle.' The man is in New Zealand and the woman in London. Neither has met the other, but the letters which have passed between them have revealed so many ideas and tastes in common that before many weeks go by the lady will sail for New Zealand to wed her unseen lover."

"Justifiable Homicide."

That rare verdict in these days, "justifiable homicide," was returned by a coroner's jury at Wrexham, England in peculiar circumstances. The inquest was held on the body of a colliery fireman named John Hughes, of Pinkey, near Wrexham, who came home drunk and knocked about his wife and little son. Later he again attacked his wife, and in defence of herself and child she threw part of a brick at her husband. The jury she inflicted caused his death.

In returning the verdict as recorded the foreman of the jury said: "This lamentable event would not have happened but for the cursed evil of drink."

G. B. Shaw Angry.

G. Bernard Shaw, the dramatist, has been excited to wrath by the proprietors of Collier's Weekly, who awarded him a bonus of \$1,000 for contributing the best story they received during the quarter in which it was printed. Mr. Shaw sent back the cheque with the following letter:

"Sir—What do you mean by this unspeakable outrage? May I ask what Messrs. P. F. Collier & Son expected my story to be? If it were not the best they could get for the price they were prepared to pay they had no right to insert it at all."

"And what right have they to assume that I want to be paid twice over for my work; or that I am in the habit of accepting bonuses and competing for prizes? How do Messrs. P. F. Collier & Son know that my story was the best they received during the quarter? Are they posterity? Are they the Verdict of History? Have they even the very doubtful qualification of being professional critics?"

"I return the cheque. If you should see fit to use it for the purpose of erecting a tombstone to Messrs. P. F. Collier & Son I shall be happy to contribute the epitaph, in which I shall do my best to do justice to their monstrous presumption. — G. Bernard Shaw."

The editor of Collier's Weekly retorted humorously that the award was a mistake. The "responsible" readers were of out town, and the sporting editor, who is a devotee of football, a vegetarian, a Socialist, a misanthrope, a misogynist, made the award.

Romantic Elopement.

Mid-Cheshire has been set by the ears by the story of how an heiress to \$50,000 has married a humble carter.

The parties most concerned have lived in the pretty little village of Weaverham, three miles from Northwich, all their lives.

The lady (now Mrs. Tomkinson) was formerly Miss Rebena Sherman Heath, daughter of Mr. William Heath, who made a fortune in coffee planting in Brazil, and died about three years ago at an advanced age, after living in one of the largest houses in the neighborhood for nearly half a century.

The other party to the strange romance, Arthur Tomkinson, is a carter at a local saw-mills, his father being a farm hand.

The young people—Tomkinson is only just twenty-one and the lady two years younger—have known one another, at any rate by sight, all their lives, and though their stations in life were so far apart a warm friendship seems to have sprung up in recent years; but the result has come without warning, and set every tongue wagging.

A few days ago Tomkinson walked into his home with the young lady, and announced that they were man and wife. They said that before daylight Miss Heath left her home unobserved, met her lover, cycled with him to a spot where a vehicle was in waiting, and drove to Manchester, where their marriage, by special license, at once took place, afterwards taking up their abode with the bridegroom's parents.

"For a long time they have been walking out together," Tomkinson's mother told a press representative. "They also wrote to one another, I believe, but as they seemed very happy I did not interfere, though I think Mrs. Heath tried to keep them apart."

"I had no idea that this runaway marriage would take place, and it was a great surprise when they came in together and said they were man and wife. I always knew they were fond of one another, for when my son got a good situation in Manchester Miss Heath persuaded him to give it up and return home. Their plans are to stay here at present, but later on my son hopes to go to an uncle and learn farming."

Just at this moment the young wife entered the room smiling and evidently very happy. A wealth of fair hair shades her girlish face, and the pretty blouse and neat black skirt looked

curiously—stylish in the humble cottage. Speaking in a quiet, cultured voice she expressed surprise that an event which made for the happiness of two young people should create such excitement.

Very different is the feeling at the Grange, a large house standing on a wooded estate only a mile from the cottage. Chat seems romance and brightness in the humble home seems darkness and tragedy at the mansion where the widowed mother mourns what she thinks a rash step on her daughter's part. Already she has called at the cottage to beg the young wife to return home, but without avail. At the age of twenty-one the young

lady is to inherit \$50,000 under her father's will, and it is understood that the marriage cannot affect this. She has received an excellent education at a London school, and part of \$10,000 left for this purpose was to have been expended on a finishing course abroad.

THE QUEEN'S SCHOOL

1157 Belcher St., Victoria, B. C.
Boarding School for Boys of 12 years and upwards.
Principal—R. V. JAMES, M.A., Cantab, assisted by F. N. Creighton, M.A., Toronto.
Terms on application. Summer term begins April 20th.

School of Mining

A COLLEGE OF APPLIED SCIENCE,
Affiliated to Queen's University,
KINGSTON, ONT.
For Calendar of the School and further information, apply to the Secretary, School of Mining, Kingston, Ontario.

The following Courses are offered:
I—Four Years' Course for Degree of B.Sc.
II—Three Years' Course for Diploma.
a—Mining Engineering.
b—Chemistry and Mineralogy.
c—Mineralogy and Geology.
d—Chemical Engineering.
e—Civil Engineering.
f—Mechanical Engineering.
g—Electrical Engineering.
h—Biology and Public Health.
i—Power Development.



DO NOT MONKEY WITH THE BUZZ SAW

Why take any risk when we will insure your getting just the lumber you require? We are experienced and can give you the best value for your money. Do not take any chances by going elsewhere as we will guarantee you satisfaction in every way.

JAMES LEIGH & SONS

Mills, Office and Yard
Foot of Turner St., Rock Bay

RAMSAY'S "EMPIRE CREAM SODAS"

Soda Biscuits that are not crisp and fresh are dear at any price. Ramsay's Cream Sodas being

MADE IN VANCOUVER

Are sold practically fresh from our ovens. This accounts for their popularity. If you do not know "Ramsay's Cream Sodas," there is a treat in store for you by buying a box.

Your dealer will supply you.

THE NORTHERN BANK

The only Bank with Head Office in Western Canada.

Paid up Capital \$1,240,000 Rest and Undivided Profits \$133,000

Our noteworthy directorate is sufficient assurance as to the proper, conservative and successful conduct of business.

Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.M.G., President
Capt. Wm. Robinson, Vice-President

A. J. Adamson, M.P. J. W. de C. O'Grady Hon. W. H. Montague
D. C. Cameron Fred W. Stobart F. Nation
John A. McDougall Jas. H. Ashdown Hon. R. P. Roblin
A. Stamford White
J. W. de C. O'Grady, General Manager

Your Business Will Be Appreciated.

J. GODFREY BOOTH, Local Manager VICTORIA



A NICE-LOOKING LOAF

Always suggests GOOD EATING

PURITY FLOUR

never fails to make sweet delicious bread as good to eat as it is attractive to see.

Made from the very choicest Manitoba Hard Wheat by the newest improved milling.

Ask your Grocer for it to-day.

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO., LIMITED

MILLS AT WINNIPEG, GODEFRICH AND BRANDON.



Silent as the Sphinx!

Eddy's "Silent" Parlor Matches
The Most Perfect Matches You Ever Struck. Ask for them.



New Electric Gun.

Is the Simpson electric gun a state secret? Colonel Maude, who returns to the discussion of the question in this month's "Contemporary," suggests that it is in the following sentence:

"I do not claim to be the sole depository of Mr. Simpson's confidence in this matter, an dit seems to me at least conceivable that this advent of the new weapon has not only been at the bottom of our land artillery programmes, but may also account for many seemingly inexplicable aberrations in our naval estimates. It would not be the first official secret we have succeeded in keeping by any means."

It will be remembered that the claim of W. S. Simpson that he had invented a wonderful weapon which would be able to throw a projectile from London to Paris was first dealt with by Colonel Maude in the April number of the review.

Replying to many correspondents Colonel Maude reaffirms his belief in the capacity of the weapon. He says: "I sympathize with my assailants, for I myself suffered under all their illusions as to the impossibility of a recoilless gun, etc. I saw the weapon with my own eyes and realized the extreme simplicity of the means by which the inventor has overcome these seemingly insuperable difficulties. This is hardly the place to enter into a prolonged mathematical explanation of the observed results, but I think that Mr. Simpson has not tampered with the Newtonian laws of motion, that the whole problem is well within the power of our existing mathematical methods of research, and that a complete solution of it will be offered at the proper time and place."

"The immediate and practical value of the new weapon lies far less in the possibilities of extreme velocities and ranges revealed in my previous article than in its extraordinary adaptability to all the circumstances of war, whether on sea or land, as they may arise."

"Unlike the ordinary high velocity gun of the present day, the trajectory of which can only be modified by alterations in the weight of the charge not usually undertaken in the field, the control of the new weapon is so complete that it can deliver its projectiles at any required velocity from, say 100 feet up to its extreme power, which, as I have said, may reach 30,000 degrees; nor is it confined to the use of projectiles of fixed weight for each type of gun; but it can throw shells of any weight most convenient for the purpose of the moment, and can be made so light in proportion to its power that it may be looked upon as capable of fulfilling any possible form all the functions of mountain artillery, while the source of the power necessary for its use can be packed like an ordinary ammunition wagon, and the power itself can be transmitted through fluid cables to any reasonable distance."

Colonel Maude proceeds to discuss in a technical fashion the effects of the gun upon the tactics of land warfare. After pointing out that modern artillery fire can already concentrate an enormous number of projectiles on any required point, he says that the new weapons only serve to intensify such an advantage.

"It is no longer a case of hitting a point, but of deluging an area; and for this purpose a battery of the new weapons, furnished only with the compass bearing and range within 1,000 yards or so, will be as useful at 20,000 yards as an existing battery at 5,000."

England's Defences.

In many and various ways the Admiralty are especially active just now in overhauling and improving the defences of England against possible naval attack, particularly against a surprise from a foreign fleet.

At present there are eleven wireless telegraph stations and 150 wireless signal stations at various points around the coast of the United Kingdom; and it is intended to add three more of the former during the current financial year. The existing stations are all linked up. Between wireless signal and wireless telegraph stations there is a difference. By means of the former signals are passed to, and received from, vessels near at hand, while the latter can communicate with ships hundreds of miles from land; and it is, indeed, now possible to arrange for a series of cruisers in wireless touch with each other to transmit messages from the Admiralty to vessels thousands of miles away. This work will be facilitated when the wireless station which is to be erected on the Admiralty office in Whitehead is completed.

Signalling between men-of-war and merchantmen is being encouraged, and the Admiralty have prepared a book containing block sketches of war vessels for the purpose of assisting shipmasters in the work of identification. By this means it is hoped that the movement of warships of different nationalities will be reported by signals to his Majesty's ships.

In carrying out a plan for the reorganization of the defences of Portsmouth all the heavy guns which have hitherto been mounted at Fort Glicker and at Stokes Bay are being removed by the royal garrison artillery to Weymouth, to various points on the Isle of Wight, and to the Round Forts in Spithead. The guns include those of 8.2-inch and 6-inch calibre. Some of the mountings have a total weight of 200 tons.

An important memorandum from the Admiralty was read at a sitting of the Parliamentary committee considering the Tyne Improvements bill. The Admiralty are interested in the motion of this bill, and represent that it is of the greatest importance to the navy that nothing should be done to limit the depth of the channel in the Tyne. Not only is the Tyne one of the principal centres for the building of his Majesty's ships, but there is also a dock on the Tyne capable of accommodating a vessel of the Dreadnought class. The present channel provides,

says the memorandum, but little margin for war requirements when it may be anticipated that damaged ships, drawing more than the normal depth of water, will require to enter the river.

It is essentially to the interests of his Majesty's navy that the Tyne Improvement committee should obtain the necessary extension of powers to enable them to carry on the dredging of the port to the extent required to enable it to be safely used for the largest ships afloat or projected.

Army is Being.

The Duke of Rutland presided a few weeks ago at a meeting at Leicester, at which Mr. Haldane delivered an address on the Territorial Army scheme. Mr. Haldane, who was interrupted early in his speech by a lady in the body of the hall, said he had come to speak about enlistment in the new army and not women's suffrage. If the lady wished to enlist he would consider her application. If she did not, he must ask her to leave the hall.

A policeman then took her seat by the side of the lady, whereupon Mr. Haldane said, "Now, it's all right. The lady is in good company." (Laughter.) During the course of the evening eight or nine ladies were elected.

Mr. Haldane asked had the scheme collapsed, as the prophets of evil declared it would, or had it operated as it had been mapped out? Although four weeks only had passed since the new army came into being, 273 units of the 800 asked for had been raised. That was to say over 30 per cent. of the force had already come into existence. From the point of view of the war effort, a most satisfactory result, Lancashire had done magnificently. In the western division 40 per cent. of the men had joined, and what was most striking was that 80 per cent. of the officers had come straight over. All over the country the officers were coming over in the most remarkable manner. He was pleased to see them taking their places and giving the lead to their men.

London was supposed to be a very slow place, but the figures he had of London last week showed over 30 per cent. of the establishment of the metropolis had already been enlisted. That was very remarkable when they considered how difficult London was. All over the country the thing was catching on, and it was catching on because classes, without distinction of party, were obviously setting themselves to the accomplishment of a national ideal.

Bession From Germany.

A few days ago, if I remember rightly, the German Navy League celebrated its tenth birthday, and it is an uncommonly fine child for its age. Its annual report, just published, gives some remarkable figures.

The membership of the league is now 1,018,590; it has a balance in hand, after payment of all charges, of £5,000; its monthly organ, The Fleet, has a circulation of 375,000 copies; its activities, with a view to familiarizing the German people with the idea of a great German navy, have been many and diverse. There have, as we know, been dissensions within the league, but the figures just quoted suggest that the league will survive any temporary and accidental set-back. At all events they should set us a-thinking in this country, for we, too, have a navy and a navy league, as well as vitally imperative necessity for the maintenance of our sea power which Germany has not. Nevertheless, if one were to compare the statistics of our own navy league with those of the Flottenverein, the comparison would afford a sorry spectacle. It does not say much for our perception of the realities of things in the world around us that we should cut a poor figure in this matter by comparison with our great and growing rival. Our insular bias, however, has a lesson to learn from Germany, and we had better learn it—before it is too late.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Wireless in Destroyers.

Owing to the success which has attended the special sets of wireless instruments designed for use in destroyers, it has been decided to equip the larger types of these vessels with the system at an early date. A start has been made at Devonport, and a few days since the *Moby*, retreating in the South Yard, received her new insulated rigging and wireless yard. The support is fitted so that the mast and yard to meet the exceptional strain brought on them in at-sea owing to the quick motion of this class of vessel. The work of providing the wireless instrument room has been taken in hand at the fitting of the circuit, the position taking being about the chart-house and central.

The new sets of instruments are intended to enable direct communication to be established not only between individual destroyers, but also between bases and squadrons within signalling distance, without the possibility of its being interrupted by longer distance messages which may be passing.

Plea for More Ships.

The following extracts are from an article in the British Naval Review, contributed by Lord Escher to the coming number of the "National Review." It may be recalled that Lord Escher's opinions on naval subjects formed the text of the Kaiser's famous letter to Lord Tweedmouth. Lord Escher claims that the article is not couched in "language of fear or dislike or of unreasoning jealousy."

"The Germans," Lord Escher writes, "are a proud people struggling for commercial development and determined to achieve their purpose. Like other commercial nations, the rivalry of nations requires a victim. They look to themselves, and we have to look to ourselves."

The centre of gravity of maritime power has shifted from the Mediterranean to the North Sea. So rapid has been the acquisition of naval strength by

Germany, and so formidable are her fleets in being and in preparation, that she has forced upon England a concentration which has thrown the control of the Pacific into other hands. Concurrently with this development of sea power, Germany has shown a determination to compete with Great Britain for the carrying trade of the world.

"The trade-routes of the world are covered with German shipping, and into every nook and corner of the civilized and half-civilized world German goods rapidly and surely are pushing their way. Across the North Sea lies a nation already 60,000,000 strong, with the most highly trained and formidable army ever known in history, a nation highly educated, unspoiled as yet by luxury, proud of its achievements, ambitious for its future, and dependent for its further development upon finding outlets for the population growing and confined, and upon creating markets for its manufactures. A German statesman, or publicist, or merchant, looking abroad and ahead, sees in the immediate foreground while Russia lies still in half-awakened torpor—the rivalry of England. Is there any Englishman who, in their place, would not feel the same?"

To check the rapidly-expanding power of Germany we must re-secure command of the sea, argues Lord Escher. For every ship which our great rival builds, build two of equal strength. Let Germany force the pace," advises the writer, "but let England win the race."

Military Camaraderie.

General Sir Ian Hamilton, commander-in-chief, Southern command, in England, has issued the following special order:

"The first returns showing the progress of recruitment for the territorial army in the Southern command have now come to hand. They are, on the whole, distinctly encouraging, but they show that, so far, the artillery are less forward than the engineers, yeomanry or infantry. This was to have been expected seeing that only regular horse and field artillery have hitherto been known to the populations of Mercia, Wessex, and Seeland, and that only civilians, but occasionally even cavalry and infantry soldiers of the line are inclined to think there is some mystery about a battery."

"There are difficulties to be surmounted, no doubt, and it is easier to raise those difficulties into prominence than to realize the military enthusiasm which is destined to triumph over them. Still there is no use in concealing from would-be territorial artillerists the responsibilities they are about to undertake, and the first and most important lies in the provision of competent commanders."

The efficiency of artillery may be gauged by its power to destroy, and its most intensive of effective fire against an enemy in the shortest possible time. But, simple as this efficiency sounds, it demands (if it is to be exhibited in its highest perfection) fire control, conduct of fire, leadership of batteries, power to manoeuvre in the field, and the trained eye which instinctively selects the best position for coming into action, and both South African and Manchurian experiences have shown that all these hang very largely indeed on the individual capacity of the individual battery commander. Thus it would be well if county associations could succeed in obtaining the services of retired regular horse and field artillery officers to command the batteries, at any rate for the first year or two, until competent commanders can be evolved from the territorial officers. There are many earnest and unselfish citizens in the Southern command who are at present devoting all their spare time and energy to the raising of horse and field batteries. If these gentlemen could see their way to carrying their patriotism one step further and agree to serve in such batteries for a certain limited period as captains under regular artillery officers both they themselves and their batteries should derive benefit from such self-abandonment. Where this method is rendered inadvisable owing to local circumstances the need of an ex-regular artillery officer to command the brigade, must be apparent to all. Such an officer, assisted by a keen and zealous regular adjutant, will be able to do a great deal to counteract the primary deficiencies, due to lack of technical experience of the battery commanders. The next point county associations will have to consider is how they are to get into touch with these local retired artillery officers. The chairman of one county association has solved the problem by obtaining through the courtesy of the regular officers, Messrs. Cox & Co., 16 Chancery Cross, the names and addresses of all retired artillery officers residing in his county. It is for other county associations to consider whether this example might not be worth following.

In any case the general commander-in-chief, Southern command, is sure that senior officers of the regular field artillery will be well advised in attending, as much as they can, the practice camp of the regular artillery at Salisbury Plain. By watching the regular batteries fire and manoeuvre they will not only derive much personal advantage, but on return to their own batteries they will be able to ensure that their training and instruction are being carried out on the right lines and they will live in their mind's eye the standard to which they will expect them some day to attain. Another obvious difficulty lies in the provision of suitable manoeuvring and practice camps. Patience and perseverance will undoubtedly solve this question, just as all questions are solved in which a sufficient number of Englishmen have interested themselves. The subject, indeed, is already receiving the closest attention and study.

"On the other hand," there are points in which artillery have less and not greater difficulties to contend with than the other arms. Scouting and reconnaissance are two of the subjects in the military curriculum which are the hardest to teach the recruit. With those the artillery has comparatively little concern. Again, much of the gun-drill, the fuse setting, and the elements of laying may be taught in a gun shed in the heart of a great city. Even the fire discipline of a battery may be to a considerable extent learnt on a barrack square. Again, it is too often forgotten that in battle it may be as important that a battery should be shot at as that it should shoot. The relief experienced by the infantry

when the 82nd field battery came into the firing at Diamond Hill was instantaneous and would have continued even had our men shot very badly instead of very well. Nearly the whole of the enemy's fire was turned upon the battery. Territorial gunners will be enthusiastic volunteers, and it is certain that they will be able to fulfil this part of our artilleryman's role with comparatively little practice. Thus there are no such well as difficulties, and if the balance inclines at present towards the side of the difficulties, by so much more will those deserve well of their country who stick to their guns and see the fight through to a successful issue.

"Finally, the general commander-in-chief makes a general appeal to the officers of the very large force of regular artillery serving in the Southern command to hold out the hand of military camaraderie to their new brothers in arms of the territorial artillery and to help them in every possible way whenever and wherever they get the chance. No doubt regular officers, being human, would prefer to see a large augmentation of their own regular branch of the service. But there is a French proverb which says that when you cannot have that which you love you will do well to love that which you have. Let this theory of life be applied by regular to territorial artillery, and the general commander-in-chief is sure that it is not only the territorial artillery which will benefit in the long run by the close and friendly association between the first line and the second which will assuredly ensue."

PROGRESS OF ROMAN CATHOLICS IN WEST

Abbe Berube of Saskatchewan Makes Vigorous Reply to Criticisms.

The Rev. Abbe Berube, of Yonka, Sask., writes to the Canada reply to criticisms of his former letter to the Action Sociale, and he declares that, in doing so, he is simply complying with the request of eminently respectable persons not far distant from the Action Sociale.

"If I put down a few notes," he says, "it was only after consulting a large number of well-thinking persons, including a majority of the editors of the leading newspapers and of the bishops of the province of Quebec. Our object is simply to place before the public the situation of the Catholics in the west, and to show that the Catholics in general, and especially in Saskatchewan."

After extending once more a hearty invitation to those of his compatriots who find that they must leave the province of Quebec, the abbe continues: "You have been told that you could not practice your religion here, and that your children would receive religious instruction, neither in the church nor at school. This is not correct. If our position, as regards the schools, found in that respect only, is not so good as yours, it is at all events satisfactory for the present, and will certainly be improved if we wish it. It is infinitely better than that of our compatriots in the United States and of the Catholics in most of the so-called Catholic countries."

Making a direct reply to the editor of the Action Sociale, the abbe says: "It is evident that Mr. Heroux considers any attempt to make the Catholics elect in the western provinces strong. He thinks that he is sure that all those who might be sent here from the province of Quebec would become lost and would disappear in the midst of the heterogeneous elements which immigration constantly brings to our plains. Does he know that we Catholics form one-third of the population in Saskatchewan? Does he know that fifty townships, that is, 1,515,000 acres of land, covering an area as large, and even larger than the province of Prince Edward Island, are exclusively occupied by Catholic Germans? Does he know that simple missionaries, left to their own resources, and notwithstanding the obstacles placed in their way by ill-advised patriots, have, like Abbe Bouillon, founded from four to six parishes each, within a period of three years? Does he know that six French priests have each founded one or two parishes composed of their own compatriots? Does he know that all the Catholics and Hungarians are Catholics? Does he know that, among the new arrivals, Russians, Serbians, etc., we make converts by the hundred? Does he know that thousands of half-breeds are encouraged, trained and placed on the road to prosperity by their French-Canadian neighbors? Does he know that dozens of Belgian colonies are in the way to become flourishing parishes? Does he know that the western provinces are an essential agricultural territory; that Saskatchewan in particular is exclusively agricultural, industry finds here no raw material whatever; that Regina, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon, Prince Albert and Battleford, while promising to become important centres of distribution, will serve as manufacturing centres; that Winnipeg and Edmonton will centralize the mass of the industrial population? Does he know that the Doukhobors are going? Does he know that a majority of the recruits of the Salvation Army, as well as of the unemployed imported from the large manufacturing cities of Europe, will remain long on the farms so liberally placed at their disposal; that, like many people of their kind are already doing, the moment they get their patents they will hasten to give their place to real farmers, in order to rush to the industrial centres of British Columbia? Does he know that our compatriots, among all races, stand the best to the soil and multiply there? If he knows all this, and many other things which it would be too long to enumerate, let him place his good pen at the service of perhaps the best cause that could tempt a Catholic journalist; consolidate the Catholic church in these vast plains, and secure its beneficial influence for future generations."

"If he does not know it let him learn that more Catholic parishes have been founded in these provinces than was done in the province of Quebec during the same length of time."

Naval Architecture AND THE MAN BEHIND THE GUN.

From the London Daily Telegraph.

Amidst the crowded and competing incidents of every day we are apt to lose our sense of proportion, and questions that are temporary and sensational overpower the quiet interests of more profound and permanent significance. How few of us realize the importance—relatively to other congresses and conferences—of the meetings of the Institute of Naval Architects, which has been holding its sessions in London during the last few days. These annual assemblies are, on the one hand, of the highest scientific interest; on the other, of the greatest national value. Their proceedings are studied and sifted by foreign experts, and although they rarely bring forward any points not already made familiar to our own admiralty by more expeditious means, the discussions focus thought and stimulate ideas. They are invaluable to all who constitute or hope to join the great class of designers who plan the material both of the fighting and the trading navies, and upon whose progressiveness in the sphere of floating architecture the maritime supremacy of this country must continue in no slight extent to depend. In one sense, every taxpayer is a part-owner of the fleet, and another sense, the sailors who despite more strategic scope and more aggressive efficiency, are responsible for the types evolved to fit their requirements. But in the closer view, the naval architects, as their name implies, but does not sufficiently declare, are the builders of the fleet. This is universally known, but equally ignored. Yet even the popular imagination would do well to remember that a modern battleship is a more wonderful structure than any great building attracting the admiring attention of crowds in a thoroughfare. When a vessel, whether of the capital or the minor types, bears herself well in action we recognize in the first place, indeed, the skill and valor of the officers and crew, but we should not forget the architects who designed her, or the men who worked sound material into her sides and equipment. It is the crudest mistake of hasty minds to be unable to praise one factor in a combination without crying down another. There has been of late a foolish tendency to disparage the importance of material, and to deny that it is advisable to possess the most formidable apparatus possible to imagine or create. This is an obvious error such as no one commits in connection with the army. No soldier and no civilian who is contesting the proposition that troops are to have the greatest chance of victory should be provided with the best artillery and rifles that the science of destruction can invent. The most expert gunners may find all their training, knowledge, judgment—merely useless if their batteries are out-ranged or out-manoeuvred while the weapons in the hands of the hostile are in the foreground of fire and mobility in the field.

Let us distinguish, in a way that may help popular thought on naval questions to move on a more even keel. The man behind the gun comes first. The human manipulator of fighting tools is the one inculcable part of the apparatus capable of working unerringly under stress of action. But next in importance comes the gun itself, and when it is a twelve-inch weapon it is as tremendous an achievement as scientific design and industrial process have yet created. But, again, what is a battleship itself? Rightly understood, it is nothing but a platform for the apparatus of war, a floating foundation, made to move with such rapidity in the sea, and to take such a maximum of security under the enemy's fire, as to give the most favorable opportunities to the marksmen above. Now it is obvious that any attempt to disparage the comparative value of material leads to absurdity. Put the finest crew to work on an obsolete muzzle-loader and the man behind the gun will be very much behind, indeed, by comparison with worse shooters provided with a battering apparatus representing the latest and greatest achievement of mechanical science applied to naval purposes. The moral of the defeat of the Spanish Armada is even yet generally misunderstood. Rightly interpreted, our saving victory points unmistakably to the necessity of providing the best men with the best fighting gear that can be devised. We had imported our ordnance from Germany and the Low Countries. The great Lord Burleigh determined that we could not rely with safety upon being able, in a crisis, to receive the foreign manufacture at our own expense, and upon our own terms. Accordingly, the Elizabethan statesman clapped a duty upon the imported article—the first national experiment in what would be called, in modern jargon, the making of a scientific tariff. Ordnance factories upon a proper scale were set up for the first time in our fight little island. It was hoped they would make it tighter than before. They did. The English-made gun became the best naval weapon in Europe. The ships that fought the Armada were provided with it. The galleys and galleasses of the enemy offered a broad target, while our handier ships were easier to miss. We fought in every respect with superior energy and skill, but it remains true that we crushed the Armada largely by the superior rapidity and power of our fire, poured from more efficient weapons. We had, in a word, even in their first epoch-opening victory over the enemy, the best gun, as well as the best man behind it. What if the battery is true of the platform—it never can be too well designed for the purpose of combining mobility with steadiness and a massive defence.

To grasp the meaning of modern naval architecture consider the Dreadnought. No one now denies that she has revolutionized the whole practice of warship design. The type, bettered, of course, since, and still in process of improvement, was censured by some critics who had not thought of it first. But it has been subjected to the

sedulous flattery of close imitation by every naval nation in the world. To compare the Dreadnought with Nelson's Victory is always a new wonder even to those who are most familiar both with the historic three-decker and the new iron-clad which heaves up its broadside more like some prodigious sea-monster than like the splendid yet artificial fabric, the obvious yet delightful work of hands, presented by the old wooden walls and their superstructure of masts and canvas. The modern type could deal with whole fleets of the ships that fought and conquered at Trafalgar, as Gulliver might have coped with Lilliputians. Before her time the genius of warship-evolution in the era of iron navies was only groping for its own secret. She had no sooner appeared than the world felt that this was what the tremendous process of fighting design in naval architecture had been making for unawares through all the previous sixty years, when types were discarded almost as soon as created. Rightly or wrongly, the nations are now committed, and to an experiment upon too expensive and extensive a scale to be quickly changed. The average man who has not inspected the Dreadnought cannot easily be made to understand what has happened. She weighs, as everyone knows, some eighteen thousand tons, and the hide of armor in which her mighty bulk is encased is nearly a foot thick. Conceive that thickness, not of brick, but of steel, and then you will have some impression of what manner of walls is reared by the art of the naval architect out of the sea. But now come the paradox. The outer aspect of these vessels, though formidable, is simple in the extreme. They look like plain solid rounded masses—almost shapeless by comparison with the old three-deckers of their period. But if the latter were the more elaborate without, the warship of to-day is infinitely more complicated within. The interior is an iron labyrinth as perplexing to the uninitiated visitor as the maze at Hampton court. Woodwork, with its faint reminder of natural things, of naval tradition, and of familiar domesticity, has practically disappeared. Above, beneath, on either hand, you touch cold metal. The inhuman and ineluctable material meets the eye everywhere, until it begins to darken the imagination and to get on the nerves. Every inch of space is utilised. Rods, tubes, indicators are packed in close and delicate order within the hull. The pipes, intricate heart of her. The fires raging below give no suggestion of their existence. The engines spinning in mad but smooth velocity give no sign of their enormous power. All seems prodigious, but automatic, effortless. When the monster moves at last she glides through the water as smoothly as the flowing foam, and she has worked up to her swift and sweeping stride before you have rightly realised that she is running. Yet the weight of a small mountain is ploughing the sea, and the hushed guns protruding from the ponderous barbettes are as steady as garrison artillery in a land fortress. It is well to be reminded that even the man behind the gun, though always capable of making the best of the means available, cannot work miracles with ships or weapons. We must continue to exert the world, cost what it may, not only in the training of seamen but in each and every point of naval architecture and equipment.

WOOD FAMINE IN AUSTRALIA.

The wood famine spreads. An Australian corporation has just received a concession from the Russian government to take out 3,000,000 feet of timber a year from a forest in Siberia, 50 miles from Vladivostok, to be delivered in Melbourne, about 8,000 miles away, and nearly three times the distance from New York to San Francisco. No other lumbering operation illustrates so vividly, perhaps, the pinch in the timber supply all over the world. Every year timber cruisers are going further afield, and cutting trees which, in former times of abundance, they passed because of the inaccessibility of the forest. Meantime somebody has found the great forest of Kenya, in Africa. It is the tropical continuation of a line of forests running through Cape Colony and the Transvaal. According to a recent colonial report of the survey it is 27 miles long by eight broad, and comprises 1,000,000 acres of timber at a height between 6,000 and 9,000 feet above the sea level. It is estimated that the total value is \$15,000,000.

CRUEL BACKACHES

THE TROUBLE USUALLY DUE TO POOR BLOOD—DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS THE CURE.

There is a common notion that backache is a sign of kidney disease, but this is absolutely wrong. Not one backache in a thousand has anything to do with the kidneys. Hundreds of people die of kidney disease who never had a backache—and hundreds who suffer continually from backache have nothing wrong with their kidneys. By far the most common cause of backache is muscular rheumatism. Nearly all the rest of the backaches are due to weakness and poor, watery blood, or in the case of growing girls and women, to those secret ailments that make the lives of so many of that sex miserable. Don't let a backache mislead you. You are better off than you have kidney trouble. What is really needed to cure the average backache is a tonic, blood-building medicine, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the greatest blood-making medicine medical science has yet discovered. Every dose actually makes new, rich red blood, thus curing such common ailments as anaemia, headache, backache, heart palpitation, indigestion, nervousness, rheumatism and the ailments of childhood and womanhood. Mrs. W. Geo. Strathcona, Alta., says: "I was a great sufferer from anaemia. I was completely run down and was tortured with headaches and backaches and dizzy spells. I had suffered for a long time but was no better than when I began. Then I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and they completely restored my health."

Get the genuine pills with the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, on the wrapper around each box. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Sugar and salt will both preserve meat, but they absorb the moisture in it, and so prevent decomposition.

FOR ORCHARDS FOR MARKET GARDENING FOR CHICKEN RANCHES

We have the Westwood Farm sub-division for sale. It is about six miles from town, and within a short distance from the Victoria-Sidney Railway. Some of the blocks are only ten minutes' walk from the railway. It is close to school and church, in a fine sunny location and well watered. The Orchards on the property have been very successful. The prices are cheap. We quote a few of the blocks:

Lot 1, block "C," has 1344-100 acres cleared and cultivated, good red loam, with about 2-1.5 acres in orchard, fine situation \$3,500

Lots 11 and 12, block "F," 20 acres rich black loam, sloping to the south, about seven acres cleared, balance timbered \$2,600

Lot 1, block "D," 10 52-100 acres, red loam, all in pasture, suitable for fruit, with living stream adjoining . . . \$1,600

Lot 5, block "C," 15 78-100 acres, about 2-1.5 acres cleared rich black loam, balance good land; timbered \$1,500

Lots 2 and 3, block "C," 29 45-100 acres, about 1 acre clear, and 2 acres in pasture; part gravel slope; part rocky; living stream through the property; just the place for a chicken ranch; only \$1,000

Lot 8, block "D," 6 28-100 acres, flat land; good red loam, timbered \$600

For farming we can sell you from 40 to 100 acres, splendid land, in the same sub-division.

For map and particulars apply to

SWINERTON & ODDY
1206 GOVERNMENT STREET
VICTORIA, B. C.



You Wire for us, and We'll Wire for You

Glad to quote you prices on our complete line of high grade batteries for all purposes.

Dry Batteries, Sal Ammoniac Batteries, Lalande Batteries, Samson Batteries, Gravity Batteries, etc., etc.

If you need batteries for Telegraph or Telephone Systems, Signal Bells, Batteries for Automobiles, you should get our prices; we can save you money. Our prices are right, too, for

Launch Supplies and Fittings

Sparkling Dynamos, Wet, Dry and Storage Batteries, Spark Coils, Spark Plugs, Battery Testers, etc. Steering Wheels of all types, Flag Sockets and Bilge Pumps, Cleats and Checks of the very latest pattern.

If you are interested and cannot call, drop us a post card.

Hinton Electric Co., Limited
29 GOVERNMENT ST.
911 GOVERNMENT ST.

You Can Become an Advertiser on a Very Small Capital. TRY A "TIMES" WANT AD.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Advertising

SIGNS OF ALL KINDS—Novel, neat, ornamental, distinct, durable, reasonable. Unique suggestions for advertising. Advertising space for rent in B. C. Bouter, Maymirth & Burgess, 4 Five Sisters' Block.

Bakery

For CHOICE FAMILY BREAD, CAKES, Confectionery, etc., try D. W. Hanbury, 72 Fort St., or ring up Phone 361, and your order will receive prompt attention.

Bedding Plants

CHOICE BEGONIAS AND GLOXINIAS—Gloxinias, 10 per doz.; single begonias, any color, \$1.00 doz.; double, any color, \$1.50 doz.; fancy created begonias, 25c each. Flewlin's Greenhouses, Park road.

Blacksmith

NOTICE OF REMOVAL—Having purchased the blacksmith and carriage shop of W. A. Robertson, No. 56 Discovery street, between Douglas and Government streets, I am now prepared to do all kinds of carriage, blacksmithing, painting and horse shoeing, etc. I make a specialty of shoeing horses with corner quarter cracks. My attention is called to my change of address, and all old customers and new ones are cordially invited to give me a call. J. J. Fisher, 56 Discovery street.

Boot and Shoe Repairing

NO MATTER where you bought your shoes, bring them here to be repaired. Hibbs, 3 Oriental Ave., opposite Panthea Theatre.

Builder and General Contractor

"CODLING'S THE MAN, NOT SHORT"—To do your repairs and redecoration. Estimates given for all kinds of painting, carpentering and paperhanging, etc. Ed. Codling, builder, 306 Menzies street, Victoria, B. C.

CAPITAL CONTRACTING CO., LTD., J. Avery, managing director, 109 Douglas street. Phone 123. Builders of Ideal Concrete Building Blocks. All kinds of jobbing work done.

TUBMAN & CLAYTON, Contractors and Builders, corner Fort and Blanchard Sts. Prompt attention given to all kinds of construction work in building and carpentering. Phone 519.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS—W. Lang, Contractor and Builder, jobbing and repairing, 27 Avalon road, James Bay. Phone 4919.

JAS. A. MCGREGOR, 207 Wharf St. Jobbing trade a specialty. Twenty years' experience. Orders promptly filled. Phone 1410.

DINSDALE & MALCOLM, Builders and Contractors. BRICK AND STONE BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY. 210 Quadra St. 22 Hillside Ave.

NOTICE—ROCK BLASTED. Pock for sale for building and concrete. J. R. Williams, 408 Michigan street. Phone 1242.

Bottle Washing

Wine, whiskey, claret, brandy and all other bottles washed for the trade. Washed flasks always ready for saloons and hotels. Prices moderate. Phone 1236. Victoria Junk Agency, 1620 Store St.

Chimney Sweeping

LOYD & CO., Practical Chimney Cleaners, 715 Pandora street. If you want your chimneys cleaned, catalogue work at the B. C. Engraving Co., Times Building, Victoria.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 32 Quadra street. Phone 1019.

Chinese Goods and Labor

MORRILLAIN, brassware, silks and cottons, extensive assortment. All kinds of Chinese labor supplied. Tim Kee, 160 Government street.

Cleaning and Tailoring Works

GENTS' CLOTHES pressed and kept in thorough repair, by the job or month, called for and delivered. G. W. Walker, 78 Johnson St., just east of Douglas. Phone 1127.

Cuts

LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, bird's eye views, and all classes of engravings for newspaper, catalogue work at the B. C. Engraving Co., Times Building, Victoria.

Dry Goods

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE of ladies' dress goods and cloth suitings. Cor. Cook and North Park Sts. R. J. Soper.

Dyeing and Cleaning

VICTORIA STEAM DYE WORKS—126 Yates street. Tel. 717. All descriptions of ladies' and gentlemen's garments cleaned or dyed and pressed equal to new.

PAUL'S DYEING AND CLEANING WORKS, 120 Fort street. Tel. 624.

M. C. STEAM DYEWORKS—Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Phone 284. Heenan & Renfrew.

Engravers

GENERAL ENGRAVER, Stencil Cutter and Seal Engraver, Geo. C. Withers, 11 Wharf street, opp. Post Office.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc., should consult us when preparing guide books, advertising literature, and all kinds of illustrated folders. We group photos artistically and guarantee best results. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 1124 Broad street.

Furrier

FRIZEL FOSTER, Taxidermist and Furrier, 424 Johnson street.

Subscribe for the Times.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Employment Agencies

THE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY. MRS. P. K. TURNER. 208 (40) Fort St. Hours, 10 to 5. Phone 1282.

THE DEVERREUX EMPLOYMENT AGENCY. REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENCY. Phone 447. Hours, 10 to 4.

JAPANESE, HINDU AND CHINESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—All kinds of labor supplied at short notice. 1601 Government street, Tel. 1530.

ALL kinds of Chinese labor supplied. Vin Thom, 1630 Government street. Phone 4170.

WING ON EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—All kinds of Chinese help furnished; wood cutting, land clearing, house work, cooks, farm hands, gardening, scavenging, etc.; also wood and coal for sale. 210 Government St. Phone 23.

ANYONE WANTING WORK Apply Employment Bureau, corner Quadra and View streets. Girl wanted to assist with children after school.

Hotels

PANDORA HOTEL—Corner Pandora and Blanchard. Re-decorated and re-furnished. Electric light, spacious bed and reception rooms. Billiard room. Open all night. Phone 1427.

THE "ABERDEEN"—A high-class private hotel for tourists and residents in Victoria; all white labor employed; table board given; terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. J. Aberdeen Gordon, late of Gordon Hotel. Phone 1018.

Machinists

L. HAFFER, General Machinist, No. 14 Government street. Tel. 130.

Merchant Tailors

CREDIT ON CLOTHING—We have a large stock of fine imported woolsens on hand. If you need an up-to-date suit in fit and style please call on our place and we will fix you out on very easy terms. J. Sorokin and J. J. Fisher, 22 Government street, opposite Trousseau avenue (up-stairs).

Moving Picture Machines

MOTION PICTURES—A new supply of first-class "Pathe" film and projecting lanterns for sale, at Maynard's Photo Stock House, 715 Pandora street.

Nursing Home

MISS E. H. JONES, 781 Vancouver St.

Painter and Decorator

JAMES SCOTT ROSS, 74 Hill street, expert paperhanger and decorator; rooms papered or painted cheap. Write or telephone 1627.

PAINTER AND DECORATOR FRANK MELLOR. Phone 1564. 301 YATES ST.

Pottery Ware, Etc.

SEWER PIPE, Field Tile, Ground Fire Clay, Flower Pots, etc., at C. F. Porter, Ltd., corner Broad and Pandora streets, Victoria, B. C.

Scavenging

VICTORIA SCAVENGER CO. Phone 662.

WING ON & SON—All kinds of scavenger work, yard cleaning, etc. Office, 1106 Government St. Phone 23.

Second-Hand Goods

WANTED—Old coats and vests, pants, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, shotguns, revolvers, overcoats, etc. Highest cash prices paid. Will call at any address. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 57 Johnson street, four doors below Government St. Phone 1741.

WANTED—Scrap brass, copper, zinc, lead, cast iron, sacks and all kinds of bottles and rubber; highest cash prices paid. Victoria Junk Agency, 1620 Store street. Phone 1284.

MISFIT and second-hand clothing bought and sold. "Ladies" Cleaning, Tailoring and Repairing Co., 82 View street. Phone A-1270.

Stump Pulling

TO FARMERS—The Stump Puller recently patented and made in Victoria, more powerful than any other ever made, catches from one to twenty stumps in one pull. Most surprising to all who have seen it, work and is just what the farmer and contractor needs. Will clear up a radius of 300 feet round without moving dirt, or removed with ease in thirty minutes; it doesn't matter whether your land is hilly or covered with green or old stumps. Those having land to clear should have one of these. Apply 466 Burnside Road.

Teaming

TRIMBLE & SON, general teaming, ploughing and carting, 17 Putman street. Phone A123.

Truck and Dray

TRUCKING—Quick service, reasonable charges. I. Walsh & Sons, Baker's Feed Store, 540 Yates street.

VICTORIA TRUCK AND DRAY CO.—Telephone 13. Stable Phone 12.

Watch Repairing

A. PETCH, 20 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing. All kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT"

In the Matter of an Application for a Duplicate Certificate of Title to Lots 48 and 49 of Sub-Lots 4, 5, 14 and 15, Burnside Estate (Map 289), Shawanigan District.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof, to issue a duplicate certificate of title to above land, issued to Charles Myron Simpson on the 22nd day of November, 1906, and numbered 12900.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., this 27th day of April, 1908.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply for a renewal of the retail liquor license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the Strathcona Hotel, Shawanigan Lake, B. C. Dated the 19th day of May, A.D. 1908.

JOSEPHINE E. WARK.

Agents Wanted

MEN WANTED—In every locality in Canada to advertise our goods, take up showcards in all places, and distribute small advertising matter. Commission of salary, \$50 per month, and expenses \$1 per day. Steady work the year round; entirely new plan; no experience required. Write for particulars. Wm. R. Warner, Med. Co., London, Ont., Canada.

Help Wanted—Male

WANTED—Experienced paperhanger, for country house. State wages per day and references to M. F. Times Office.

WANTED—A good accident and health insurance solicitor for Victoria and district. Reid & Maymirth, Promis Block.

Houses to Rent

FOR SALE OR LEASE—Six roomed house, six acres orchard, quantity small fruits. Newcomb, Swan Lake.

TO RENT—7 room house, Fern street, just off Port, new, good basement, nice garden. Apply A. B. McNeill, 619 Trousseau avenue.

TO LET—From 5th June, 5 roomed cottage, on Douglas street, in good locality. Apply 635 Superior street.

TO LET—New eight roomed house, Fern street, four bedrooms, near car, all conveniences. Apply evenings, 1008 Fort St.

TO LET—Nicely furnished cottage, 1340 Alfred street, near corner of Stanley avenue, 6 rooms, bath, pantry, all modern conveniences. For further particulars apply to 1238 Alfred street.

TO LET—Good 7 room house, Hillside avenue, close to Douglas street, \$21, including furniture. H. H. Jones, Room 20, Promis Block.

TO LET—A quiet home in the country for a convalescent. Apply Box 245, Times Office.

TO LET—First-class modern house, on car line, immediate double, a Gladstone and set of double harness; also lady's and gentlemen's saddles. Apply 2322 Douglas street.

Houses for Sale

FOR SALE—New modern 7 roomed house, central, on car line, a snap, must sell. Apply owner, 464 Gorge road.

FOR SALE—Six room house, bath and pantry, lot 10x100, on car line, near Douglas street, price \$1,300, easy terms. Reid & Maymirth, Promis Block.

GOOD HOUSES, cottages, lots and acreage, at reasonable prices. Hodgson, real estate, 1232 Douglas St., upstairs.

FOR SALE—7 room house, pantry, bath, scullery, hall, store and barn. P. Bugling, Lampson street.

A SNAP—12 roomed house, beautifully finished, with all modern improvements, \$4,000, easy terms; also up-to-date 8 roomed house, on Park boulevard. Choice lots, fronting Park, cannot be blocked out, two minutes walk to water front, 10 minutes to Post Office. Apply Oliphant, corner Vancouver street and Park boulevard.

CHEAP BUY—7 room house, Caledonia Ave., brick foundation, close in, all conveniences, \$2,800. Apply A. B. McNeill, Trousseau Ave.

FOR SALE—New cottage and 2 lots, Hereward street, \$1,000; 3 lots, Oak Bay North, \$600 the 3. Apply F. J. Blittan, 325 Bastion Square.

FOR SALE—Pretty, well built bungalow (new), four rooms, hall, bath, pantry, hot and cold water, sewer connections, electric light, 117 St. Lawrence, adjoining Dallas road, close to car line. Apply 147 St. Lawrence street, or to owner, T. M. Sturges, 73 Hillside Ave.

FOR SALE—Five roomed house, furnished, on car line, close to good barn, close to car. Apply to Owner, 466 Burnside road; easy terms.

FOR SALE—A snap, 4 roomed cottage, in splendid condition, beautiful garden and all sized lot, \$900 cash and balance on terms to suit. Apply 38 View street.

Houses Wanted

WANTED—To purchase, in Oak Bay district, a modern bungalow with about 25 bearing fruit trees. Northwest Real Estate, 715 Yates St.

Lots for Sale

OWNER MUST SACRIFICE LOT in North Vancouver; paid \$500, will accept \$100 cash. Apply Box 333, Times Office.

SPECIAL SNAP—Lot on Albert street near Jubilee hospital, price \$200. Reid & Maymirth, Room 9, Promis Block.

FOR SALE—Several beautifully placed lots at reservoir site on Smith Hill, magnificent views, \$600 each; quarter down, balance either on easy terms or mortgage. No. 460, Times Office.

SIDNEY—Owner wishes to sell 10 acres good land, all clear, fenced with wire, 1/4 mile from Sidney station, 1/4 mile from school, cheap for immediate sale. Apply Box 68, P. O. Victoria.

Lost and Found

LOST—On Tuesday, lady's small open face silver watch, with black leather strap, leaf chain. Reward for return to Room 62, Clarence Hotel.

LOST—A long brown purse, with strap, containing a receipt, a sum of money, and a ticket to Vancouver. Reward for finder at Times Office.

Property for Sale

A SNAP—110 acres fronting on a living stream, only seven miles from the city, a beauty spot. Apply Box 338, Times Office.

FOR SALE OR RENT—1/2 acre of land and substantial brick building with cement floor, situated on Carry road and lately occupied by the Victoria Creamery Association; also 1/2 h. p. boiler, in first-class condition for sale. Apply A. G. Snelling, Victoria Creamery, Johnson St., Victoria.

FARM FOR SALE—138 acres, all good land, 20 acres cleared, 40 fruit trees, good barn, outbuildings, furnished cottage of 5 rooms, horse and light wagon, farming implements, 3 head of cattle, chickens, geese; this is a bargain at \$4,600. Inquire No. 739 Fort street.

TIMBER—Before buying or selling timber in B. C. call and see my list, comprising more than 100 of the best properties, aggregating a total cut of twenty-five billion (25,000,000,000) feet. A. T. Prampston, Mahon Bldg., Victoria. Phone 1058.

Miscellaneous

THE LATEST sheet metal electric signs. J. Market, maker, Victoria, B. C.

Miscellaneous Goods for Sale

HANDSOME White sewing machine, works lovely, with attachments, \$12. Room 4, 1217 Broad street.

FOR SALE—5 Shasta Brick & Lime shares. Apply Box 359, Times Office.

CROCKERY—Restaurants, dealers and others, we have a large quantity, cheap. Fletcher, cor. Fort and Blanchard Sts.

FOR SALE—Good 18-foot s. h. d. gasoline launch complete with auto spark, Schebler carburetor, new batteries, etc., cushions, oars, pump, etc., in first-class driving order. Apply P. O. Box 191, or 1018 Government street.

GENT'S SINGER BICYCLE FOR SALE—Almost new. Plimley Auto Co., 813 Government St., opposite Post Office.

FOR SALE—A heavy draught team, new wagon and harness; also one 4-year-old mare and colt. Can be seen after 5 o'clock in the evening. J. Nichol, Foul Bay.

A LAUNCH FOR SALE—5 ft. 6 in. beam, 21 ft. long, in good order, will sell cheap. 419 St. Lawrence street.

FOR SALE—Fine oak dresser, Kensington art squares, oak rockers, folding bed, tripod camera, hand decorated china, etc. 88 Dallas road.

FOR SALE—A buggy top, spring wagon and a five-tooth cultivator. Apply Box 343, Times Office.

FOR SALE—Fine family rig, reversible seat for four persons. 615 Cook street.

FOR SALE—A bargain, lady's bicycle, best English make, in perfect condition. Box 71, Times Office.

AUTOMOBILE—4-passenger car, practically new, in first-class running order, new tires; will exchange for real estate. Times Box No. 354.

FOR SALE—Brand new rubber tired buggy, 2 seats, in use only, very cheap. 122 Gladstone Ave.

FOR SALE—Team standard bred mares, drive well, single and double; a Gladstone and set of double harness; also lady's and gentlemen's saddles. Apply 2322 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—21-foot launch, equipped with 3 h. p. Lister motor in good condition. Inquire 2709 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Boiler, 36 inches diameter, 14 feet long, 28 tubes; also wood sawing and chopping machine. Apply B. C. Land Co.

NEW OR SECOND-HAND BICYCLES, or anything for bicycles; catalogue free. Bicycle Mission, Toronto.

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy and harness. Mrs. Bailey, Old Esquimalt road, Victoria West.

FOR SALE—A few new buggies, latest style, second-hand buggies, wagons and cars, two good fresh calves and cows; also all kinds of horses. Apply at J. J. Fisher's Carriage Shop, 463 Discovery street.

FOR SALE—Small brougham, with pole and shafts. Apply to Catchman, Fernwood, Cadboro Bay road.

SLAB WOOD FOR SALE—Mill slabs cut into short lengths at \$2.00 per cord delivered to any part of city. Taylor-Pattison Mill Co., Ltd., Phone No. 26. Orders also taken at John's Bros. Store.

FOR SALE—Mandolin, \$4.00; single barrel shotgun, 12 bore, \$5; leather valise, \$5; large field glass, and compass, \$7.50; 27.75; bicycle, Cleveland, coaster brake, \$17.50. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 57 Johnson street, four doors below Government. Phone 1741.

Money to Loan

MONEY TO LOAN—on first mortgage. Reid & Maymirth, Promis Block.

Rooms and Board

TO LET—Furnished rooms, bath and phone. 923 Collinson street, 5 minutes from Post Office.

TO RENT—Well furnished room, in new, modern house, 361 Broughton, cor. of Quadra.

GOOD BOARD and large rooms, suitable for gentleman and wife. Menzies St.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—New house, Park Boulevard, Beacon Hill. Mrs. Klaus.

FURNISHED ROOMS, 249 Fort street, with bath and phone, 1015 Fort street.

FURNISHED—Or with board. The Pandoras.

TO LET—Two airy furnished rooms, with electric light, bath and phone, 1015 Fort street, cor. 1024 Vancouver street.

TO LET—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, suitable for housekeeping. Apply to 1223 Government street.

TO LET—Pleasant furnished housekeeping rooms, also single rooms; board if desired; use of bath; rates very reasonable. 1218 North Park street.

TO LET—Room and board, with private family, moderate terms. Cook St.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET. Apply 245 Russell street, Victoria West.

FOR RENT—Furnished room; bedroom, with electric light and bathroom. Apply 525 Superior street.

TO LET—Large front room, bungalow, new, furnishings new, 143 Government street, near Park.

LARGE, furnished, sunny room, with bath, for one or two gentlemen; no other roomers; central. 327 Cormorant, second house above Blanchard.

FURNISHED ROOM—Would be pleased to rent a furnished room to one or two ladies; bath. 360 Collinson street.

TO LET—Furnished rooms and board, piano and phone. Bellevue, Quebec St., third house from Parliament Buildings.

TO LET—Board and room for one or two young gentlemen, in private family, terms moderate. Apply 31 St. James street.

PRINCE RUPERT HOUSE, Bastion Square. Furnished housekeeping and single rooms.

Stock and Poultry

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

FOR SALE—3 Heifers, cheap. Apply Mrs. Jacques, Canteen road, Esquimalt.

FOR SALE—Large geese and goslings, bronze turkeys and poultry, Featherston, Cedar Hill road, via Mount Tomlin.

FOR SALE—White Plymouth Rock, Fishel strain. Eggs and stock from prize winners. Mrs. Griffiths, Snow-view Poultry Yards, Maywood P. O.

ETC., ETC.

DICKSON & HOWES

HOLMES & GREEN

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. 575 YATES ST., PHONE 1688.

##

"Unlike all Others."—Cymbeline. A. I. S. T.

GILBEY'S

PURVEYORS TO HIS MAJESTY, KING EDWARD.

CASTLE BRAND IRISH WHISKY, per bottle \$1.25
 SPEY ROYAL SCOTCH, per bottle \$1.25
 STRATHMILL SCOTCH, per bottle \$1.25
 WHITE RUM, per bottle \$1.25
 PLYMOUTH GIN, per quart bottle, \$1; pint 50c
 DRY GIN, per quart bottle, \$1; pint 50c
 CHAMPAGNE COGNAC, quart, \$1; pint 50c
 INVALID PORT WINE, per bottle \$1.25
 MONTELLA SHERRY, per bottle \$1.25
 WHITE PORT WINE, per bottle \$1.25
 BEAUNE BURGUNDY, quart bottle \$1.25
 CHAMBERLAIN, pint bottle 75c
 HOCHREITER, quart bottle, \$1; pint 50c

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

UP-TO-DATE GROCERS.

137 GOVERNMENT ST. TELS. 52, 1052 AND 1590

PHONE 1737

718 FORT ST.

THE**Ann Brown Trading Co.**

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUATORS

BUY, SELL,

EXCHANGE

Furniture, Tools,

Bicycles, Books,

Etc.

Remember the Address

718 FORT STREET

Messrs. Stewart Williams & Co.

AUCTIONEERS

Instructed by MRS. J. W.

JAMES to sell at her residence, 1935

HARD STREET, —ON—

FRIDAY, May 22nd

At 11 o'clock sharp,

AND CONTINUE ON

SATURDAY, The 23rd

At 11 a.m.

THE WHOLE OF HER

VALUABLE AND WELL KEPT

FURNITURE

CHINAWARE, ENGRAVINGS,

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, ETC.

Including:

DRAWING ROOM—A Very Handsome

Upholstered Cherry Wood Suite of Pieces,

Old English Mahogany Table with Marble

Top, Occasional Table, Japanese Screen,

Several Marble Statuettes, Old English

Lustre Chandeliers, Engravings, Jar-

ringers, Ornaments, Handsome Lace

Curtains, Brussels Carpets, Rugs, etc.

DINING ROOM—Very Fine Walnut Ex-

tension Table (4 ft. 6 in.), Walnut Chairs, Bed

Lounge, Rockers, Arm Chair, Old Eng-

lish Fender and Irons, Porcelain, Auster-

day Clock, Handsome British Plate

Mirror, Ornaments, Prints, Brussels Car-

pets, etc.

SITTING ROOM—Upholstered Walnut

Suite of Pieces, Rocker, 2 Oak Tables,

Lure, Mirror, Very Handsome Walnut

Breakfast Room, Writing Table, Combed,

Organ, Record, Pictures, etc.

HALL—Walnut, Oak, Rock, Umbrella

Stand, Japanese Clock, Silk Carpet and

Brass Boots, Pictures, etc.

BEDROOM—Handsome Walnut Ward-

robe, Old Mahogany Bed and Box Mat-

tress, Mahogany Ward, Walnut Chairs,

Bureau, Table, Ware, Trunk, Old Eng-

lish Mirror, Couch, Child's Cot, Feather

Mattresses and Pillows, Curtains, Brussels

Carpets, Rugs, etc.

KITCHEN—Range, Extension

Table, Kitchen Table, Gasplate, Clock,

Cooking Utensils, Jam Jars, Linoleum,

etc.

Set English Harness, Buggy, Quantity

Tools, Very Fine Old English Copper Ket-

tle, Copper Pot, Brass Jam Kettle,

Awnings, Matt, Safe, Curry Combs, Har-

ness Blacking, Horse Cloths, etc.

CHINAWARE—Very Handsome Hand

Painted Dinner and Dessert Service (100

Pieces), Hand Painted Tea Set, Limoges

Tea Set, Afternoon Tea Set, Hand Painted

China Jugs, Large Quantity Glassware

(cut), Electro Plate Ware of all kinds, in-

cluding Teapots, Cruet Stands, Knives,

Forks, Spoons, etc.

And a large quantity of other goods too

numerous to mention here.

On view Thursday, May the 21st, at 10

o'clock a.m.

The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams

FURNITURE

We have everything and anything you

may require in that home of yours in

Furniture and Household Effects, and

can save you money. Some exceptional

bargains in Cook Stoves and Ranges.

WANTED—Some good second-hand cook

stoves. Highest prices paid.

W. C. KERE - 710 Yates St.

Est. 1886 3 Doors Above Douglas.

WATCH OUR WINDOWS FOR

Builders' Hardware Display.

IF YOU ARE BUILDING

WE CAN FIT YOU OUT FROM GARRET TO CELLAR WITH

THE BEST OF HARDWARE, AT THE MOST

MODERATE PRICE.

B. C. HARDWARE CO., LTD.

COR. YATES AND BROAD STS. P. O. BOX 683

10c PRICE SURGERY ON
CANNED VEGETABLES
10c

Corn, Peas and Tomatoes

Per Tin Only 10c

The West End Grocery Co. Ltd.

42 Government St. Phone 88.

FRESH OREGAN AND STRAWBERRIES DAILY.

CAMERON LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED

As soon as necessary legal formalities can be complied with, the corporate name of THE TAYLOR-PATTON MILL CO., LTD., will be changed to the style "CAMERON LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED."

LUMBER MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS

Large stock of all classes of lumber, shingles, lath and moldings always carried, and doors, sash and other mill work furnished on short notice. Best equipped dry kiln and steaming process for drying pitch.

Our business motto is "THE BEST MATERIAL. PROMPT DELIVERY. COURTEOUS TREATMENT AND REASONABLE PRICES."

MILLS, YARD AND OFFICE,

ON VICTORIA ARM, AT THE END OF GARBALLY RD.

VICTORIA, B. C. TELEPHONE NO. 864

FLOUR, RICE, POTATOES.

The best on the market at prices which are not in the combina.

HUNGARIAN FLOUR, at \$1.75 per sack; POTATOES, at \$1.50 per

sack; RICE, at \$2.00 per sack. Free delivery.

SYLVESTER FEED CO., 709 YATES STREET

FLAGS! FLAGS!

UNION JACKS, BRITISH FLAGS, CANADIAN ENSIGNS, RED

AND BLUE AMERICAN ENSIGNS.

BEST WOOL BUNTINGS.

RED, WHITE, BLUE, GREEN, YELLOW

FOR SALE BY

PETER McQUADE & SON

1214 Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.

MANY MATTERS**BEFORE BOARD****PARKS AFFAIRS ARE****UNDER DISCUSSION**

By-Laws for Running of

Board and Protection of

Boulevards and Parks.

Many and varied were the subjects

dealt with at a meeting of the parks

board held last evening. One of the

most important matters that came up

was the reading of two by-laws pre-

pared by W. J. Dowler, secretary of

the board, one dealing with the run-

ning of the board's affairs, and the

other providing for the protection of

the boulevards and grass plots in the

parks. Those by-laws were referred to

a committee which will report on them

to the next meeting of the board.

A feature of the meeting was the op-

position of Ald. Henderson to a re-

quest that certain trees on Mears street

be removed to make way for the

boulevard. This discussion on the

matter showed more or less of a re-

verse of the position regarding the de-

struction of trees taken by the various

members of the board at previous meet-

ings, but this, it was pointed out, was

a special case and Ald. Henderson's

ground for objection was the action now

in the court regarding a tree on Rock-

land avenue. As soon as this has been

decided the fate of the trees on Mears

street will be decided by the board.

As they now stand it is about

impossible to make a boulevard.

The following petition, signed by J.

Watson and others, was read, having

been referred to the board by the city

council to whom it was addressed:

"We, the hereinafter subscribed, being

ratepayers and property owners, hav-

ing heard that a petition is about to

be laid before you requesting changes

being made in laying out the Central or

North Ward park, i.e., that you dis-

continue grading for walks and flower

plots and leave the ground in suitable

condition for athletic games: We beg

that you will continue your original

plans and design to beautify the

grounds with walks, shrubs, etc."

"We would remind you that when the

ratepayers voted the money to pur-

chase this particular land it was un-

derstood to be for a park and not a

ground for playing games such as lac-

rosse and baseball."

The letter was received and filed and

the writers are to be informed that the

matter will be given due consideration.

A letter from the F. W. Fiske Iron

shall be transacted, how goods are to

be ordered and what are to be the

duties of the two officials.

The two by-laws were referred to a

committee consisting of Ald. Cameron

and Messrs. Pemberton and Wilkerson,

who will go into them and report to

the next meeting of the board.

A financial statement setting forth

the affairs of the board up to May

16th was read, showing that out of

the total appropriation for parks board

purposes of \$7,900 made by the council,

there has already been spent \$2,144,

leaving a balance for the rest of the

year of \$5,756. All the accounts for the

year, paid and unpaid were presented

and, with the financial statement, re-

ferred to the committee appointed to

deal with the by-laws.

When the accounts were being run

through Mr. Arbutnot took strong ob-

jection to an item from the Taylor Mill

Company for lumber for which the

price charged was \$28. This, Mr. Ar-

butnot said, was a ridiculous figure. His

firm were shipping lumber to the

prizes at a cost of \$10 per thousand

and were selling it at \$21 and \$22

there.

The Mayor explained that the city

this year had no contract for lumber,

all the firms having refused to tender

when offers were advertised for. Con-

sequently the city had no contract

price to guide them in the matter.

Ald. Henderson suggested that now

that the market was a little easier it

might be a good idea to call for ten-

ders again.

There was considerable discussion

over the Taylor company's bill in

which it was pointed out that the lum-

ber supplied was what was known as

double dressed. The bill will be sent

back to the company.

As for some reason the pay roll had

not been forwarded to the board, Mr.

England was authorized to certify to

it, after which it is to be paid.

A ballot was taken on the names of

Alexander Angus, Thomas Purdy and

D. D. England for the position of

superintendent of parks and boule-

vards, with the result that Mr. Eng-

land was appointed.

An offer from Mr. Pemberton of some

Spanish broom was accepted, with

thanks.

Mr. Wilkerson reported that in re-

sponse to a letter from Vancouver, he

had gone over and had found that he

had been advised was the case, that

the shipment of shrubs, etc., from Le-

vassaur et Fils of Paris had arrived

there in extremely bad condition, hav-

ing been damaged in transit by over-

heating, most likely by being put in a

hot hold on board ship. He had picked

out three cases which were not so bad-

ly damaged as the others and had of-

fered the company \$50 as the freight

on these, leaving the charges on the

remainder to be settled later. He was

in communication with the transporta-

tion company and would know the ex-

tent of the board's liability in the mat-

ter in the course of a day or so. He

might point out, however, that a ship-

ment from the same firm had arrived

in Vancouver about 10 days before the

one for the board and had been found

to be in perfect condition. This was

found to be the Okanagan. He knew

of three shipments which had also been

received in Seattle recently, of which

two were in perfect condition, and an-

other was absolutely useless.

The matter was left with Mr. Wil-

kerson to settle.

Mr. Wilkerson drew attention to the

fact that the board's appropriation for

North Ward park had not been ex-

ceeded. The original figure had not been

reduced in proportion to the reduction

in the board's total appropriation by

the city council.

Mr. Arbutnot explained that he had

gone to the park with Mr. Nelson and

they had decided that for the sake of

a little extra money it would not be wise

to stop work and let what had already

been accomplished go to waste.

The question of maintenance of this

park came up, but nothing was done.

While some members were of the opin-

ion that it would take one man all his

time looking after it, others thought

that one man's work for three days a

week would be sufficient.

Mr. Wilkerson asked about the adop-

tion of plans for North Ward park

but Mr. Pemberton remarked that

there was no use dealing with them at

present as the board had no more